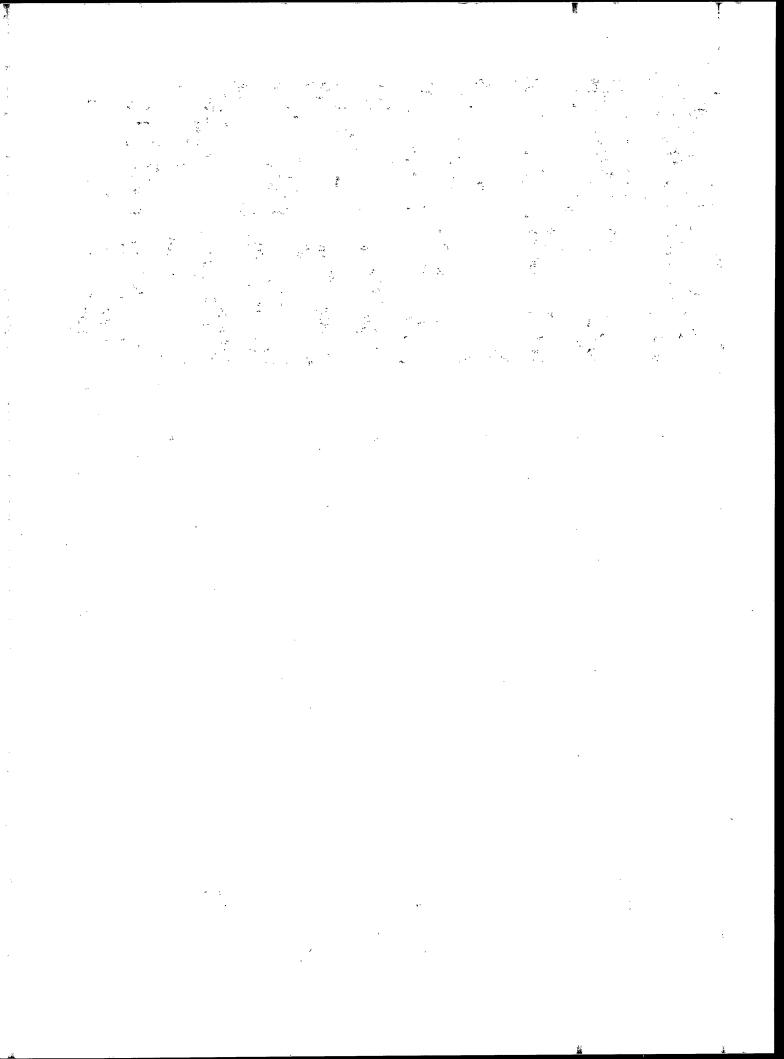
STABLE TO Chemical Engineers

Analysis of the American Chemical Society's Survey of Graduates in Chemistry and Chemical Engineering



1991 SURVEY REPORT

STARTING SALARIES AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF

CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES

American Chemical Society 1155 Sixteenth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Each year, at the direction of its Joint Board-Council Committee on Economic Status, the American Chemical Society (ACS) surveys recent chemistry and chemical engineering graduates to determine trends in starting salaries and employment status. This report presents detailed results of the 1991 Starting Salary Survey. A summary of the survey findings was published in the October 21 issue of *Chemical & Engineering News*.

Joan Burrelli of the Office of Professional Services and Alicia Bowlding of the Market and Business Analysis Department conducted this year's survey and prepared this report. Dr. Burrelli wrote the summary and comment on the following pages. Special thanks go to the more than 4,000 graduates who took the time to respond to this year's survey.

Mary L. Funke, Manager Office of Professional Services

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

SALARIES

This year's starting salaries indicate a dim economic outlook for new BS graduates. The median salary for inexperienced BS chemists remained at \$23,000 for the third year in a row. The mean starting salary was \$23,868 this year, only marginally higher than last year's \$23,526. After adjusting for inflation, mean salaries decreased 2% this year, and, on average, decreased .2% per year since 1980.

Starting salaries for MS and PhD chemists were somewhat better. The mean starting salary for MS chemists rose 8% this year to \$31,218. The mean starting salary for PhD chemists rose .7% this year to \$42,008. Inflation adjusted salaries for MS chemists rose on average .1% per year since 1980, those for PhD chemists rose on average .3% per year.

Chemical engineering graduates at all degree levels continue to earn higher salaries than those of chemists and the gap is getting larger over time. Starting salaries for new chemical engineering graduates continued to increase this year. The mean starting salary for inexperienced BS chemical engineers was \$36,632 in 1991, up 7.4% from the \$34,101 last year. Mean starting salaries for inexperienced MS chemical engineers rose 2% to \$39,695, and for inexperienced PhD chemical engineers, they rose 3% to \$50,497. Inflation adjusted salaries for BS chemical engineers rose, on average, .6% per year since 1980.

Table 1 shows average starting salaries paid to inexperienced chemistry graduates for 1990 and 1991, and gives additional information concerning the variation among individual salaries within each group. Table 2 presents corresponding information for chemical engineering graduates.

For inexperienced chemists (those with less than 12 months of experience), 1991 mean starting salaries were:

\$23,858 for the	BS,	up	1.4%,	or in constant dollars down	2.1%
\$31,218 for the	MS,	up	8.3%,	or in constant dollars up	4.5%
\$42,008 for the	PhD.	и́р	0.7%.	or in constant dollars down	2.8%

Among chemical engineers, the 1991 mean starting salaries were:

\$36,632 for the	BS,	up	7.4%,	or in constant dollars up	4.0%
\$39,695 for the	MS,	up	2.2%,	or in constant dollars down	1.4%
\$50,497 for the	PhD,	up	2.9%,	or in constant dollars down	0.6%

The Consumer Price Index rose 3.6% from August 1990 to August 1991. The trends in median starting salaries from 1980 to the present for inexperienced chemists and chemical engineers are shown in Figures 1 and 2.

