



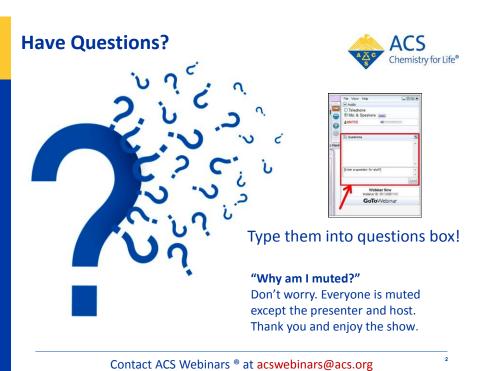
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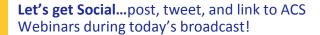
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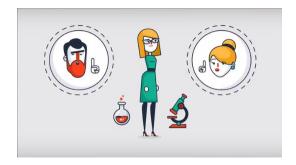
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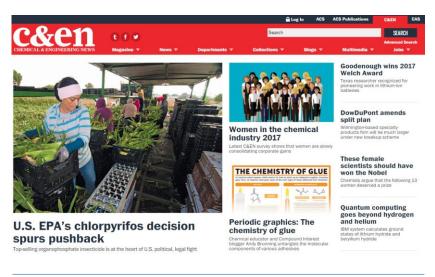
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Volume 95 Issue 24 | pp. 22-23 | C&EN Talks With

The secret to great wine? Organic chemistry.

Wine chemist Andrew Waterhouse talks about teaching a generation of winemakers

By Bethany Halford



For Andrew L. Waterhouse, being tasked with wine selection when having drinks with family, friends, or inquisitive journalists is something of an occupational hazard. "It's just part of the job," the professor of viticulture and enology at the University of California,

It's a good bet that Waterhouse will pick a winning wine. He's widely respected for his expansive knowledge of wine chemistry and has educated a generation of winemakers during his 26 years teaching in UC Davis's world-renowned program.

But Waterhouse hasn't always been a wine connoisseur. With training in natural product synthesis, he started his career at a different school teaching organic chemistry primarily to premed students and researching conformational analysis of polysaccharides. One day, while paging through C&EN



• Education: Ph.D., synthetic organic chemistry, University of California, Berkeley

Hometown: Davis, Calif.

- · Professional highlight: Honorary doctorate from the University of Bordeaux, a school with a wine program that dates back to 1880, the same year the viticulture and enology program started at the University of
- Acetaldehyde, which is a key wine oxidation product
- · Favorite way to enjoy a glass of wine: Barrel sampling with
- Favorite city: Ljubljana, Slovenia. "The food is wonderful; things are organized; there are many excellent local wines to taste and not too many tourists."

http://cen.acs.org/articles/95/i24/Organic-chemistry-The-secret-to-great-wine.html





"What Makes Wine Tick: Key Reactions that Create this Delightful Beverage"



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What Makes Wine Tick:

Key Reactions that Create this Delightful Beverage



Andrew L. Waterhouse



Audience Challenge Question

ANSWER THE OUESTION ON BLUE SCREEN IN ONE MOMENT



The sugars in grapes include:

- sucrose
- maltose
- glucose
- aspartame



1.

3-Mercaptohexanol (3-MH)

- A "grapefruity" thiol that defines NZ Sauvignon blanc
- There is Zero 3-MH in the fruit!
- Formation involves
 - Harvesting fruit damage
 - Addition of sulfites "to prevent oxidation"
 - At least two fermentative transformations
- **Each step** reveals wine chemistry



Step One – Oxidation

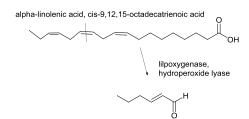
- Video of mechanical harvesting
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v =AF8VMDX2FVo
- 0:21-0:35



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Oxidation Reaction

- The grape precursor: linolenic acid
- Result: a,β unsaturated aldehyde
 - Typical fatty acid auto oxidation

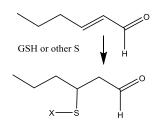






Step 2: Michael Addition to Hexenal

- Glutathione, 40 mg/L
 - Juice
- Sulfites, HSO₃-
 - At hopper, ~50 mg/Kg



- Other possibilities
 - Cysteine
 - □ H₂S, formed in fermentation
- Nucleophile inventory in wine?



