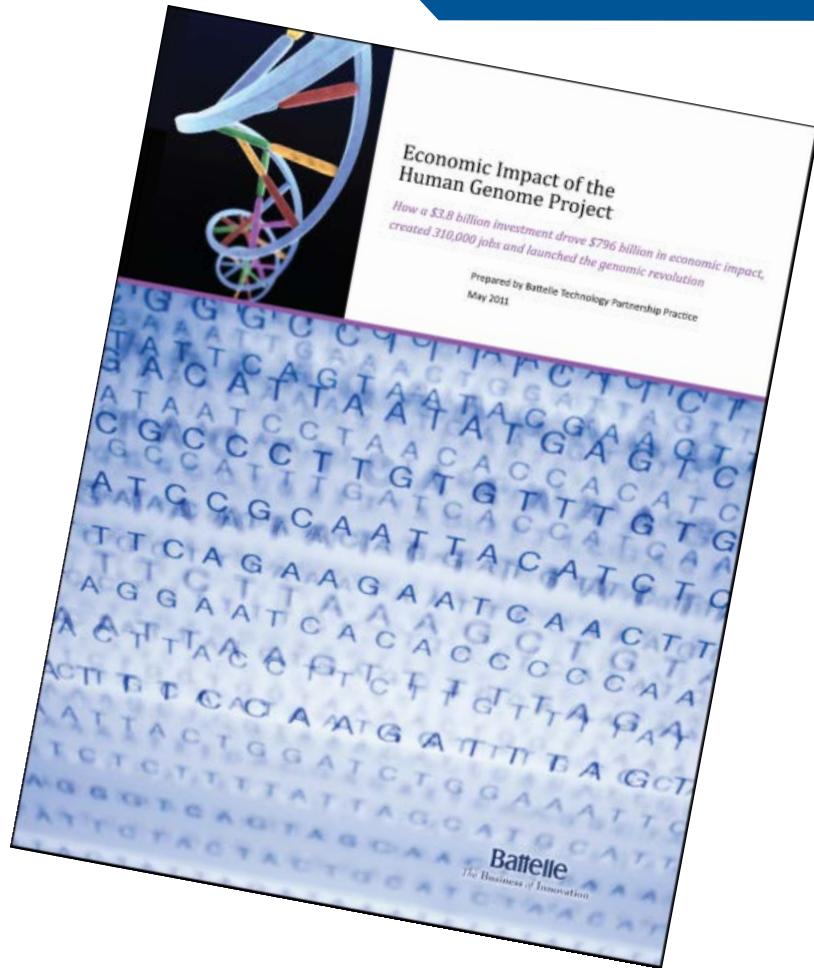


Research that Pays Off: The Economic Benefits of Federally Funded R&D

The Human Genome Project

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Technology Partnership Practice



- DNA's chemical language of four repeated letters A, T, G and C produces the complete compendium of life, staggering in its scale, diversity and complexity. From single cell organisms drifting in our oceans to sentient self-aware human beings, DNA codes all life on Earth.
- Mapping the complete genome of a human would provide a new view into the inner workings of the most complex and advanced organism on the planet. Some thought it simply could not be done.
- It took a multinational team, \$3.8 billion in federal funding, and 13 years...

The Human Genome Project

The Human Genome Project (HGP) refers to the international 13-year effort, formally begun in October 1990 and completed in 2003, to discover all human genes and make them accessible for further biological study. Another project goal was to determine the complete sequence of the 3 billion DNA subunits (bases in the human genome).