Salaries vary by the type and characteristics of the employer as well as the educational backgrounds of the graduates. Salaries are highest in private industry and lowest in colleges or universities. The median salary for new chemistry PhDs was \$48,000 for those employed in industry and \$27,200 for those employed in colleges or universities (see Table A-6). Similarly, salaries are highest for chemists in applied research (\$26,000 for new BS graduates) and lowest in teaching (\$20,000 for new BS graduates) (see Table A-11).

Table 1

STARTING YEARLY SALARIES OF INEXPERIENCED FULL-TIME EMPLOYED CHEMISTRY GRADUATES

by Degree: 1990 and 1991

			DEGF	REE LEVEL		
Salaries	Bach	elor's	Maste	er's	Ph.D.	
	1990	1991	1990	1991	1990	1991
90th Percentile	\$30,500	\$31,500	\$35,000	\$40,000	\$50,000	\$51,600
75th Percentile	28,000	28,000	32,600	36,000	47,000	49,000
50th Percentile	23,000	23,000	30,000	32,000	44,000	46,000
25th Percentile	20,000	20,000	25,000	27,500	39,000	34,400
10th Percentile	17,000	17,400	21,700	21,100	29,000	26,000
Mean	23,526	23,858	28,825	31,218	41,699	42,008
Count	435	354	66	54	202	146
Standard Deviation	5,209	5,156	5,505	6,946	8,017	9,822

Table 2

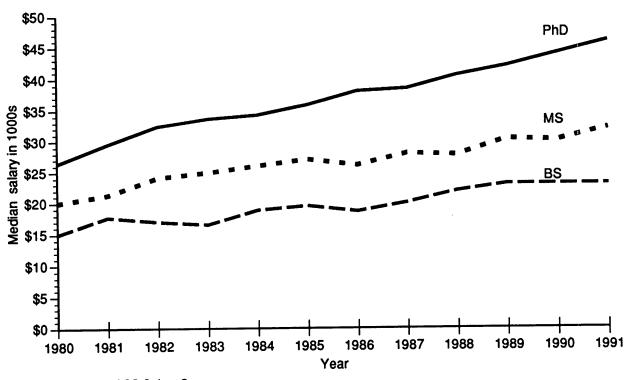
STARTING YEARLY SALARIES OF INEXPERIENCED FULL-TIME EMPLOYED CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES

by Degree: 1990 and 1991

			DEG	REE LEVEL		
Salaries	Bachelor's		Ма	ster's	Ph.D.	
	1990	1991	1990	1991	1990	1991
90th Percentile	\$37,000	\$40,000	\$42,000	\$44,000	\$54,000	\$56,000
75th Percentile	36,000	38,900	40,000	41,000	52,000	54,000
50th Percentile	35,200	37,500	37,200	40,200	50,000	52,000
25th Percentile	33,800	36,000	36,000	37,500	48,000	48,000
10th Percentile	28,900	32,000	34,800	35,100	43,000	44,200
Mean	34,101	36,632	38,855	39,695	49,055	50,497
Count	517	318	51	26	88	64
Standard Deviation	3,727	4,161	6,803	5,539	4,796	6,298

Figure 1

Median Starting Salaries of Inexperienced Chemists (in current dollars)



Source: ACS Salary Surveys

Median Starting Salaries of Inexperienced Chemists* (in current dollars)

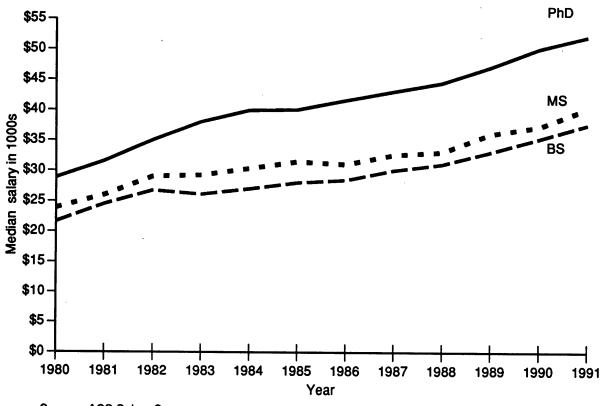
	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
BS	15.0	17.7	17.0	16.5	18.8	19.5	18.6	20.0	21.9	23.0	23.0	23.0
MS	20.0	21.3	24.1	24.9	26.0	27.0	26.1	28.0	27.7	30.3	30.0	32.0
	26.4	29.5	32.4	33.6	34.2	35.8	38.0	38.4	40.5	42.0	44.0	46.0

*Base annual salary in thousands of dollars

Source: ACS Starting Salary Surveys

Figure 2

Median Starting Salaries of Inexperienced Chemical Engineers (in current dollars)



Source: ACS Salary Surveys

Median Starting Salaries of Inexperienced Chemical Engineers* (in current dollars)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
BS	21.6	24.5	26.7	26.1	27.0	28.0	28.4	30.0	31.0	33.0	35.2	37.5
			29.0									
PhD	28.8	31.5	35.0	38.0	39.9	40.0	41.5	43.0	44.4	47.0	50.0	52.0

*Base annual salary in thousands of dollars

Source: ACS Starting Salary Surveys

Larger employers generally pay more than smaller ones. BS chemical engineers employed in larger firms (more than 24,000 employees) make \$7,000 more on average than chemical engineers employed in small firms (less than 500 employees) and BS chemists employed in larger firms make \$8,000 more on average than those employed in small firms (see Table A-10). Chemical engineers are much more likely than chemists to be employed in large firms. Thirty-nine percent of new chemical engineers and only 17% of new chemists are employed in firms with more than 24,000 employees. Conversely, more than a third (38%) of chemists, but only 5% of chemical engineers, are employed in firms with less than 500 employees.