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Audience Challenge Question

ANSWER THE QUESTION ON BLUE SCREEN IN ONE MOMENT

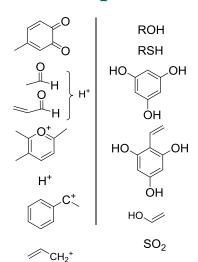


Which is a Nucleophile in Wine?

- Tartaric Acid
- Ethyl acetate
- Sulfur dioxide
- · Gallic acid

Electrophiles and Nucleophiles

- Common reactive moieties
- Wine pH:
 □ 3.0-4.0
- Slow is OK!





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Acetaldehyde and "Phloroglucinol"

 Formation of modified tannins to make wine tannins via hydroxyalkylation



Thiol and Quinone

- Quinone formed by oxidation
- Rapid reaction with S nucleophile
- Formation of modified catechol



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Audience Challenge Question

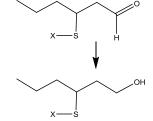


ANSWER THE QUESTION ON BLUE SCREEN IN ONE MOMENT

Which is a key intermediate in ethanol formation?

- acetaldehyde
- glycerol
- · acetic acid
- Δ⁹-THC (delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol)

Step 3: Aldehyde Reduction to Alcohol



Aldehyde to Alcohol

- Ethanol Fermentation
 - All arises from Acetaldehyde



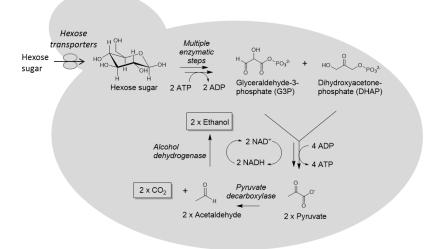
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Electron Acceptor Needed

- Fermentation: glycolysis
 - □ Hexose + 2 ADP \rightarrow 2 Ethanol + 2 CO₂ + 2 ATP
- Oxygen not available as eacceptor
- Need to convert NADH to NAD*
- Acetaldehyde is reduced to EtOH



Glycolysis Pathway





Waterhouse, Sacks & Jeffery, Understanding Wine Chemistry, Wiley, 2016

Yeast: Aldehyde Reduction



- Vanillin Reduction
 - Abundant in Bourbon
- Yeast reduce vanillin to alcohol
 - Barrel fermented wine



Old Winemakers Trick

- After fermentation
- Rack off fresh wine (decant)
 - Yeast lees at bottom of tank
 - □ 50-100 lbs

Add old "oxidized" wine

- Methional (cooked cabbage)
- Mix with yeast
 - □ "New" wine



CH₃SCH₂CH₂CHO

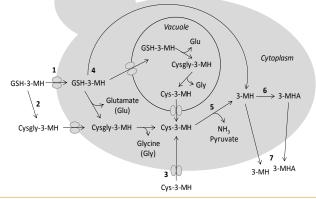
CH₃SCH₂CH₂CH₂OH

Step 4: Thiol Formation

- Cleave sulfides to thiols
- New Ideas
 - Sulfonate reduction
 - $\ \square \ H_2S$ addition to hexenal



Thiolysis Pathway - Option 1



1, GSH transporter encoded by OPT1 enables uptake of GSH-3-MH; 2, y-glutamyltranspeptidase cleavage of glutamate and transport of Cysgly-3-MH; 3, general amino acid transporter encoded by GAP1 for uptake of Cys-3-MH; 4, metabolism of GSH-3-MH to 3-MH either directly, or step-wise via other precursors; 5, cleavage of 3-MH from Cys-3-MH by carbon-sulfur lyase; 6, acetylation of 3-MH by alcohol acetyltransferase (AAT) to afford 3-MHA; 7, unknown mechanism leads to volatile thiol release into wine.