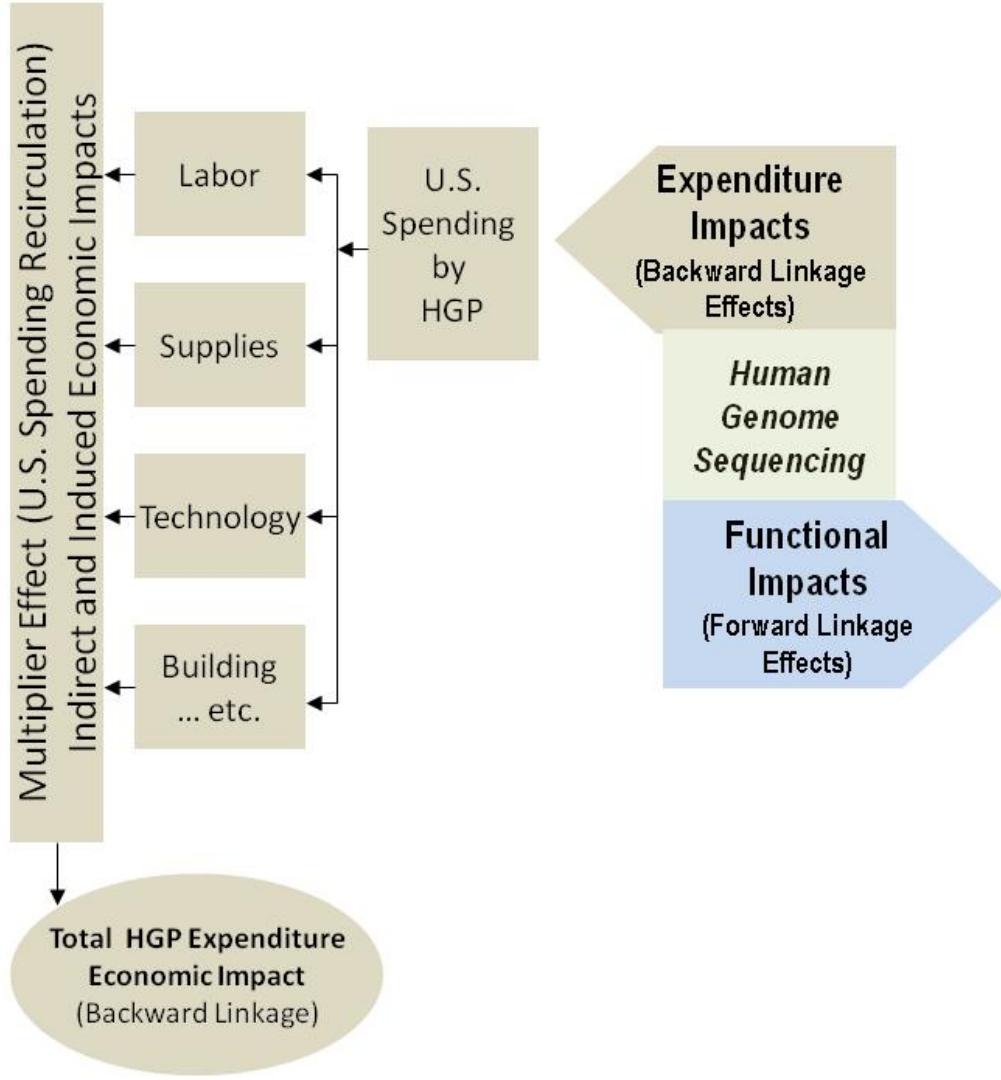
As part of the HGP, parallel studies were carried out on selected model organisms such as the bacterium *E. coli* and the mouse to help develop the technology and interpret human gene function. The DOE Human Genome Program and the NIH National Human Genome Research Institute (NHGRI) together sponsored the U.S. Human Genome Project."

