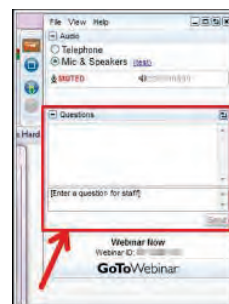


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Type them into questions box!

“Why am I muted?”

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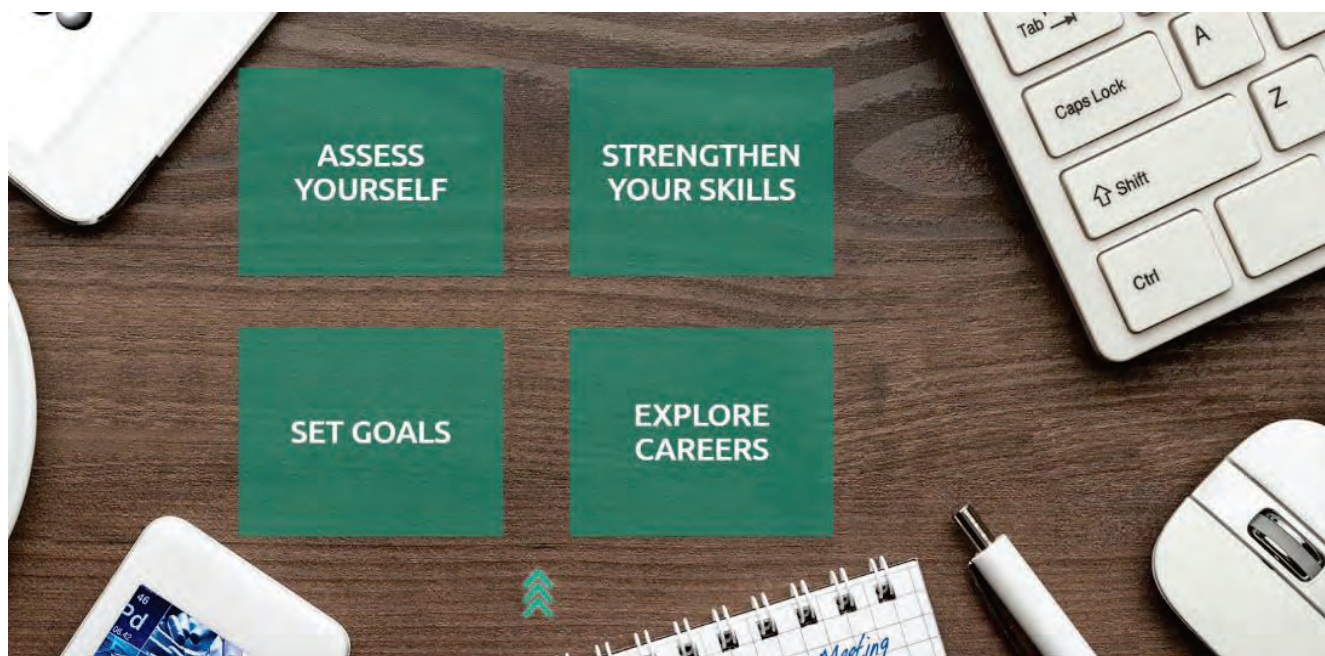


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COVID-19
Understanding the
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How this Coronavirus is (and isn't) Different From Other Viruses

THIS ACS WEBINAR WILL BEGIN SHORTLY...

11

How this Coronavirus is (and isn't) Different from Other Viruses



Brenda Hogue

Professor, School of Life Sciences, Arizona State University
and Associate Director of the Center for Immunotherapy,
Vaccines and Virotherapy, The Biodesign Institute



Kristin Omberg

Group Leader, Chemical and Biological Signatures
Science, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory



Susan Morrissey

Director of Communications,
American Chemical Society

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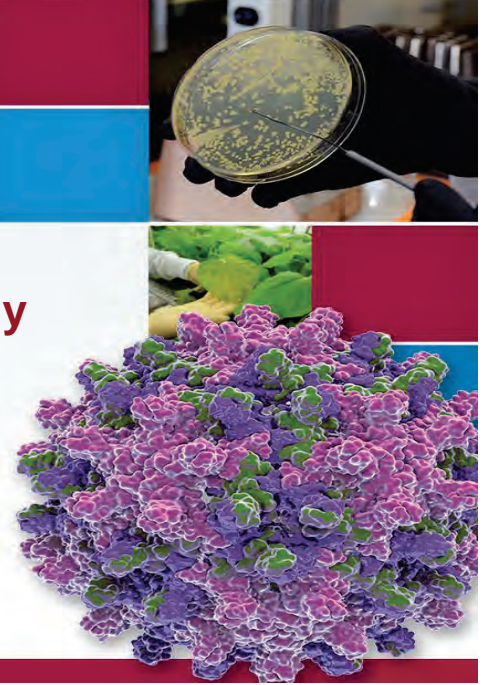
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12

SARS-CoV-2

How is it related to the larger coronavirus family

Brenda G. Hogue, Ph.D.
Professor
School of Life Sciences
Biodesign Institute
Center for Immunotherapy, Vaccines & Virotherapy
Center for Structural Discovery

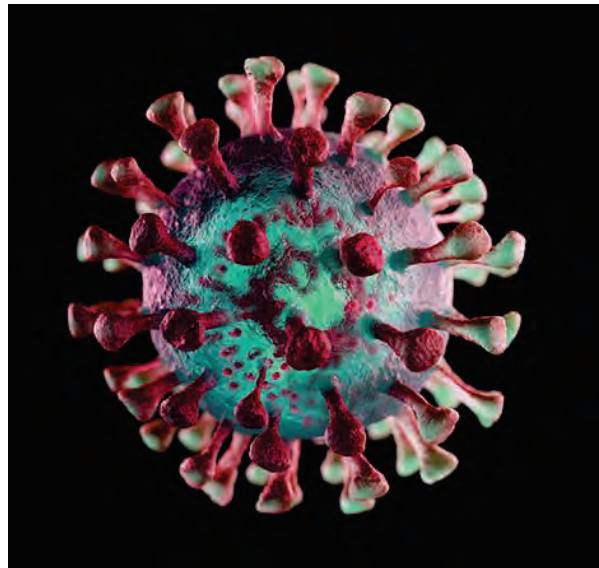


biodesign.asu.edu



Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)

- How SARS-CoV-2 is related to the larger coronavirus family.
- How SARS-CoV-2 is transmitted and how people can become infected.