Salaries for new BS chemistry graduates are highest in the Middle Atlantic region (\$27,500) and lowest in the South Atlantic region (\$20,200), however salaries for new BS chemical engineering graduates are fairly similar across geographic regions. Median salaries for new BS chemical engineers vary from a high of \$38,500 in the West South Central region to a low of \$37,000 in the South Atlantic region.

Generally speaking, bachelor's chemists receive higher salaries if their degrees are from schools that grant doctorate degrees, if they have participated in co-op programs, or if they had a high grade point average in their major. For chemical engineers, the type and size of school from which they received degrees make little difference in salaries. Chemical engineers' salaries are, however, directly related to grade point average in major and participation in a co-op program.

POST-GRADUATION EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Unemployment rates for bachelor's chemistry and chemical engineering graduates increased this year. The recent history for unemployment rates of bachelor's graduates is:

	1991	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986
Chemical Engineering	9%	6%	5%	8%	16%	21%
Chemistry	14%	13%	10%	11%	13%	13%

As Figure 3 shows, unemployment for both chemistry and chemical engineering graduates was relatively high in the mid-1980s, and relatively low in 1988 and 1989, especially for chemical engineering graduates, and has been slowly increasing the past two years.

Both chemistry and chemical engineering graduates are finding it harder to get jobs in chemistry and engineering. This year, 79% of full-time employed bachelor's chemical engineering graduates found employment in chemistry and chemical engineering compared to last year's 84% and the previous year's 82%. The proportion of new chemistry graduates who found employment in chemistry or chemical engineering has been decreasing for the last few years: 62% found employment in chemistry or chemical engineering this year, compared to last year's 63% and the previous years 65%.

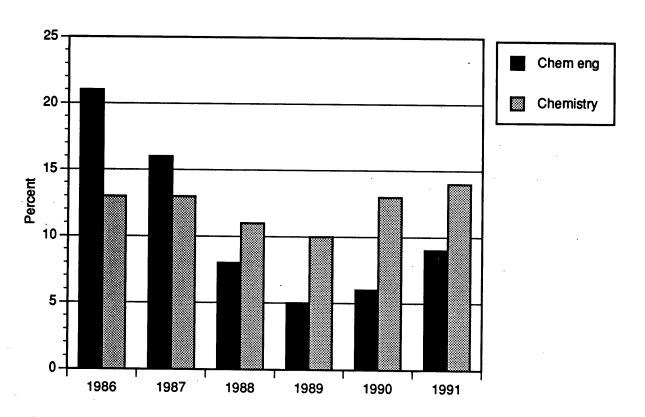
POSTDOCTORAL FELLOWSHIPS

The fraction of new PhDs who accept postdoctoral fellowships is another rough indicator of demand. Because some of the new doctoral graduates who accept postdoctoral fellowships would have preferred full-time employment had it been available, an increase in the fraction accepting postdoctoral fellowships

*Note that the calculation for the unemployment rate excludes those persons who are not seeking employment.

Figure 3

Unemployment Rates of Recent Bachelor's Graduates



Source: ACS Starting Salary Surveys

POSTGRADUATION STATUS OF CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES: FALL 1991

Major and Employment Status	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctorate
CHEMISTRY			
Full-time employed:	/	40.00/	47.00/
In chemistry or chemical engineering	29.6%	42.3%	47.9%
Outside chemistry or chemical engineering	6.7%	4.5%	2.9% 36.9%
Grad. asst./postdoctoral or other fellowship	35.3%	42.3%	36.9% 11.4%
Unemployed and seeking full-time employment	11.7%	6.5%	.9%
Unemployed and not seeking full-time employment	16.7%	4.5%	.970
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number of responses	2,095	336	553
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING			
Full-time employed:		50.00/	70.40/
In chemistry or chemical engineering	63.9%	52.6%	76.1%
Outside chemistry or chemical engineering	8.2%	3.2%	8.2%
Grad. asst./postdoctoral or other fellowship	14.1%	33.1%	7.5%
Unemployed and seeking full-time employment	8.9%	6.5%	8.2%
Unemployed and not seeking full-time employment	4.9%	4.5%	****
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number of responses	801	154	134

PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDY OF B.S. CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES: FALL 1991

Table 4

Table 5

Plans	Chemistry	Chemical Engineering	
Further studies	73.4%	29.7%	
Full-time	(55.0%)	(20.7%)	
Part-time	(9.2%)	(9.0%)	
No plans for further studies	(35.8%)	(70.2%)	
Total	100.0	100.0	
Number of responses	2,442	829	

FIELDS OF STUDY OF B.S. CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES WHO PLAN FURTHER STUDIES Fall 1991

Fields of Study	Chemistry	Chemical	
· iolas of olday	Chemistry	Engineering	
FULL-TIME STUDY			
Chemistry or biochemistry	53.7%	3.5%	
Chemical or biochemical engineering	1.6%	74.4%	
Medicine or dentistry	30.8%	7.0%	
Business or management	.5%	2.9%	
All others	13.4%	12.2%	
Total	100.0	100.0	
Number of responses	1,342	172	
PART-TIME STUDY			
Chemistry or biochemistry	48.4%	8.0%	
Chemical or biochemical engineering	4.0%	30.7%	
Other engineering	3.6%	12.0%	
Physical science	6.3%		
Life science	4.9%		
Medicine or dentistry	5.8%		
Business or management	10.8%	41.3%	
Education	5.4%		
Law	1.3%		•
All others	9.4%	8.0%	
Total	100.0	100.0	
Number of responses	223	75	

can indicate insufficient full-time employment. This year, this measure of demand indicates a less favorable employment situation for PhD chemistry graduates than was the case last year: 37% of new chemistry doctorates accepted postdoctoral fellowships this year compared with 34% last year (Table 3). On the other hand, only 8% of new chemical engineering doctorates accepted postdoctoral fellowships this year compared with 10% in 1990.