Human Genome Project Information at
www.genomics.energy.gov.
Oak Ridge National Laboratory

1990	 Launch of the Human Genome Project
1991	
1992	
1993	
1994	 HGP produces detailed human genetic map DOE Microbial Genome Project begins
1995	 Physical map of the human genome completed
1996	 Mouse genetic map completed Yeast and Archaea genomes sequenced
1997	 E. coli genome sequenced
1998	 M. tuberculosis and C. elegans genomes sequenced Celera announces private sequencing operation SNP Initiative begins
1999	 Full-scale human genome sequencing
2000	 Working draft of the human genome sequence Drosophila and Arabidopsis genomes sequenced
2001	 First drafts of human genome sequence released
2002	 Mouse and Rice genomes sequenced International HapMap Project announced DOE Genomes to Life project launched
2003	 Human Genome Project completed ENCODE Program begins
2004	 Rat and Chicken genomes sequenced FDA approves first microarray for clinical use
2005	 Chimpanzee, Dog and Trypanosomatid genomes sequenced
2006	 Cancer Genome Atlas Project sequenced Rhesus macaque monkey genome sequenced NIH Genes and the Environment Initiative launched

U.S. Human Genome Project Federal Funding (in Millions \$)

Fiscal Year	DOE (Current \$)	NIH (Current \$)	U.S. Federal Total (Current \$)	U.S. Federal Total (Constant 2010 \$)
1988	10.7	17.2	27.9	54.0
1989	18.5	28.2	46.7	88.2
1990	27.2	59.5	86.7	160.0
1991				1988–2003 federal HGP spending totaled \$3.8 billion
1992				243.1
1993				289.5
1994				291.6
1995				321.2
1996	73.9	169.3	243.2	367.6
1997	77.9	188.9	266.8	390.5
1998	85.5	218.3	303.8	425.5
1999	89.9	225.7	315.6	448.5
2000	88.9	271.7	360.6	453.6
2001	86.4	308.4	394.8	490.1
2002	90.1	346.7	434.3	523.3
2003	64.2	372.8	437.0	548.4
Totals	1,015.0	2,785.8	3,798.3	5,647.9



- Scientific knowledge expansion and launching pad for further scientific progress
- Technological underpinning for future innovations and technologies
- Knowledge and technology advancing human health care (prevention, diagnostics and therapeutics)
- Knowledge and technology applied to multiple fields (e.g. veterinary medicine; industrial biotechnology; agricultural bioscience; environmental sustainability, etc.)
- Education and advanced education benefits
- Forensic science applications
- Additional functional impacts....

Impact of Genomics and Genomics-Enabled Industry Activity 2010

(in Millions, 2010 \$)

Impact	Employment (Jobs)	Personal Income	Output	State/Local Tax Revenue	Federal Tax Revenue
Direct Effect	51,655	5,577.2	22,627.5	212.3	952.2
Indirect Impacts	109,520	7,593.1	22,725.9	922.5	1,522.8
Induced Impacts	149,185	6,835.7	21,792.6	1,244.0	1,468.4
Total Impact	310,360	20,006.1	67,146.0	2,378.8	3,943.4
Impact Multiplier	6.01	3.59	2.97	11.21	4.14

In 2010 alone, genomics and associated research and industry activity directly and indirectly generated:

- \$67 billion in U.S. economic output
- \$20 billion in personal income for Americans
- 310 thousand jobs.

Cumulative Economic Impact of Human Genome Sequencing, 1988–2010 (in Billions, 2010 \$)