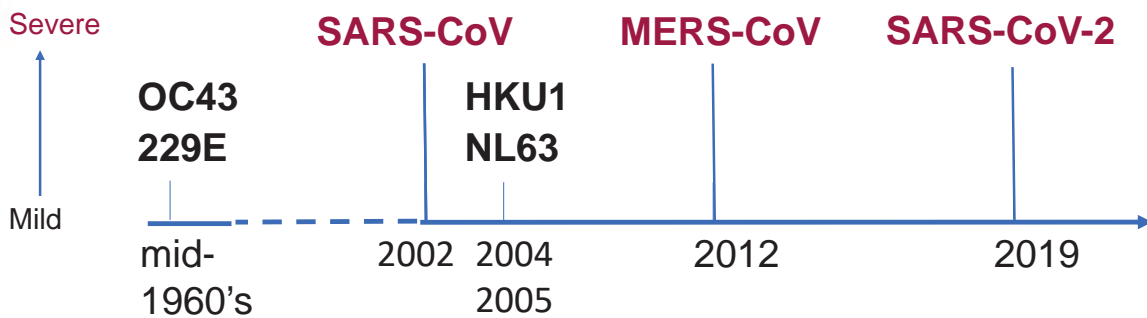
Coronaviridae



- Large family of RNA viruses
- Primarily enzootic infections in birds and mammals
- Diseases in humans and broad range of animals
- Numerous coronaviruses in bats worldwide



Human Coronaviruses



Respiratory infections

Common Colds

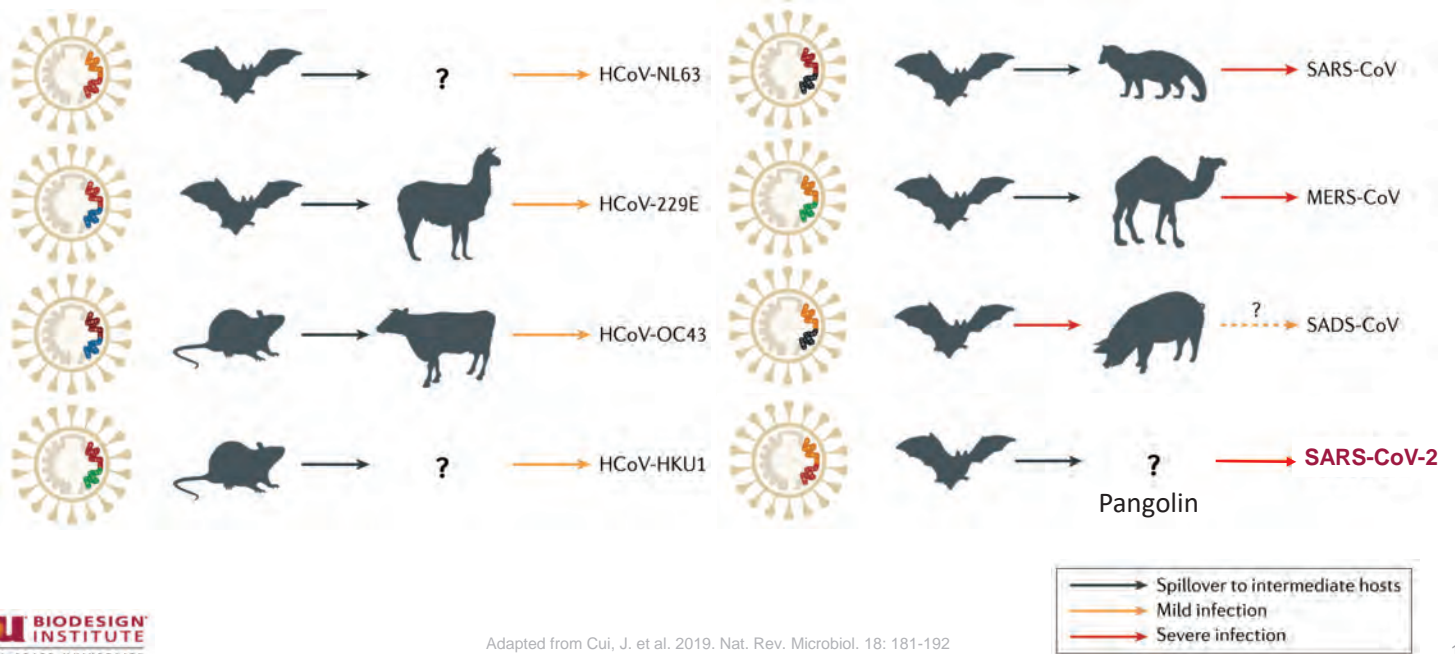
OC43
229E
HKU1 (Pneumonia)
NL63 (Croup)

