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5



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https://chemidp.acs.org

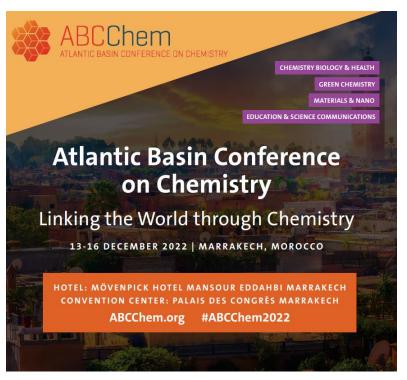
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9

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Chemistry for Life®

https://www.acs.org/content/acs/en/careers/personal-career-consulting.html

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10

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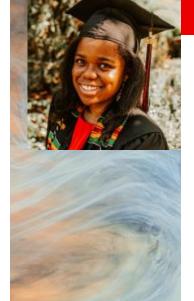


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11

## **ACS Scholar Adunoluwa Obisesan**

BS, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, June 2021 (Chemical-biological Engineering, Computer Science & Molecular Biology)



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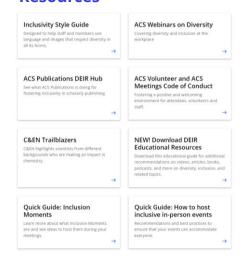


13

## **ACS OFFICE OF DEIR**

Advancing ACS' Core Value of Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Respect

#### Resources





## Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Respect \*\*Adapted from definitions from the Ford Foundation Center for Social Justice:

#### Equity\*\*

#### Dive

equality of opportunity, and identities and differences (race, fairness in access to information and resources for all. We believe orientation, gender identity, exthes is only possible in an environment built on respect and dignity. Equity requires the identification and elimination of barriers that have prevented the full participation of some groups.

#### Inclusion\*\*

actively inviting the contribution and participation of all people. Every person's voice adds value, and ACS strives to create balance in the face of power differences. In addition, no one person can or should be called upon to represent an entire community.

#### Respec

Ensures that each person is treated with professionalism, integrity, and ethics underpinning all interpersonal interactions.

https://www.acs.org/content/acs/en/about/diversity.html



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Thurs., Oct. 13, 2022 | 2:00pm-3:00pm ET

## 10 Tips for Publishing in ACS Journals

Co-produced with ACS on Campus and ACS Publications



Thurs., Oct. 20, 2022 | 2:00pm-3:15pm ET

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15



16



## Paragraph Description



A recent analysis of the current guidance from more than 100 academic institutions' Chemical Hygiene Plans (CHPs) indicates that the burden to implement laboratory reproductive health and safety practices is often placed on those already pregnant or planning conception. This report also found inconsistencies in the classification of potential reproductive toxins by resources generally considered to be authoritative, adding further confusion. This panel will discuss these findings reported in the Journal of American Chemical Society and provide environmental health and safety and medical perspectives on the questions that it raises.

Ralph

## **Learning Objectives**



- After this webinar, you will understand the current state of knowledge relative to the potential reproductive health impacts of laboratory work, including chemical, biological and physical concerns
- Identify questions that people considering pregnancy or currently pregnant should ask about their work in the laboratory
- How to find and evaluate literature resources related to reproductive health issues in the lab



19







## Audience Survey Question

ANSWER THE QUESTION ON THE INTERACTIVE SCREEN IN ONE MOMENT

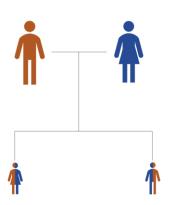
#### What are the barriers that you perceive to reporting a pregnancy by the lab workers?

- A) Concerns about impacts on professional development
- B) Concerns about being allowed to work in a laboratory
- C) Lack of scientific information about reproductive health risks with exotic material
- D) Social concerns related to pregnancy

<sup>\*</sup> If your answer differs greatly from the choices above **tell us in the questions window!** 

## Increased Attention to Lab Safety





- Over the past decade there have been significant efforts at improving laboratory safety
- Still a lack of clear guidance pertaining to reproductive health within laboratories
  - Reference material does not contain information. pertaining to reproductive health or information is conflicting between sources
  - Often framed as a female issue, when half of our genetics come from males



Pain, E. Pregnancy and the Lab--Feature Index https://www.sciencemag.org/careers/2006

(accessed Apr 7, 2021).