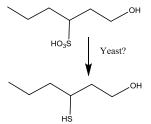
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Sulfonate Reduction? Option 2

- Sulfonic Acids
 - Not easily reduced



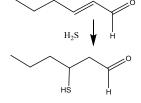
□ Increase 3-MH 400%!







H₂S Addition to Hexenal? Option 3



- Increase of 3-MH early in fermentation
 - Yeast make H₂S
 - Hexenal not all reduced yet
- Reduction of aldehyde to alcohol



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Audience Challenge Question



ANSWER THE QUESTION ON BLUE SCREEN IN ONE MOMENT

During aging, esters:

- Hydrolyze (decrease)
- Form (increase)
- Are stable
- All of the above

Step 5: Acetylation of 3-MH

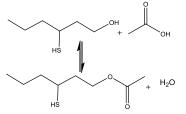
- Alcohols are partially acetylated during fermentation
- Many acetate esters
 - Isoamyl acetate (banana)
 - Isobutyl acetate (cherry)
 - Hexyl acetate (apple)
 - □ 3-MHA (passion fruit, guava, tropical)



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3-MHA is Important for NZ wines

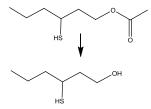
- When new, wines have a notable tropical fruit aroma
 - Dissipates over time
 - 3-MHA is lost; negl 3-MH loss
 - How to preserve this aroma?







How to Prevent Ester Hydrolysis?



- Wine is pH 3.5
 - Any change will alter taste dramatically
- Current solution
 - Keep wine cold till shipped, slow rxn



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Aging: Loss of Thiols to Oxidation

- General loss of fruity aroma
- Can be mitigated by addition:
 - □ SO₂, ascorbic acid or GSH
 - Basic wine preservatives
- What reactions occur?



General Wine Oxidation Pathway

$$O_2$$
 + O_2 + O_2 O_3 + O_4 O_4 O_5 O_5 O_6 O_7 O_8 O_8

- Both steps require Fe/Cu catalysis
- Mechanism/s complex
 - Numerous redox active compounds
- Oxidation "prevented" by scavenging initial products



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Quinone Reaction Options



Oxidation Defines Shelf Life

Loss of fruity aromas

Quinones + 3-MH

- Formation of aldehydes
 - Ethanol to acetaldehyde
 - Strecker aldehydes
- Phenolics-antioxidants
 - React with quinones and aldehydes



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Preservatives Recover from Oxidation

- Preservatives
 - \square SO_2
 - Ascorbic Acid
 - Wine tannin (phloroglucinol)
- Scavenge quinones
 - Prevent loss of aromatic thiols
- Scavenge aldehydes



Summary

- Lipid oxidation
- Sulfur nucleophiles
- Aldehyde reduction by yeast
- Thiol release
- Loss of thiols to oxidation
- Ester hydrolysis



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Take Home

- Distinctive wine flavors
 - Complex formation
- Reactions
 - Reduction and oxidation
 - Acid catalysis slow;
 patience rewarded
- Classic reactions
 - Novelty is identifying importance





For More Information



- Understanding Wine Chemistry, Waterhouse, Sacks & Jeffery, Wiley, 2016
- The Science of Wine: From Vine to Glass, Jamie Goode, UC Press, 2014
- Principles and Practices of Winemaking, Boulton et al, Springer, 1999

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Acknowledgements

- David Jeffery, University of Adelaide
- Gavin Sacks, Cornell University
- Maria Nikolantonaki, University of Burgundy
- Ryan Elias, Penn State University
- Many others
- American Vineyard Foundation





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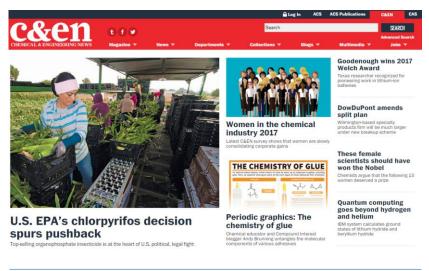


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