Severe Disease Risk

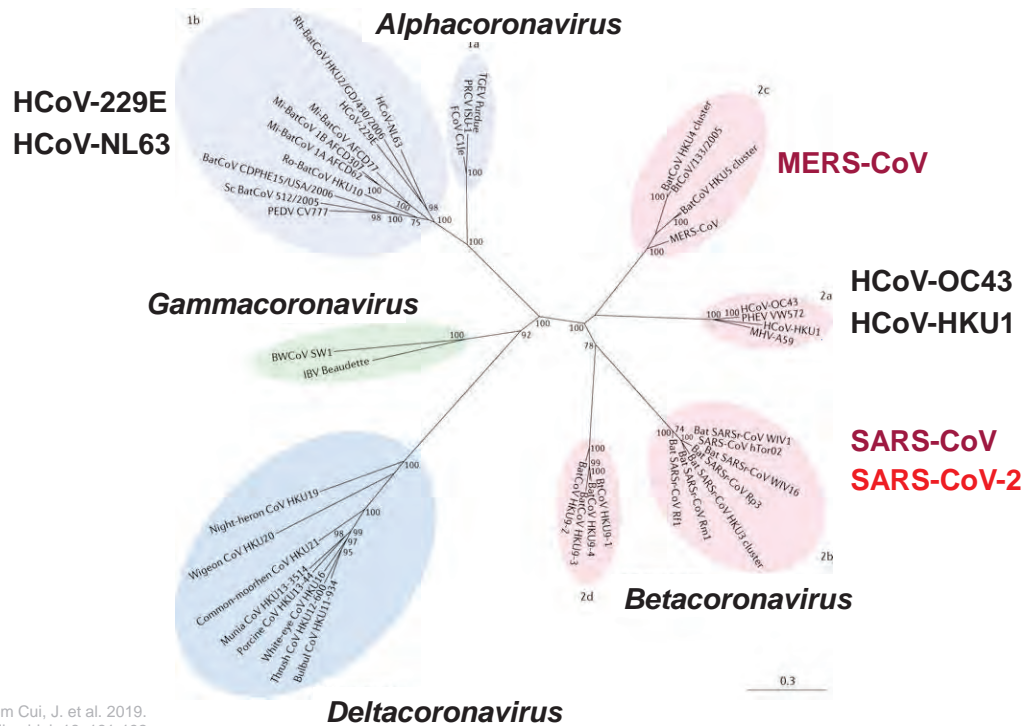
	Cases	Deaths	Risk
SARS	8,000	774	~10%
MERS	2,519	866	~30%
SARS-2	<u>4,174,651</u>	<u>285,945</u>	~6.8%



Coronavirus emergence to infect humans

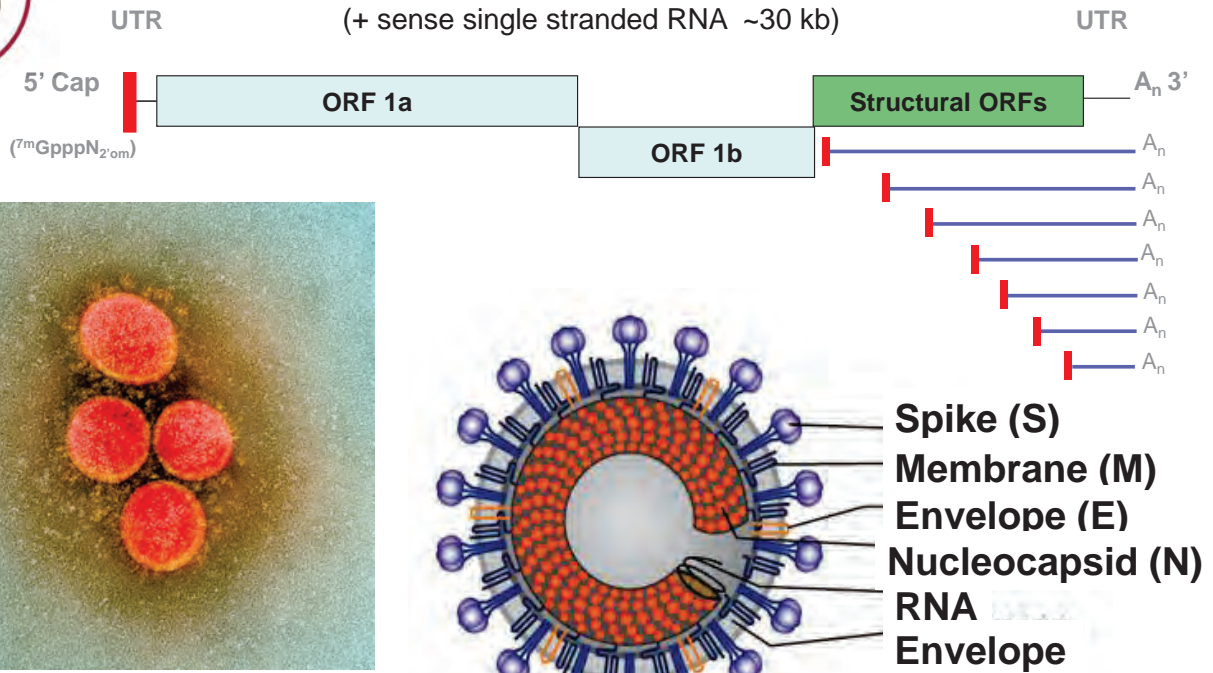


Coronavirus phylogenetic relationships



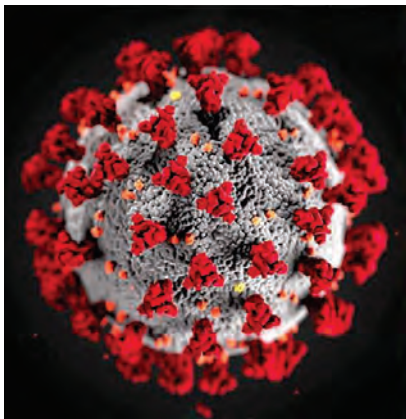


Coronaviruses (CoVs)



SARS-CoV-2 Transmission

Person-to-person spread



- Close contact (within ~6 feet)
- Exhaled droplets (coughs, sneezing, talking)
- Aerosols
- Contaminated surfaces

Audience Challenge Question

ANSWER THE QUESTION ON BLUE SCREEN IN ONE MOMENT



How does SARS-CoV-2 compare to the Measles and Influenza in regards to the average number of secondary cases from one infected individual?