21

## **Current Information**



Reference material does not contain information pertaining to reproductive health or information is conflicting between sources



- Exposure of men or women to reproductive toxins can lead to:
  - Infertility
  - Reduced fertility
  - Genetic damage to germ cells
  - Pre-term birth
  - Low birth weight
  - Fetal central nervous system malformation
- Often framed as a female issue
  - Puts the onus on women to create safe working environments
  - Because reproductive health is a male and female issue, protecting just women is not sufficient



Pain, E. Pregnancy and the Lab--Feature Index https://www.sciencemag.org/careers/2006/04/pregna U.S. News and World Report. Best Chemistry Programs. https://www.usnews.com

(accessed Apr 7, 2021).

## Safety Models



<u>Unified protection</u> – universal model – safety model in which all workers follow the recommended guidelines for protection of the group which is most sensitive to chemical exposure

<u>Differentiated protection</u> – individualistic model – aims to protect the sensitive group by reducing only the exposure of that group

### Reasons why differentiated protection is not enough:

- · unplanned conception
- · when pregnancy is not immediately known
- · bioaccumulation effects



Hansson, S. O.; Schenk, L. *Eur. J. Risk Regul.* **2016**, 7, 404–412. Hansson, S. O. *J. Radiol. Prot.* **2009**, *29*, 211–218.

23

23

## **Available Information**



Chemical Hygiene Plans (CHPs) – a common first resource that a laboratory worker references to begin research on reproductive toxin exposure

- Purpose: safety manuals that inform laboratory workers of chemical dangers as well as proper workplace safety practices
- Required document by OSHA's Laboratory Standard
- · No requirement for who writes this document
- Data comes from various sources (often uncited)
- No required section on reproductive health allowing institutions to formulate their own guidance

Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Department of Chemistry

Chemical Hygiene Plan
and Safety Manual
2020

United States Department of Labor. Hazardous Chemicals in Labs. https://www.osha.gov/OshDoc/data\_General\_Factor (accessed Mar 26, 2021).

## Assessment of University CHPs





 CHPs from the top 100 ranked US graduate chemistry programs were assessed (105 were assessed due to ties in rankings)

#### **Accessibility**

Assessed by a Google search for "[school name] chemical hygiene plan" to see whether the CHP appeared in the first page of results

#### **Accessibility Results**

- · 87 appeared within the first page of results
- · 6 were found after further searching
- 12 were not found at all



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2

25

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#### **Reproductive Health within CHPs**

- 31 had a section on reproductive health safety within the Table of Contents
- 54 mentioned "pregnan[cy][t]" or "male [reproductive health]" (or both) anywhere in the document



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2

## Assessment of University CHPs



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#### Language within CHPs

- 17 only mentioned pregnancy
- 9 only mentioned male reproductive health
- 28 mentioned both female and male reproductive health



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27

27

## Reproductive Health Language within CHPs



#### The language used implies

- o reproductive health only affects certain groups
- o sensitive group should take on the responsibility creating a safe work environment

**General summary:** CHPs suggest the use of a differentiated protection model – which, as stated before, is not sufficient for protection of everyone



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28

## Additional Resources from CHPs



Reproductive health is a personal topic, so we wanted to further evaluate the discreet resources to see how well they advised researchers

#### Non-discreet resources:

- · Environmental Health and Safety office
- · Principal Investigator
- Primary Care Physician

#### **Discreet resources:**

- Safety Data Sheets (SDSs)
- NIOSH Pocket Guide (NPG)
- Proposition 65 (Prop. 65)
- · Lists of reproductive toxins within the CHPs









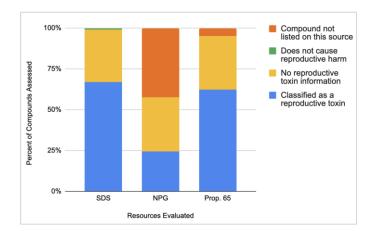
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29

## Comparison of Discreet Resources



· How the top 107 reproductive toxins from CHPs are classified via SDS, NPG, and Prop. 65