PLANS FOR ADVANCED STUDY

Traditionally, between 50 and 55% of bachelor's chemistry graduates plan full-time studies (in any field) and another roughly 10% plan part-time studies. Bachelor's chemical engineering graduates are much less likely than chemistry graduates to plan further studies. Only 21% planned full-time studies this year. A summary of the plans of the 1991 graduates appears in Tables 4 and 5.

Each year, roughly one-third of new bachelor's chemistry graduates plan to pursue chemistry graduate study, one-third plan graduate study in another field, and one-third have plans for immediate employment (see Figure 4). Of those bachelor's chemistry graduates who planned further studies in another discipline in 1991, slightly more than half (53%) planned to go into medicine, 10% planned to go into dentistry or pharmacy, 4% planned to study business, 16% planned to study other natural sciences and engineering, and 17% planned to go into other fields. The choice of field of study has not changed appreciably in the last decade.

Of those bachelor's chemistry graduates who chose immediate employment, the majority chose industrial employment. Of those who are employed, 66% are employed in industry, and about 10% each are employed in academia, government, and in hospitals or independent labs.

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES WHO HAVE COMPLETED ACS APPROVED PROGRAMS

Graduates completing undergraduate chemistry programs approved by the ACS Committee on Professional Training have historically received higher starting salaries than graduates completing non-approved programs. This year, graduates who completed the ACS approved program and work in industry earn, on average, \$26,000 per year compared to only \$23,400 for those who did not complete the approved program.

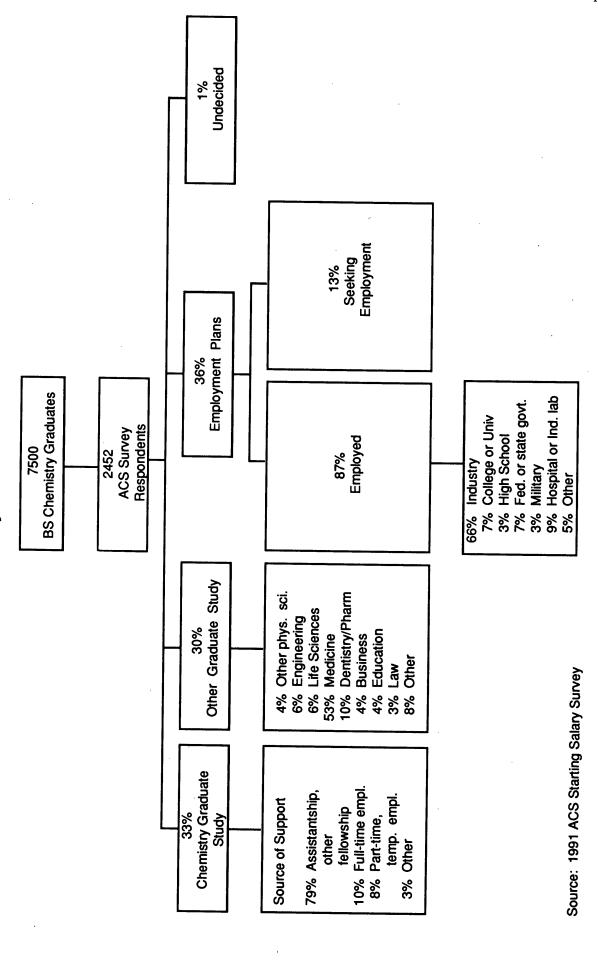
Graduates of approved programs are more likely than graduates of non-approved programs to plan further studies and to plan further studies in chemistry. Sixty percent of graduates of approved programs planned full-time studies compared with 51% of graduates of non-approved programs (Table B-4b). Of the bachelor's chemistry graduates who plan full-time studies, most (63%) of those from approved programs plan to study chemistry compared with only 26% of those from non-approved programs. Conversely, (41%) of those from non-approved programs plan to study medicine compared with only 16% of those from approved programs (Table C-5).

Graduates of approved programs are also less likely than those from non-approved programs to be unemployed and among those employed, are more likely to be employed in chemistry or chemical engineering. The unemployment rate for bachelor's graduates of approved programs was 10% this year compared to 18% for graduates of non-approved programs (Table B-4a)*. Among the full-time employed bachelor's chemistry graduates, 86% of graduates of ACS approved programs, but only 78% of graduates of non-approved programs were employed in chemistry or chemical engineering.

*Note that the calculation for the unemployment rate excludes those persons who are not seeking employment.

Figure 4

Post-graduation Plans of 1991 BS Chemistry Graduates



EMPLOYMENT OF BACHELOR'S CHEMISTS AS TECHNICIANS

About 44% of the bachelor's chemistry graduates who were employed full time in industry responded that they were employed as technicians. Those employed as technicians earned significantly lower salaries than those not employed as technicians. The median salary of bachelor's chemistry graduates employed in industry as technicians was \$23,000 whereas the median salary of those not employed as technicians was \$26,600. Those employed as technicians were less likely than those not employed as technicians to have earned their degree at doctorate-granting schools. They had, in general, slightly lower grade point averages, and were slightly less likely than non-technicians to have completed an ACS approved program.

RACE/ETHNIC COMPOSITION OF NEW GRADUATES

Minorities, and particularly Asians, are an increasing fraction of new graduates in chemistry and chemical engineering. The proportion of new bachelor's chemistry graduates who are Black or Hispanic has increased fairly slowly since 1973, when ACS first collected such information. In 1973, Blacks were 2.3% and Hispanics were .7% of bachelor's chemistry graduates. This year, Blacks are 3.8% and Hispanics are 2.4% of bachelor's chemistry graduates. American Indians are a very small proportion (1% or less) of new graduates in chemistry and chemical engineering at all degree levels.