- SARS-CoV-2 is greater than the Measles
- SARS-CoV-2 and the Measles are about the same
- SARS-CoV-2 has 4-5 times more than Influenza
- Influenza has 3-4 times more than SARS-CoV-2
- SARS-CoV-2 has 2-3 times more than Influenza

** If your answer differs greatly from the choices above tell us in the chat!*



Importance of the R_0

(reproduction number – average number of secondary cases from one infected individual)



Measles

>

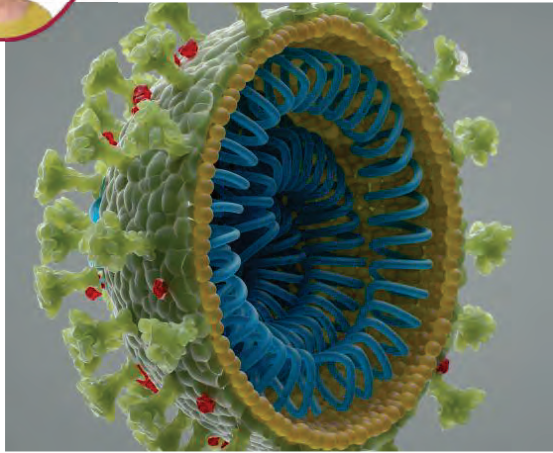
SARS-CoV-2

>

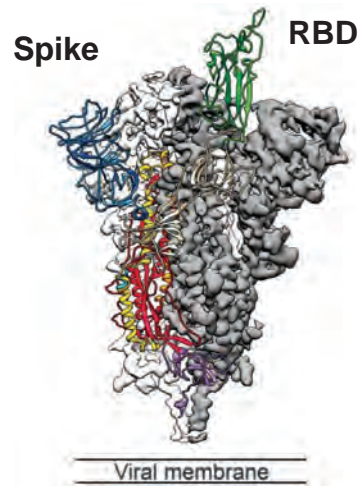
Influenza



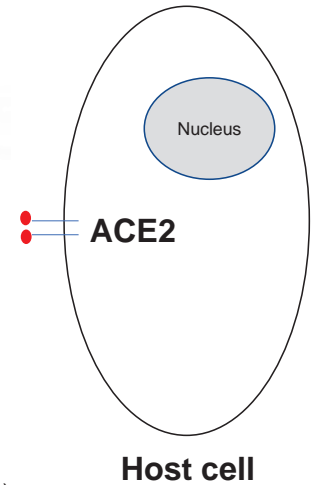
How coronaviruses initiate infection of host cells



(Andriy Onufriyenko – Getty Image)



(Wrapp, D. 2020. Science 367:1260-1263)



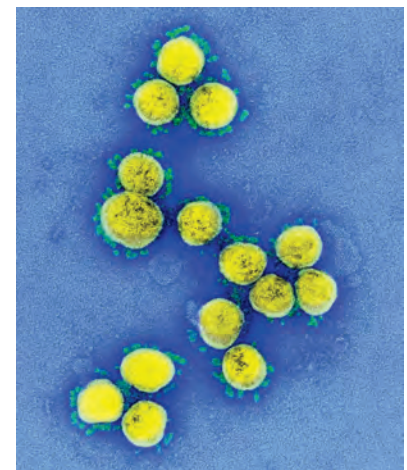
Percentage sequence identity with SARS-CoV-2

	S protein	N protein	M protein	E protein
SARS-CoV	76.0%	90.6%	90.1%	94.7%
MERS-COV	29.4%	45.9%	39.2%	34.1%



Summary

- Coronaviruses (CoVs) are a large family of viruses that infect humans and animals.
- SARS-CoV-2 is a new member of the family, closely related to bat coronaviruses & SARS-CoV.
- SARS-CoV-2 and other human CoVs emerged from animal hosts.
- SARS-CoV-2 is transmitted primarily person-to-person.
- SARS-CoV & SARS-CoV-2 spike (S) proteins bind ACE2 for entry into cells.
- Spike (S) is the primary antibody target during infection.
- Spike is a major target for vaccine development.



(NIH NIAID-RML)

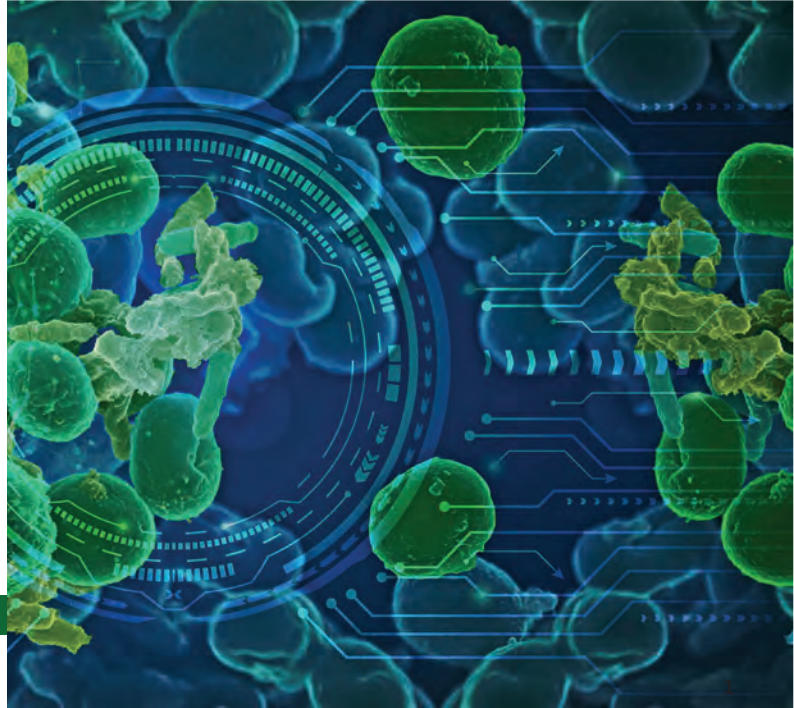


Kristin M. Omberg, PhD
Chemical & Biological Signatures Group
kristin.omberg@pnnl.gov