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3

## Common "Reproductive Toxins"



#### 14 most reported reproductive toxins from CHPs as well as their SDS, NPG, and Prop. 65 classification

CAS	Chemical Name	Occurrence in CHPs	Reproductive Information Found in			
			SDS	NPG	Prop. 65	
7439-92-1	lead	23				
75-15-0	carbon disulfide	23				
108-88-3	toluene	22				_ C
71-43-2	benzene	20				<ul> <li>Compound not listed on this sourc</li> </ul>
75-21-8	ethylene oxide	20				Does not cause
75-01-4	vinyl chloride	18				reproductive harm
96-12-8	1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane	18				No reproductive toxin information
7440-43-9	cadmium	16				Classified as a
75-12-7	formamide	16				reproductive toxin
109-86-4	ethylene glycol monomethyl ether	15				
1330-20-7	xylene	14				
50-00-0	formaldehyde	13				
50-18-0	cyclophosphamide	13				
67-66-3	chloroform	13				



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3

31

## Merits of Each Resource



### **Chemical Hygiene Plans** (CHPs)

Pros: available in all labs with hazardous chemicals

Cons: lack of expert oversight regarding contents

### Safety Data Sheets (SDSs)

Pros: available for all commercially available chemicals

Cons: lack of expert oversight regarding contents

#### NIOSH Pocket Guide (NPG)

**Pros:** contents provided by scientists/experts in the field, includes only chemicals that have PELs and RELs

**Cons:** not an inclusive list because only includes chemicals with PELs and RELs

#### **Proposition 65**

**Pros:** contents provided by scientists/experts in the field, includes all chemicals that could potentially be reproductive toxins

Cons: does not contain exposure limits



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32

## Conclusions and Recommendations



### Opportunities for improvement of university CHPs:

- All CHPs contain a section on reproductive health (using inclusive language)
- · Include recommended resources with explanations of how to best utilize each source

#### **General laboratory recommendations:**

 Help normalize conversations pertaining to reproductive health by having laboratory level discussions – help shift away from a differentiated safety model towards unified protection



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33

33







## Audience Survey Question ANSWER THE QUESTION ON THE INTERACTIVE SCREEN IN ONE MOMENT

#### Is the issue of reproductive health an important consideration for your laboratory group?

- A) We have not faced this issue before
- B) We have had concerns about this issue raised, but weren't sure how to address them
- C) We have people who researched this issue on their own and changed their laboratory practices as a result
- **D)** Our lab team discusses the issue as group, and we have a proactive plan for how to respond if someone in the laboratory becomes involved in a pregnancy

<sup>\*</sup> If your answer differs greatly from the choices above **tell us in the questions window!** 

## **Environmental Health and Safety Perspective**

### Robin Izzo, MS

Assistant Vice President
Environmental Health and Safety
Princeton University





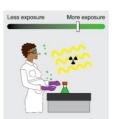
35

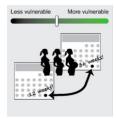
## RISK = f(Hazard, Exposure, Vulnerability)



- Control the hazard
  - Replace with less hazardous
- Control the exposure
  - Reduced time
  - Reduced quantity
  - Engineering controls
  - Personal protective equipment
    - · Respiratory protection
- Stage of pregnancy may matter









Graphic source: https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/acs.chemrestox.1c00380

## **Princeton EHS Process**



Initial Consultation

∟ab Review. Visit

EHS Repor

Discussions



Primer on Reproductive Toxins



**OPEN** 

or

CONFIDENTIAL



https://ehs.princeton.edu/

37

## Benefits of Sharing News



- Enables conversation
- Removes speculation
- Lab mates may take less risk and be more careful around the individual
- Able to discuss options for reducing risk, as appropriate





https://ehs.princeton.edu/

38

## **Princeton EHS Process**



Initial Consultation

Lab Review/ Visit

EHS Repor

Discussions

- · Visit is optional and can be confidential
- · Conditions, materials, operations
- Safety record for the lab
- · List of most commonly used chemicals





https://ehs.princeton.edu/

39

## **Princeton EHS Process**



Initial Consultation

Lab Review/

**EHS Report** 

Discussions

- Summary of known or suspected reproductive hazards
- Recommendations

https://ehs.princeton.edu/

 Information to share with OB/GYN, fertility, or healthcare providers

#### **ANTHRACENE**

- Crystalline material, white when pure, yellow/green/blue when impure. Not volatile.
- Skin contact may cause mild irritation. May cause photosensitivity upon skin contact.
- Toxicological information for anthracene specifically is limited. Due to its similarity
  of structure with benzo(a)pyrene, there is some concern that toxic effects may be
  similar.
- Anthracene is not listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, OSHA or ACGIH. However, benzo(a)pyrene is a suspected human carcinogen.