The proportion of new chemistry graduates who are Asian has trebled since 1973. In that year, Asians were 3% of bachelor's, 9% of master's, and 9% of PhD graduates. This year, Asians are 9% of bachelor's, 27% of master's, and 29% of PhD graduates. Almost three-quarters of bachelor's chemistry graduates of Asian descent are U.S. citizens (either native or naturalized). Only 10% are here on temporary visas. The reverse is true for PhDs. Only 8% of doctoral chemistry graduates of Asian descent are U.S. citizens and the majority (83%) are here on temporary visas.

SCOPE AND METHOD

OBJECTIVES

The 1991 Starting Salary Survey is the 40th in the series of annual surveys now conducted by the American Chemical Society. Summaries of the results of these surveys appear annually in the "Employment Outlook" edition of the *Chemical & Engineering News*. This year preliminary results were published on October 21.

The primary objective of the survey is to gather data on the starting salaries and occupational status of new chemists and chemical engineers who graduated during the 1990-91 academic year. The survey covers bachelor's, master's and doctoral degree recipients. In addition, the survey provides information on graduates' sex, citizenship, and ethnicity.

METHOD OF COLLECTION AND TIMING OF SURVEY

Chemistry departments approved by ACS and chemical engineering departments approved by the American Institute of Chemical Engineers and the Engineer's Council for Professional Development provided names and addresses of students that graduated between September, 1990 and June, 1991. During the summer of 1991, questionnaires were mailed to those graduates who had U.S. addresses.

EXTENT OF COVERAGE

Survey questionnaires were mailed by first class mail from July through August to 9,001 graduates. Approximately 3 weeks after each initial mailing, a second questionnaire and cover letter were sent to non-respondents. By the cutoff date of October 11, ACS had received 4,662 usable responses. Another 463 questionnaires were returned as nondeliverable. No attempt was made to examine the characteristics of graduates from departments that did not participate in the survey or of those graduates who did not mail back completed questionnaires.

DEFINITIONS

The term "inexperienced" as used in the tables refers to those who have 12 months or less of prior professional work experience. The term "chemist" refers to one who received a degree in chemistry. The term "chemical engineer" refers to one who received a degree in chemical engineering. Salary tables are based only on salaries of those who found full-time employment in chemistry or chemical engineering. Postdoctoral salaries are analyzed separately. Salaries are reported in U.S. dollars.

The Technical Notes present methods for estimating sampling error and also explain certain discrepancies among some of the tables.

GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS

PACIFIC

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL

Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington

Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee

MOUNTAIN

MIDDLE ATLANTIC

Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico New Jersey New York Pennsylvania

Utah Wyoming

SOUTH ATLANTIC

WEST NORTH CENTRAL

Delaware

Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota District of Columbia Florida

Georgia
Maryland
North Carolina
South Carolina
Virginia
West Virginia

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL

NEW ENGLAND

Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas Connecticut Maine Massachusetts

Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont

EAST NORTH CENTRAL

Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin

TECHNICAL NOTES

DISCREPANCIES AMONG TABLES

Because not all individuals responded to all of the survey items, some pairs of tables contain totals that should be identical but are not. For example, one table may group PhDs by sex and another by employer. The totals will differ unless the number who did not indicate their sex is the same as the number who did not indicate their employer.

ESTIMATES OF MEDIAN SALARIES

Median salaries displayed within the cells of the salary tables are sample medians and are therefore subject to sampling error. This error could be quite large, especially when the number of respondents in the corresponding cell is small. Therefore, median salaries in cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate their corresponding population medians. Similarly, tables showing the 25th and 75th salary percentiles, and those showing the 10th and 90th salary percentiles, should have at least 25 respondents and 40 respondents, respectively.

COMPARING SALARIES

Often questions arise concerning women's salaries as compared with men's, or chemists' salaries as compared with chemical engineers'. These and similar comparisons require caution.

Statistical tests should be performed to determine whether observed differences in salaries of various sample groups could be mere chance occurrences resulting from peculiarities of the samples. Whether a difference in salaries is "statistically significant" depends not only on the magnitude of the difference but also on the sample sizes and the magnitudes of the sample standard deviations.

Discussion of statistical tests of significance may be found in *Introductory Statistics for Business and Economics*, by Thomas H. Wonnacott and Ronald J. Wonnacott, NY: Wiley, 1990, and in other similar texts.

ESTIMATING SAMPLING ERROR FOR PERCENTS

Percents in this report are derived from the sample. If the entire population had received and returned questionnaires, most estimates would be somewhat different. How much different? Although this question does not have an exact answer, the table below does provide some guidance. To use the table, find the column headed by the percent (p) derived from the sample, and find the row appropriate for the sample size (n). (Approximations for p and n may be used.) Note the number in that column and that row of the table.

This number from the body of the table measures the precision with which the sample percent estimates the percent of the entire population. Specifically, if this procedure is applied repeatedly, about 95 times out of 100, the population percent will differ from the sample percent by no more than the amount shown in the table.

Approximate Sampling Errors for Percents

n	p= 10% or 90%	p= 20% or 80%	p= 30% or 70%	p= 40% or 60%	p= 50%
	0. 00.0				
50	8.3%	11.1%	12.7%	13.6%	13.9%
100	5.9	7.8	9.0	9.6	9.8
200	4.2	5.5	6.4	6.8	6.9
500	2.6	3.5	4.0	4.3	4.4
1000	1.9	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.1
2000	1.3	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2
	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4
5000 10000	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0

In Table B-1a for example, 2095 respondents classified as chemists indicated their highest degree as the bachelor's degree. The percent of this group who are seeking employment is listed as 11.7 percent (p=11.7). A "95% confidence interval" for this percent may be approximated by taking n and p to be about 2000 and 10%. The above table shows an approximate sampling error of 1.3%. Hence, the 95% confidence interval is 10.4% to 13%. If estimates were made at this "level of confidence" from 100 similar samples, about 95 of the confidence intervals calculated from these samples would contain the true population percent.