SARS-CoV-2: Detection & Disinfection



PNNL is operated by Battelle for the U.S. Department of Energy



Coronaviruses are enveloped, single-stranded RNA viruses

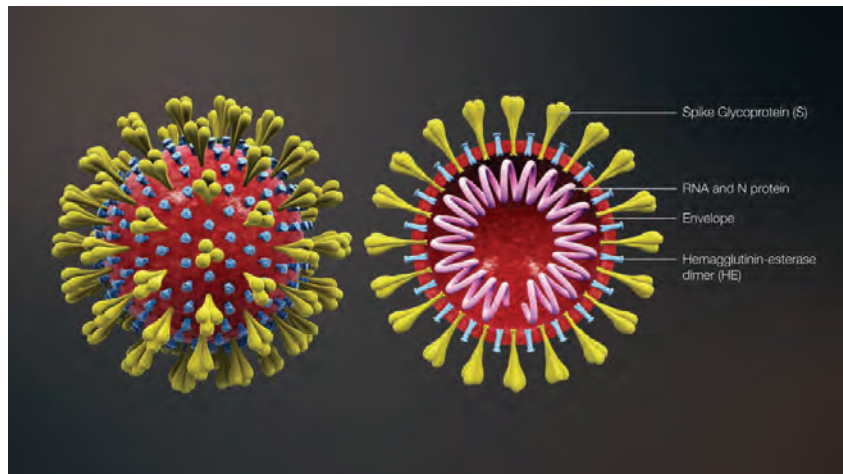


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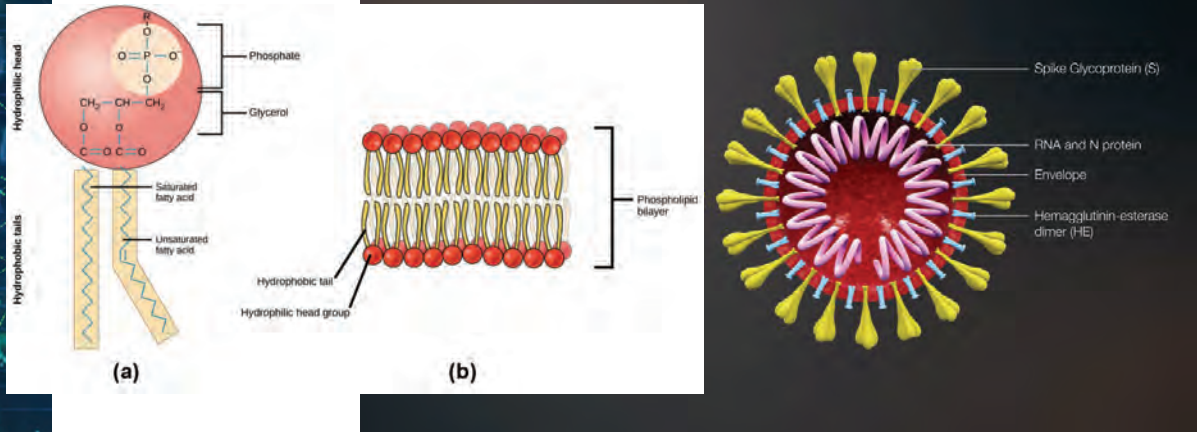


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3

Viruses are commonly detected two ways

- Nucleic acid sequence
 - Whole genome sequencing
 - Polymerase chain reaction
- Proteins
 - Immunoassay
 - Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA)
 - Lateral flow assay
 - Agglutination

4



Viruses are commonly detected two ways

- Nucleic acid sequence
 - Whole genome sequencing →
 - Polymerase chain reaction →
- Proteins
 - Immunoassay
 - Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) →
 - Lateral flow assay
 - Agglutination

5



Viruses are commonly detected two ways

- Nucleic acid sequence
 - Whole genome sequencing →
 - Polymerase chain reaction →
- Proteins
 - Immunoassay
 - Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA)
 - Lateral flow assay
 - Agglutination

Viremia and immune response following chikungunya virus infection

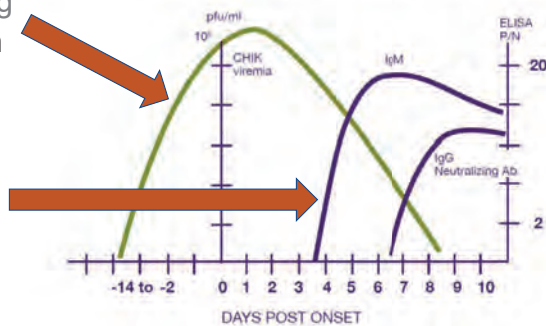
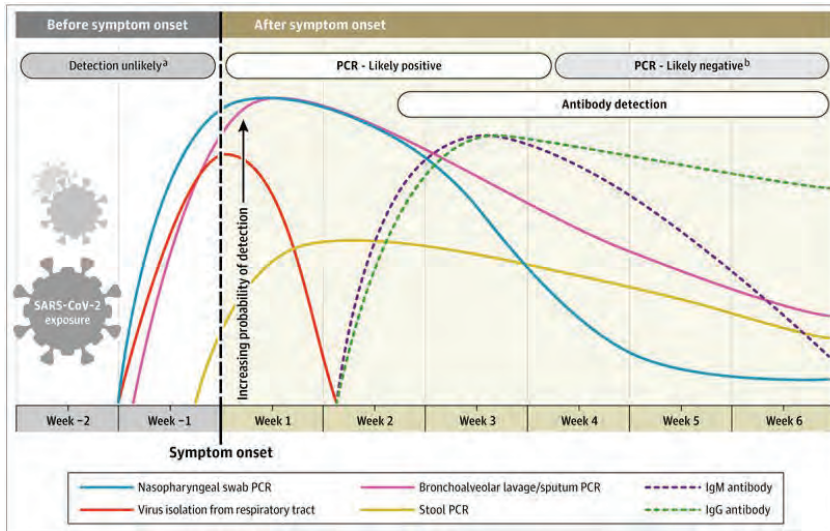


Image source: CDC, Division of Vector-Borne Diseases, Arboviral Diseases Branch

6

Estimated variation in diagnostic tests for SARS-CoV-2 relative to symptom onset



Sethuraman N, Jeremiah SS, Ryo A. Interpreting Diagnostic Tests for SARS-CoV-2. *JAMA*. Published online May 06, 2020. doi:10.1001/jama.2020.8259

7

Question for the audience?