#### Issues for Pregnant Women

- Specific information is not available. Benzo(a)pyrene (BaP) is suspected to be embryotoxic and teratogenic.
- BaP has been shown to cause reduced fertility in animal studies.
- It is not known whether anthracene crosses into the placenta or leaches into breast milk.

#### Recommendations

- Wear gloves and eye protection when working with anthracene.
- Nitrile gloves offer good resistance to anthracene.
- Avoid direct exposure.

40

## **Princeton EHS Process**



Initial Consultation Lab Review Visit

EHS Report

**Discussions** 

- · Discuss recommendations with PI, supervisor, others
- · Provide tips for discussing with others in the lab

WITH OTHERS IN THE IAD

Fig. 1: Questions raised during pregnancy.

From: Pregnancy in the Iab

Consider options





41

## **Pregnancy and Stress**



Consider mental health, not just laboratory risk





https://ehs.princeton.edu/

42







## **Audience Survey Question**

ANSWER THE QUESTION ON THE INTERACTIVE SCREEN IN ONE MOMENT

#### Do you know who would consult about reproductive health issues in your lab?

- A) I would avoid discussing this concern with people in the lab, as it might impact their perception of my commitment to the group's work
- B) I am comfortable discussing this issue with my co-workers, but I wouldn't want to bring it to the
  attention of laboratory management
- C) I have discussed this issue with our laboratory manager and we share a common understanding of
  potential concerns
- D) I have reviewed my institution's reproductive health policies and support services and understand my rights and responsibilities in this regard

43

## Reproductive Assessments A Clinician Perspective

Rich Wittman, MD MPH

Medical Director,

Stanford University Occupational Health Center

rwittman@stanford.edu

Stanford | Environmental Health & Safety

Stanford University

<sup>\*</sup> If your answer differs greatly from the choices above **tell us in the questions window!** 

## **Practical Toxicology**





All substances are poisons; there is none which is not a poison. The right dose differentiates a poison from a remedy -- Paracelsus, 1567

- 2007: Jury rules against radio station after woman dies in water drinking contest
- 2012: Tragic case involving 12-year-old girl following a game of "water poker"

#### **Precautionary Principle**

- Protective actions can and should be taken before definitive proof has been established of potential harm from use of any
  chemical with suspected toxic impacts on human or environmental health
- In 2003, San Francisco became the first U.S. city to adopt a Precautionary Principle ordinance:

"Where threats of serious or irreversible damage to people or nature exist, lack of full scientific certainty about cause and effect shall not be viewed as sufficient reason for the City to postpone cost effective measures to prevent the degradation of the environment or protect the health of its citizens. Any gaps in scientific data uncovered by the examination of alternatives will provide a guidepost for future research but will not prevent protective action being taken by the City. As new scientific data become available, the City will review its decisions and make adjustments when warranted."



#### **Risk Stratification**

· Where does this leave us? Relying on common sense and pragmatism or worried/concerned?

Water Drinking Contest - https://abonews.go.com/GMA/jury-rules-radio-station-jennifer-strange-water-drinking/story?id=88 Water Poker - https://www.upi.com/Top\_News/World-News/2012/07/06/Girl-dies-from-consuming-too-much-water/UPI-38

45

45

## Describe the potential hazards present?





- A) Respiratory
- B) Dermal
- C) Ergonomic
- D) Noise / Vibration
- E) Emotional Stress



https://www.uib.no/en/rg/animalfacility/114106/gas-anesthesia-and-safety-issues

## Risk Stratification: Questions to Consider



- 1. What is the end point?
- 2. What is the outcome of interest?
- · Acute or chronic?
- 3. Contributing Factors
  - · Exposure Frequency and Chronicity
    - Daily activity versus sporadic or unique?
  - · Potential Routes and types of exposure
    - Respiratory vs dermal vs oral; fume vs dust vs liquid
  - · Lab Conditions
    - Local ventilation
    - PPE availability: Selection and compliance
  - · Personal risk factors
    - Age, underlying medical conditions, nutritional status