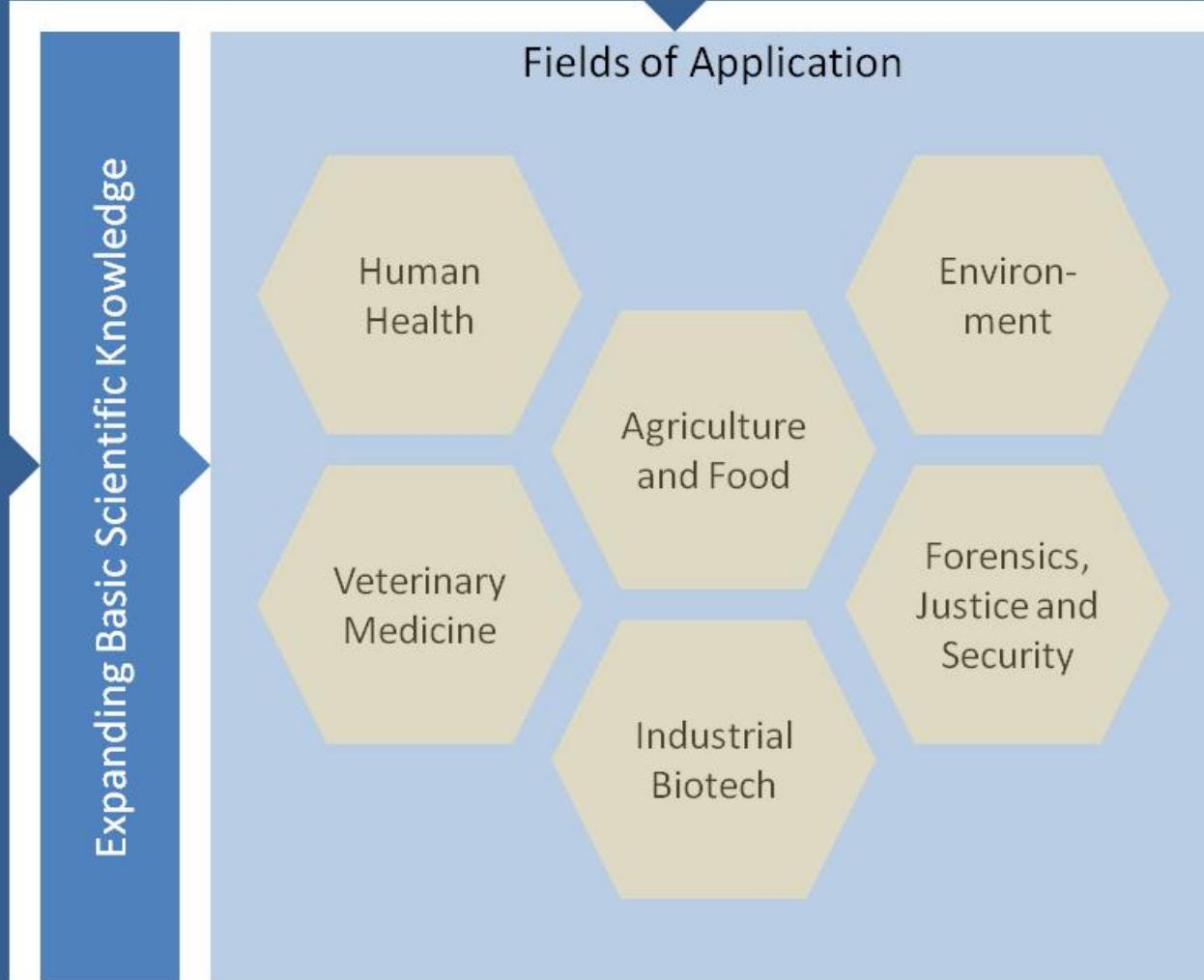
Impact	Personal Income	Output	State/Local Tax Revenue	Federal Tax Revenue
Direct Effect	71.4	264.8	3.5	13.0
Indirect Impacts	89.2	265.8	10.8	18.0
Induced Impacts	83.3	265.7	15.2	17.9
Total Impact	243.9	796.3	29.5	48.9
Impact Multiplier	3.42	3.01	8.37	3.75