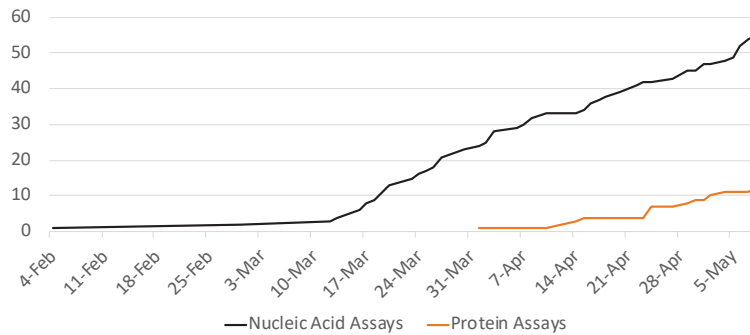
- Since January, US public health labs have run more than _____ the number of clinical tests run in a normal influenza (flu) season.
 - half
 - 2x
 - 5x
 - 8x
 - 10x

8



The number of authorized assays is growing

- February 4, 2020: First nucleic acid (PCR) assay authorized by FDA for emergency use
- April 1, 2020: First immunoassay authorized for emergency use



9



...but testing capacity lags...

Los Angeles Times

Newsletter: Coronavirus testing remains a weak spot

The Washington Post

Politics
Trump plays down coronavirus testing as U.S. falls far short of level scientists say is needed

CNN health Food Fit

It can still be hard to get a coronavirus test -- and that's not the only problem



By Dr. Sanjay Gupta, CNN Chief Medical Correspondent

Updated 9:38 AM ET, Sun May 10, 2020

10



US: >800,000 PCR tests since January 18

- US state and local public health labs report 808,000 in 6 months
- >10x number of flu tests performed by state and local public health each year

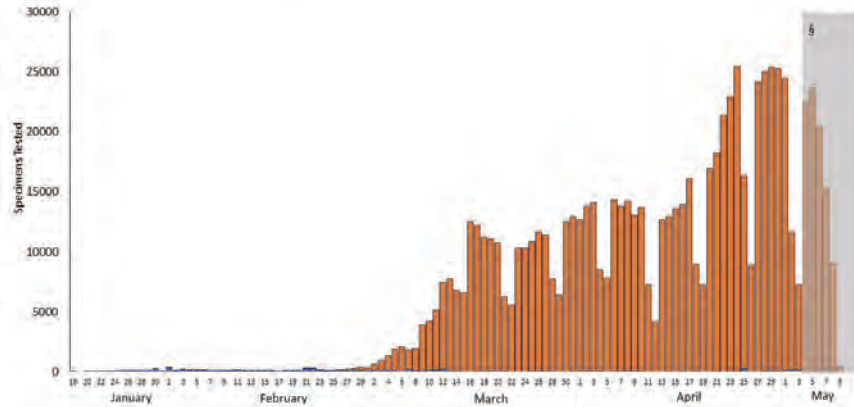


Image source: <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/cases-updates/testing-in-us.html>, May 11, 2020



CDC 2019-Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV) Real-Time RT-PCR Diagnostic Panel

For Emergency Use Only

Instructions for Use

**Catalog # 2019-nCoV-EUA-01
1000 reactions**

For In-vitro Diagnostic (IVD) Use

Rx Only

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
Division of Field Epidemiology
1600 Clifton Rd NE
Atlanta GA 30333



2020-05-18/19, Revision 3/1 CDC/2019-nCoV/Division of Field Epidemiology Effective: 3/18/2020

Materials Required (But Not Provided)

RNA Extraction Options
For each of the kits listed below, CDC has confirmed that the external lysis buffer is effective for inactivation of SARS-CoV-2.

Instrument/Manufacturer	Extraction Kit	Catalog No.	
QIAGEN	*QIAamp DSP Viral RNA Mini Kit	50 extractions (51904)	
	*QIAamp Viral RNA Mini Kit	50 extractions (52904) 250 extractions (52906)	
QIAGEN EZ1 Advanced XL	EZ1 DSP Virus Kit	48 extractions (62724) Buffer AVL (15073) EZ1 Advanced XL DSP Virus Card (9018703)	
	EZ1 Virus Mini Kit v2.0	48 extractions (955134) Buffer AVL (15073) EZ1 Advanced XL Virus Card v2.0 (9018708)	
	*Roche MagNA Pure LC	*Total Nucleic Acid Kit	192 extractions (03 038 505 001)
	*Roche MagNA Pure Compact	*Nucleic Acid Isolation K161	32 extractions (03 730 964 001)
*Roche MagNA Pure 96	*DNA and Viral NA Small Volume Kit	576 extractions (06 543 588 001) External Lysis Buffer (06 374 913 001)	
*QIAGEN QIAcube	*QIAamp DSP Viral RNA Mini Kit	50 extractions (51904)	
	*QIAamp Viral RNA Mini Kit	50 extractions (52904) 250 extractions (52906)	
Meridian Bioscience easyMAG and		EasyMAG* Magnetic Silica (280133) EasyMAG* Lysis Buffer (280134) EasyMAG* Lysis Buffer, 2 mL (200292) EasyMAG* Wash Buffers 1, 2, and 3 (280130, 280131, 280132) EasyMAG* Disposable (280135) Bioshield Pipette Tips (easyMAG* only) (280140) EMAG*1000µL Tips (418922)	