Chemical	Neoprene	Latex/Rubber	Butyl	Nitrile
Acetaldehyde*	VG	G	VG	G
Acetic acid	VG	VG	VG	VG
Acetone*	G	VG	VG	Р
Ammonium hydroxide	VG	VG	VG	VG
Amy acetate*	F	Р	F	Р
Aniline	G	F	F	Р
Benzaldehyde*	F	F	G	G
Benzene*	Р	Р	Р	F
Butyl acetate	G	F	F	Р
Butyl alcohol	VG	VG	VG	VG
Carbon disulfide	F	F	F	F
Carbon tetrachloride*	F	Р	Р	G
Castor oil	F	Р	F	VG
Chlorobenzene*	F	Р	F	Р
Chloroform*	G	Р	Р	F
Chloronaphthalene	F	Р	F	F
Chromic acid (50%)	F	Р	F	F
Citric acid (10%)	VG	VG	VG	VG
Cyclohexanol	G	F	G	VG
Dibutyl phthalate*	G	Р	G	G
Diesel fuel	G	Р	Р	VG
Diisobutyl ketone	Р	F	G	Р
Dimethylformamide	F	F	G	G
Dioctyl phthalate	G	Р	F	VG

Dioxane

Chemical Resistance Selection Chart for Protective Gloves



#### 4. Prevention requires a baseline awareness of the potential hazard, toxic or otherwise

• Soda and diabetes, Bleach and ammonia, Arsenic and brown rice (and this or this)

https://www.osha.gov/sites/default/files/publications/osha3151.pdf

47

47

## Health Impacts: Lead Exposure



- During pregnancy
  - Lead crosses placenta in plasma (1% of circulating maternal levels) most notably at 12-14 weeks
    - Miscarriage (BLL > 5.0), stillbirths; for men: oligospermia, loss of libido
  - Fetal lead exposure has an adverse effect on neurodevelopment
    - In utero exposure (maternal BLL 14): lower birth weight, neural tube defects, neuropsych effects
    - May be most pronounced in the first trimester
  - Childhood impact
    - Deficits in cognitive and academic skills associated with lead exposure occur at blood lead levels < 5 μg/dL (Langhear et al. Public Health Reports 2000 (115): 521-529)</li>
      - This includes diminished learning ability, memory, auditory and language processing
      - Aggression, hyperactivity, antisocial behaviors, impulsivity, distractibility
    - · Persist after controlling for SES, race, region. These effects persist through high school
      - No safe blood lead levels in children have been identified
- Later in life
  - Impact from lead mobilization due to osteoporotic bone resorption
    - -~ 1996 study compared women (mean age 70.5 years) with BLL >8  $\mu g/dl$  and BLL <3  $\mu g/dl$

(Muldoon SB, Cauley JA, Kuller LH, et al. 1996. Effects of blood lead levels on cognitive cognitive function of older women. Neuroepidemiology 15:62-72)

- » Slower reaction times
- » Poorer performance on cognitive measures

Ruh

## Reproductive Health Assessments: Barriers to Reporting



#### **DISCLOSURE BARRIERS**

- · Concerned about adverse impact on job
  - Short-term
    - » Viewed as working less or being less devoted to job
    - » Increased workload for coworkers
  - Longer-term
    - » Passed over for projects, promotions, salary raises
    - » Perception that will not be around due to childcare obligations or 2<sup>nd</sup> child/pregnancy
- · Personal intrusion
  - Coworkers knowing private matters
  - Want to wait until pregnancy clearly progressing, without miscarriage
- Guilt
  - Dual-sided: Supervisor and employee/student
- · Unaware or unanticipated pregnancy

#### **PROCESS BARRIERS**

- · Program or risk information not easily available
  - Unclear if confidential path for workplace reporting
- · Concerned about job removal if report

49



49

Reproductive Health Assessments: Role of the Occupational Health Clinician



#### **Trained in Hazard Identification**

- · Heavy metals / Organic Solvents / Anesthetic Gases
- · Radiation/ noise / heat stress
- · Ergonomics and musculoskeletal injury / Work stress
- Infectious disease risks / animal allergy

#### **Facilitator**

- EH&S: Risk-reduction and planning
  - PPE selection: Gloves and Respirators
- · Personal physicians and specialists
- · Absence Management, Risk Management

#### Clinically trained, working in healthcare setting

- · Confidential resource
- · Cannot disclose without authorization

#### What will I come away with?

- · Certainty: Advocate and support
- Uncertainty: Scientific literature does not have all the answers
- · Medical perspective and resource for questions