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Full time Employed Euperion and Ohamista		
Full-time Employed Experienced Chemists		
Number of OffersDegree	SexE-2	80
Full time Employed Incorporation and Observing Lineary		
Full-time Employed Inexperienced Chemical Engineers		
Number of OffersDegree	SexE-3	81
Full time Complement Comparison and Objective Live to a con-	•	
Full-time Employed Experienced Chemical Engineers	_	
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All Chemistry Graduates		
CitizenshipDegree	Fabricia. F.4	
OilizerishipDegree	•	83
Minority Chamieta, Craduetae	SexF-2	86
Minority Chemistry Graduates	0	
Minority Classification Degree	SexF-3	87
All Chamical Engineering Creducts		
All Chemical Engineering Graduates	= 4 + 1.	
CitizenshipDegree		88
Marsh Observed F. J. J. A.	SexF-5	91
Minority Chemical Engineering Graduates		
Minority ClassificationDegree	SexF-6	92

SALARIES of CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and EXPERIENCE 1991 Starting Salary Survey

Table A-1

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
WORK EXPERIENCE LESS THAN 12 MONTHS Median Mean Std Dev Count 12 TO 36 MONTHS	23,000	32,000	46,000
	23,858	31,218	42,008
	5,156	6,946	9,822
	354	54	146
Median	25,000	32,000	47,000
Mean	25,128	31,664	43,515
Std Dev	5,919	5,320	9,332
Count	182	39	57
MORE THAN 36 MONTHS Median Mean Std Dev Count	30,000	35,450	42,000
	30,373	36,411	39,114
	8,404	9,579	12,422
	83	48	58
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,000	34,000	46,000
	25,112	33,158	41,703
	6,285	7,942	10,414
	619	141	261

Table A-2

SALARIES of CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and EXPERIENCE
1991 ACS Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
WORK EXPERIENCE LESS THAN 12 MONTHS	27 500	40,200	52,000
Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 36,632 4,161 318	39,695 5,539 26	50,497 6,298 64
12 TO 36 MONTHS Median Mean Std Dev Count	38,040 37,385 3,729 178	39,600 39,774 2,569 29	52,500 52,339 4,284 18
MORE THAN 36 MONTHS Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,000 36,780 6,609 19	45,968 47,578 9,936 23	52,700 51,396 8,286 20
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,800 36,898 4,141 515	41,000 41,903 7,175 78	52,000 51,013 6,427 102

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME in PRIVATE INDUSTRY by SEX and DEGREE 1991 Starting Salary Survey

Table A-3

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
SEX			
MEN Median Mean Std Dev Count	25,000 24,917 4,740 110	35,000 34,406 5,655 16	48,000 46,747 5,753 77
WOMEN Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,000 25,458 5,427 129	32,110 31,674 4,837 19	47,000 46,445 5,759 29
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,500 25,209 5,120 239	33,500 32,960 5,339 35	47,850 46,663 5,728 106

Table A-4

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME in PRIVATE INDUSTRY by SEX and DEGREE 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
SEX MEN Median Mean Std Dev	37,800 37,151 3,138	40,200 40,327 4,183	52,200 50,610 6,148
Count WOMEN Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 37,544 3,264 100	40,600 41,300 1,851 4	53,400 52,530 3,112 10
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 37,283 3,181 291	40,200 40,482 3,892 25	52,560 51,002 5,688 52

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and SEX
1991 Starting Salary Survey

Table A-5

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
SEX			
MEN Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,000 23,651 4,940 162	35,000 33,263 6,394 27	46,200 41,984 10,159 103
WOMEN Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,000 24,032 5,338 192	30,160 29,009 6,959 27	45,000 41,872 9,100 42
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,000 23,858 5,156 354	32,000 31,218 6,946 54	46,000 41,952 9,833 145

Table A-6

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and EMPLOYER
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER			
PRIVATE INDUSTRY Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,500 25,209 5,120 239	33,500 32,960 5,339 35	48,000 46,694 5,710 107
COLLEGE OR UNIV Median Mean Std Dev Count	19,500 19,149 2,602 30	20,100 19,056 6,522 6	27,200 27,993 6,034 32
HIGH SCHOOL Median Mean Std Dev Count	21,000 20,362 2,665 12	35,000 35,000 14,142 2	 0
FEDERAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	21,000 22,527 4,161 25	28,000 28,567 1,250	31,100 32,833 3,993 3
MILITARY Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,000 22,740 5,276 5	40,000 40,000 0	 0
STATE OR LOCAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,500 23,348 5,810 9	26,000 26,900 3,928 3	 0
HOSPITAL OR LAB Median Mean Std Dev Count	20,000 20,569 3,715 27	35,000 32,000 6,083 3	42,500 42,500 3,536 3
OTHER Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,000 22,768 4,447 7	35,000 35,000 0	25,000 25,000 0 1
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,000 23,858 5,156 354	32,000 31,218 6,946 54	46,000 42,008 9,822 146

Table A-7

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and EMPLOYER - MEN only 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER			
PRIVATE INDUSTRY Median Mean Std Dev Count	25,000 24,917 4,740 110	35,000 34,406 5,655 16	48,000 46,747 5,753 77
COLLEGE OR UNIV Median Mean Std Dev Count	19,500 19,351 3,011 12	23,800 23,800 5,233 2	26,300 26,295 5,907 20
HIGH SCHOOL Median Mean Std Dev Count	18,750 19,423 2,395 8	45,000 45,000 0 1	 0
FEDERAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	20,000 20,622 4,388 11	29,000 29,000 1,414 2	31,100 32,833 3,993 3
MILITARY Median Mean Std Dev Count	27,750 27,750 1,768 2	40,000 40,000 0 1	 0
STATE OR LOCAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	25,749 25,749 10,959 2	26,000 26,000 0 1	
HOSPITAL OR LAB Median Mean Std Dev Count	20,500 20,894 3,742 13	35,000 32,000 6,083 3	42,500 42,500 3,536 2
OTHER Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,538 24,269 4,923 4	35,000 35,000 0 1	25,000 25,000 0 1
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,000 23,651 4,940 162	35,000 33,263 6,394 27	46,200 41,984 10,159 103