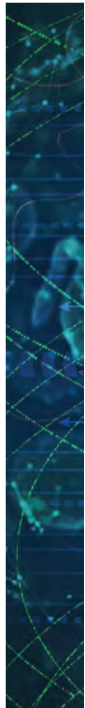
Equipment and Consumables Required (But Not Provided)

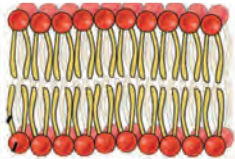
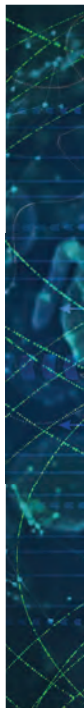
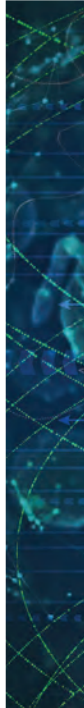
- Vortex mixer
- Microcentrifuge
- Micropipettes (2 or 10 µL, 200 µL and 1000 µL)
- Multi-limbed microcentrifuge (5-50 µL)
- Racks for 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tubes
- 2 x 196-well -20°C cold blocks
- 7500 Fast Dx Real-Time PCR Systems with SDS L4 software (Applied Biosystems; catalog #4406985 or #4406984)
- Extraction system (instrument): QIAGEN EZ1 Advanced XL
- Molecular grade water, nuclease free
- 10% bleach (1:10 dilution of commercial 5.25-6.0% hypochlorite bleach)
- DNAzol™ (Ambion, cat. #AM9800) or equivalent
- RNase Away™ (Fisher Scientific; cat. #01-236-21) or equivalent
- Disposable powder-free gloves and surgical gowns
- Aerosol barrier pipette tips
- 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tubes (DNA/RNA free)
- 0.2 mL PCR reaction plates (Applied Biosystems; catalog #4346906 or #4366932)
- MicroAmp Optical 8-cap Strips (Applied Biosystems; catalog #4323032)

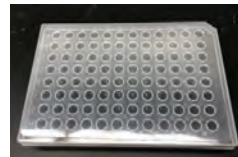
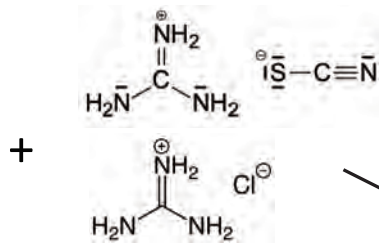
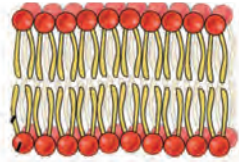
tion platforms for extraction of viral RNA were demonstrated with PCR Diagnostic Panel (K190302). Performance characteristics of SARS-CoV-2 have not been demonstrated.

is buffer used with this extraction method is effective for

inactivating agent in the lysis buffer used with this concentration to be within the range of concentrations 10⁻².









Persistence & Disinfection



Coronavirus genetic material stayed on surfaces for up to 17 days on Diamond Princess cruise, CDC says

David Oliver USA TODAY

Published 7:53 a.m. ET Mar. 24, 2020 | Updated 12:03 p.m. ET Mar. 26, 2020



StarTribune

Can the coronavirus live on surfaces outside the body, and for how long?

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

WORLD

In Sewage, Scientists Find Not Just Waste, But Coronavirus Clues

Traces of the new virus in wastewater can potentially bolster surveillance efforts as countries look to end lockdowns

- Presence of nucleic acid \neq presence of infectious virus
- Detection of infectious virus requires culture at BSL-3

19



Question for the audience

- True or False: enveloped viruses are harder to inactivate than non-enveloped viruses.
 - True
 - False

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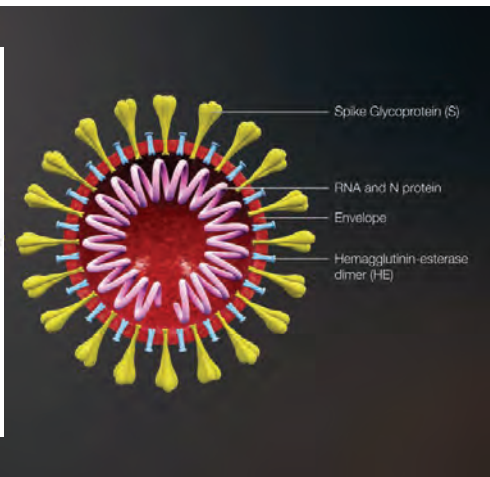
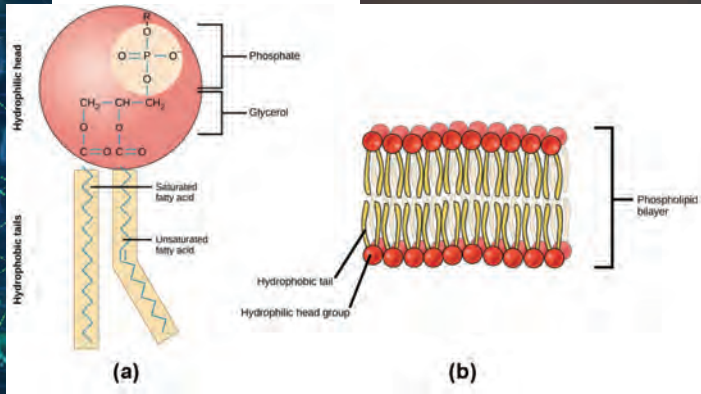
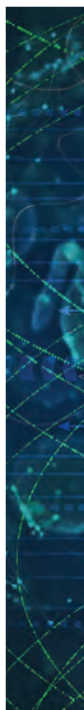


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How long does SARS-CoV-2 persist on surfaces?

- Viral persistence dependent upon
 - Temperature
 - Relative humidity
 - Ultraviolet light
 - Surface (e.g., stainless steel, plastic, wood)
 - Deposition liquid (e.g., saliva, mucus)



How long does SARS-CoV-2 persist on surfaces?