50



#### Be your own advocate at work

- Most programs do not proactively address reproductive safety and health
- Seek out advice and guidance (EH&S, MDs, PI, internet)



#### Evaluate your risks outside of the workplace

- · Infectious disease
  - Up-to-date on vaccinations (flu, COVID)
- Diet and nutrition
  - Sugar intake / diabetes risk
  - Heavy metal exposure
    - » Wash/soak/rinse rice
    - » Test home water for lead; consider filtering water
    - » Limit consumption of larger, predator fish
  - Eat organic, or organic-equivalent, meat
- Pesticides
  - Buy organic as possible for higher-risk fruit and vegetables (article)
- · Endocrine disrupters
  - Lotions, perfumes, sunscreens
- Minimize alcohol intake / smoking / 2<sup>nd</sup>-hand smoke
- Exercise



http://www.fitsugar.com/Pocket-Guide-What-Buy-Organic-8274490

51









## **Audience Survey Question**

ANSWER THE QUESTION ON THE INTERACTIVE SCREEN IN ONE MOMENT

If you became involved in a pregnancy, either as a pregnant person yourself or as the partner of a pregnant person, who would you consult for further information?

- A) I would review the relevant scientific literature
- B) I would talk with my supervisor about the situation
- C) I would talk with EHS staff about this issue
- D) I would talk with occupational or general medical professionals about this issue
- E) I would work with the obstetrician involved in the care of the pregnancy to assess any concerns

<sup>\*</sup> If your answer differs greatly from the choices above tell us in the questions window!

## 2021-2022 References on the Topic



- A Call for Increased Focus on Reproductive Health within Lab Safety Culture
  Catherine P. McGeough,† Sarah Jane Mear,† and Timothy F. Jamison\*
  <a href="https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/jacs.1c03725">https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/jacs.1c03725</a>
- What to Expect When Expecting in Lab: A Review of Unique Risks and Resources for Pregnant Researchers in the Chemical Laboratory Mary Kate M. Lane, Mahlet Garedew, Emma C. Deary, Cherish N. Coleman, Melissa M. Ahrens-Víquez, Hanno C. Erythropel, Julie B. Zimmerman, and Paul T. Anastas\* https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/acs.chemrestox.1c00380
- Pregnancy in the lab; Anna Slater 1, Claudia Caltagirone 2, Emily Draper 3, Nathalie Busschaert 4, Kristin
  Hutchins 5 and Jennifer Leigh 6 

  Nature reviews | Chemistry <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41570-022-00362-0">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41570-022-00362-0</a>
- Mom the Chemistry Professor from ACS Women Chemists Committee <a href="https://www.worldcat.org/title/mom-the-chemistry-professor-personal-accounts-and-advice-from-chemistry-professors-who-are-mothers/oclc/1046977803">https://www.worldcat.org/title/mom-the-chemistry-professor-personal-accounts-and-advice-from-chemistry-professors-who-are-mothers/oclc/1046977803</a>



56

56

## ACS CHAS Led Peer Workshop



## **Empowering Academic Researchers** to Strengthen Safety Culture



Led by Adelina Oronova, Michigan Technological University and

Omar Leon Ruiz, University of California, Los Angeles Sunday, October 9, 2022 2 – 5:30 PM

Registration for this workshop is \$25 per participant. This workshop is directed at frontline researchers in academic institutions: graduate students, postdoctoral scholars, and undergraduate students. Faculty and safety staff are also very much encouraged to participate.

#### Workshop Goals:

- Educate participants about the value of risk assessment
- Guide participants towards gaining awareness of safety culture messages from leadership at their institutions
- Empower participants to expand their safety networks and develop laboratory safety teams



http://dchas.org

5



58



www.acs.org/acswebinars





Thurs., Oct. 13, 2022 | 2:00pm-3:00pm ET

10 Tips for Publishing in ACS Journals

Co-produced with ACS on Campus and ACS Publications



Thurs., Oct. 20, 2022 | 2:00pm-3:15pm ET

Creating Psychedelic Analogs to Treat Neuropsychiatric Disease

Co-produced with ACS Division of Medicinal Chemistry, the American Association of Pharmaceutical Scientists, and ACS Publications



Thurs., Oct. 27, 2022 | 2:00pm-3:00pm ET

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60



61