Table A-8

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and EMPLOYER - WOMEN only 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER			
PRIVATE INDUSTRY Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,000 25,458 5,427 129	32,110 31,674 4,837 19	47,000 46,445 5,759 29
COLLEGE OR UNIV Median Mean Std Dev Count	19,500 19,025 2,403 18	17,000 15,893 5,819 4	30,300 30,822 5,325
HIGH SCHOOL Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,500 22,867 1,582 4	25,000 25,000 0 1	 0
FEDERAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,600 24,024 3,417 14	27,700 27,700 0 1	 0
MILITARY Median Mean Std Dev Count	19,200 19,400 3,504	 0	 0
STATE OR LOCAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,500 22,662 4,746 7	27,350 27,350 5,445 2	
HOSPITAL OR LAB Median Mean Std Dev Count	19,500 20,267 3,805 14	 0	 1
OTHER Median Mean Std Dev Count	21,300 20,767 3,530 3		
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,000 24,032 5,338 192	30,160 29,009 6,959 27	45,000 41,872 9,100 42

Table A-9

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME in INDUSTRY
by DEGREE and TYPE OF INDUSTRY
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	ніс	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD	
TYPE OF INDUSTRY				
NONMANUFACTURING Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,000 22,336 4,422 82	30,500 28,400 5,910 5	43,340 43,273 5,966 8	
BASIC CHEMS Median Mean Std Dev Count	29,000 27,491 4,595	 0	49,000 48,912 3,144 13	
SPECIALTY CHEMS Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,000 25,158 3,756 33	40,000 37,407 4,492 3	46,050 45,669 4,257 24	
PETROLEUM Median Mean Std Dev Count	30,600 27,140 6,378 12	33,000 33,000 0 1	51,000 50,403 2,965 10	
PHARMACEUTICALS Median Mean Std Dev Count	28,500 27,944 4,875 51	35,000 34,264 5,277 18	48,000 46,808 7,858 25	
PLASTICS Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,250 25,750 3,926 4	 0	48,250 48,433 1,657 6	
OTHER Median Mean Std Dev Count	26,500 26,406 4,888 46	30,080 31,443 3,310 7	47,000 45,410 6,250 21	
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,500 25,209 5,120 238	34,000 33,110 5,348 34	48,000 46,694 5,710 107	

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME in INDUSTRY by DEGREE and EMPLOYER SIZE 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES			
LESS THAN 500 Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,000 21,957 3,977 90	30,000 31,580 5,668 7	40,000 41,636 7,649 11
500 TO 2,499 Median Mean Std Dev Count	25,750 25,324 4,380 44	32,000 32,091 5,659 9	44,500 43,623 7,538 18
2,500 TO 9,999 Median Mean Std Dev Count	27,250 26,666 4,535 31	33,000 33,443 5,024 8	47,000 47,410 2,609 22
10,000 TO 24,999 Median Mean Std Dev Count	30,000 28,657 4,083 22	36,000 37,333 4,163 3	48,000 45,774 6,279 17
24,000 OR MORE Median Mean Std Dev Count	30,000 29,211 4,815 40	35,000 33,083 5,685 8	49,000 49,587 2,900 39
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,500 25,148 5,148 227	33,500 32,960 5,339 35	48,000 46,694 5,710 107

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and WORK FUNCTION 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
WORK FUNCTION			
TEACHING Median Mean Std Dev Count	20,000 19,915 2,975 13	25,000 28,136 14,391 6	30,000 30,398 4,396 20
MGMT OR ADMIN Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,050 24,200 6,851 10	29,850 29,850 3,041 2	42,700 37,550 14,708 4
BASIC RESEARCH Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,150 23,189 5,601 80	36,500 33,260 8,191 11	47,000 39,698 12,888 31
APPLIED RESEARCH Median Mean Std Dev Count	26,000 26,287 5,102 71	35,000 33,634 3,993 15	47,500 46,415 5,590 79
PRODUCTION Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,500 23,553 4,460 102	30,250 29,850 5,850	46,400 45,303 5,148 6
OTHER Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,000 23,396 5,168 70	28,750 29,088 4,819 8	32,000 35,150 11,568 5
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,000 23,896 5,205 346	32,000 31,366 7,026 52	46,000 42,079 9,820 145

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED B.S. CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME by EMPLOYER and CERTIFICATION 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	CURRICULUM APPROVED?		TOTAL
	NO	YES	
EMPLOYER			
PRIVATE INDUSTRY Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,432 24,138 4,911 123	26,000 26,308 5,116 116	24,500 25,209 5,120 239
COLLEGE OR UNIV Median Mean Std Dev Count	19,750 19,045 2,490	19,000 19,318 2,892 11	19,500 19,149 2,602 30
HIGH SCHOOL Median Mean Std Dev Count	19,000 19,998 2,828 10	22,000 22,000 707 2	21,000 20,362 2,665 12
FEDERAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	21,500 22,669 4,476 20	21,000 21,960 2,865 5	21,000 22,527 4,161 25
MILITARY Median Mean Std Dev Count	21,100 21,800 5,588 4	26,500 26,500 0	23,000 22,740 5,276 5
STATE OR LOCAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,500 23,348 5,810 9		22,500 23,348 5,810 9
HOSPITAL OR LAB Median Mean Std Dev Count	18,720 20,264 3,724 15	20,600 20,950 3,833 12	20,000 20,569 3,715 27
OTHER Median Mean Std Dev Count	17,000 17,000 0	24,038 23,729 3,996 6	24,000 22,768 4,447 7
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,000 22,901 4,883 201	24,620 25,079 5,253 153	23,000 23,858 5,156 354