- Viral persistence dependent upon
 - Temperature
 - \uparrow temperature = \downarrow viability
 - Relative humidity
 - \uparrow relative humidity = \downarrow viability
 - Ultraviolet light
 - \uparrow UV = \downarrow viability
 - Surface (e.g., stainless steel, plastic, wood)
 - No significant difference between stainless and plastic
 - Deposition liquid (e.g., saliva, mucous)
- Half-lives of hours, consistent with other enveloped viruses

23



Disinfection

- 70% ethanol (hand sanitizer, 2 min contact): >99%
- 70% isopropyl alcohol (alcohol prep pads, 30 sec contact): >96%
- 1:20 household bleach (30 sec – 5 min contact): >96%

- Hydrogen peroxide, Lysol spray, peracetic acid, acidified bleach, quaternary ammonium cleaner (commonly used in hospital settings) under evaluation

- Updated periodically at <https://www.dhs.gov/publication/st-master-question-list-covid-19>

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- Soap is harder to evaluate in a controlled study
- Wash your hands anyway!

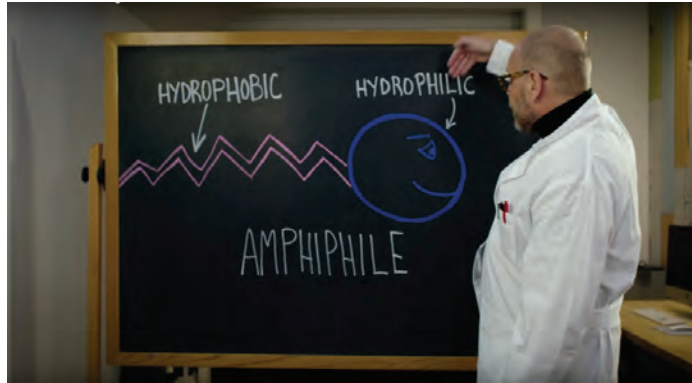


Image source: Alton Brown's YouTube Channel

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Wednesday, May 13, 2020 at 2-3pm ET

Speakers: Jonathan Lai, Albert Einstein College of Medicine and Raymond Forslund, Syner-G

Moderator: Courtney Aldrich, University of Minnesota and ACS Infectious Diseases

Register for Free!

What You Will Learn

- An overview of the virus and therapeutic strategies regarding vaccines, antivirals, serum strategies, and timelines as well as an understanding of why has this become a pandemic
- A review of past outbreaks with focus on lessons learned
- How drug discovery can affect the process and timelines for discovering vaccines

Co-produced with: ACS Science & the Congress



Thursday, May 14, 2020 at 2-3pm ET

Speakers: Supratik Guha, University of Chicago and Argonne National Laboratory and Yi Cui, Stanford University

Moderator: Laura Cassidy, American Chemical Society

Register for Free!

What You Will Learn

- What types of fabrics and household cloth are effective in particle filtration and why
- The basics of particle filtration and data on filtration efficiencies as a function of size for common fabrics that are used in cloth masks
- How to disinfect N95 masks and how many times you can do it without reducing filtration efficiency

Co-produced with: ACS External Affairs & Communications and ACS Publications



Friday, May 15, 2020 at 2-3pm ET

Speakers: Charles Bamforth, UC Davis

Moderator: Brian Guthrie, Cargill

Register for Free!

What You Will Learn

- What makes beer cloudy and is "turbid" a bad word in the beer world
- How the raw materials and processes influence the clarity of beer
- What is the technological approach to ensuring the desired clarity every time

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How this Coronavirus is (and isn't) Different from Other Viruses



Brenda Hogue

Professor, School of Life Sciences, Arizona State University and Associate Director of the Center for Immunotherapy, Vaccines and Virotherapy, The Biodesign Institute



Kristin Omberg

Group Leader, Chemical and Biological Signatures Science, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory



Susan Morrissey

Director of Communications, American Chemical Society

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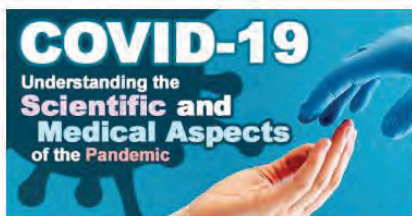
Mike Russell Erik

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Free ACS Webinars Every Weekday!

Coming this Week



Wednesday, May 13, 2020 at 2-3pm ET

Speakers: Jonathan Lai, Albert Einstein College of Medicine and Raymond Forslund, Syner-G

Moderator: Courtney Aldrich, University of Minnesota and ACS Infectious Diseases

[Register for Free!](#)

What You Will Learn

- An overview of the virus and therapeutic strategies regarding vaccines, antivirals, serum strategies, and timelines as well as an understanding of why has this become a pandemic
- A review of past outbreaks with focus on lessons learned
- How drug discovery can affect the process and timelines for discovering vaccines

Co-produced with: ACS Science & the Congress



Thursday, May 14, 2020 at 2-3pm ET

Speakers: Supratik Guha, University of Chicago and Argonne National Laboratory and Yi Cui, Stanford University

Moderator: Laura Cassidy, American Chemical Society

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What You Will Learn

- What types of fabrics and household cloth are effective in particle filtration and why
- The basics of particle filtration and data on filtration efficiencies as a function of size for common fabrics that are used in cloth masks
- How to disinfect N95 masks and how many times you can do it without reducing filtration efficiency

Co-produced with: ACS External Affairs & Communications and ACS Publications



Friday, May 15, 2020 at 2-3pm ET

Speakers: Charles Bamforth, UC Davis

Moderator: Brian Guthrie, Cargill

[Register for Free!](#)

What You Will Learn

- What makes beer cloudy and is "turbid" a bad word in the beer world
- How the raw materials and processes influence the clarity of beer
- What is the technological approach to ensuring the desired clarity every time

Co-produced with: ACS Division of Agricultural & Food Chemistry

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