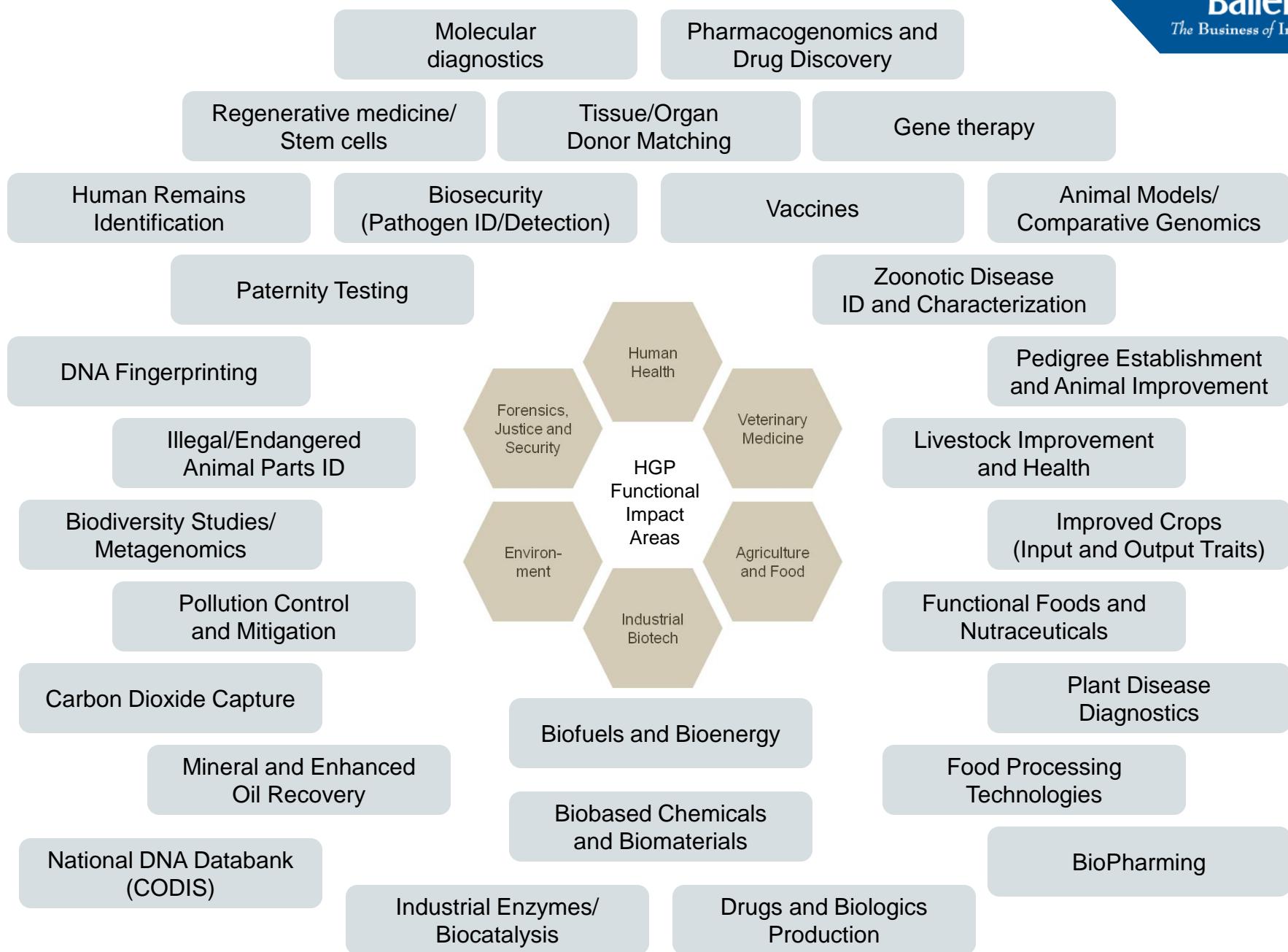
Between 1988 and 2010 the human genome sequencing projects and associated research and industry activity directly and indirectly generated:

- \$796 billion in U.S. economic output
- \$244 billion in personal income for Americans
- \$49 billion in federal taxes

The Functional Impacts of Genomics

Genetics and Genomics Tools, Technologies, Techniques and Services





"An investment in knowledge pays the best interest."

Benjamin Franklin

The sequencing of the human genome has generated a startling advance in our knowledge of fundamental biological structures and molecular processes, and that knowledge is paying great dividends today and opens broad new horizons for future development. Federal funding made that possible.

Battelle's full report on the Human Genome Project is available online at:

<http://www.genome.gov/27544383>

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- Technical Assistance and Problem Solving
- Program Design and Implementation Services
- Benchmarking
- Economic Impact Assessment