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED MS and PhD CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and DEGREE SPECIALTY
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST	DEGREE
	MS	PHD
DECEMBER CONTRACTOR		,
DEGREE SPECIALTY]	
BIOCHEMISTRY		
Median Mean	20,100	27,400
Std Dev	27,367 15,349	29,943 10,774
Count	3	7
GENERAL CHEM	ŀ	
Median	25,000	
Mean	26,833	
Std Dev	4,537	
Count	3	0
ANALYTICAL CHEM		
Median Mean	31,200	47,000
Std Dev	30,433 7,625	44,740 7,383
Count	16	45
INORGANIC CHEM		
Median	29,000	38,070
Mean	27,290	38,087
Std Dev	4,307	8,911
Count	4	27
ORGANIC CHEM		
Median	35,000	46,750
Mean Std Dev	34,798	42,463
Count	4,505	10,433
PHYSICAL CHEM		
Median	27,500	47 500
Mean	27,860	47,500 43,708
Std Dev	5,812	11,193
Count	6	13
POLYMER CHEM		
Median		50,050
Mean Std Dev		50,050
Count		1,485 2
OTHER CHEM		-
Median	25 000	45 EAA
Mean	25,000 25,000	45,500 45,500
Std Dev	0	3,536
Count	1	2
TOTAL		
Median	32,000	46,000
Mean Std Dev	31,218	42,008
Count	6,946	9,822
	54	146

SALARIES OF INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and GEOGRAPHIC REGION 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGH	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD	
REGION				
Pacific Median Mean Std Dev Count	25,652 25,524 5,443 26	32,000 33,314 6,119 7	40,000 39,371 9,690 7	
Mountain Median Mean Std Dev Count	21,300 22,470 4,204 16	20,100 20,100 0 1	30,000 33,917 12,002 6	
West North Central Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,250 21,763 5,099 20	30,000 29,907 2,361 3	33,682 36,172 9,679 12	
West South Central Median Mean Std Dev Count	21,250 22,048 4,851 23	32,100 30,867 5,458 6	47,500 45,971 7,238 27	
East North Central Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,000 24,308 4,348 95	34,500 32,360 4,899 11	47,000 42,840 8,817 41	
East South Central Median Mean Std Dev Count	22,000 22,286 5,400 21	23,039 23,270 5,550 4	36,000 38,771 9,612 7	
Middle Atlantic Median Mean Std Dev Count	27,500 26,353 5,682 67	35,000 34,387 6,186 11	48,500 45,040 8,037 20	
South Atlantic Median Mean Std Dev Count	20,200 21,604 4,658 58	31,280 28,520 10,086 8	49,200 41,250 13,078 13	
New England Median Mean Std Dev Count	25,000 24,972 5,234 18	40,000 40,000 0 2	44,000 41,622 12,391 10	
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	23,000 23,866 5,218 344	32,000 31,202 7,014 53	46,000 42,201 9,765 143	

CALABIES OF INEXPEDIENCED QUENTON, ENGINEEDS and and EVIL STAR

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and SEX
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
SEX			
MEN Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 36,586 3,973 208	40,100 39,403 5,954 22	52,000 50,184 6,795 52
WOMEN Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 36,670 4,553 108	40,600 41,300 1,851 4	52,400 51,775 3,559 12
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 36,614 4,168 316	40,200 39,695 5,539 26	52,000 50,497 6,298 64

Table A-16

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and EMPLOYER
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER PRIVATE INDUSTRY Median Mean Std Dev	37,530 37,298 3,174 293	40,200 40,482 3,892 25	52,560 51,002 5,688 52
Count COLLEGE OR UNIV Median Mean Std Dev Count	21,079 21,079 0 1	20,000 20,000 0 1	46,300 47,913 12,065 6
FEDERAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	26,376 27,330 5,763 15	 0	50,000 49,060 2,830 5
MILITARY Median Mean Std Dev Count	28,000 28,000 0 1		 0
STATE OR LOCAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	26,500 28,625 6,156 4	 0	
HOSPITAL OR LAB Median Mean Std Dev Count			48,410 48,410 0 1
OTHER Median Mean Std Dev Count	35,524 35,962 1,309 4		
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 36,632 4,161 318	40,200 39,695 5,539 26	52,000 50,497 6,298 64

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and EMPLOYER - MEN only 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	ні	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD	
EMPLOYER				
PRIVATE INDUSTRY				
Median	37,800	40,200	52,200	
Mean Std Dev	37,151 3,138	40,327	50,610	
Count	191	21	42	
COLLEGE OR UNIV				
Median		20,000	47,000	
Mean Std Dev		20,000	48,496 13,394	
Count	0	1	5	
FEDERAL GOVT				
Median	26,500		49,550	
Mean Std Dev	28,219		48,575	
Count	7,017	0	3,018	
MILITARY				
Median	28,000			
Mean Std Dev	28,000			
Count	0	0	0	
STATE OR LOCAL GOVT		}		
Median	28,000			
Mean Std Dev	30,167			
Count	6,526	0	0	
HOSPITAL OR LAB				
Median			48,410	
Mean			48,410	
Std Dev Count	0		0	
OTHER			_	
Median	35,524			
Mean	35,962			
Std Dev Count	1,309 4	0	0	
TOTAL				
Median	37,500	40,100	52,000	
Mean	36,586	39,403	50,184	
Std Dev Count	3,973 208	5,954 22	6,795 52	

Table A-18

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and EMPLOYER - WOMEN only 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER PRIVATE INDUSTRY			
Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 37,544 3,264 100	40,600 41,300 1,851 4	53,400 52,530 3,112 10
COLLEGE OR UNIV Median Mean Std Dev Count	21,079 21,079 0 1	 0	45,000 45,000 0 1
FEDERAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	26,252 25,730 2,118 6	 0	51,000 51,000 0
STATE OR LOCAL GOVT Median Mean Std Dev Count	24,000 24,000 0 1	 0	 0
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 36,670 4,553 108	40,600 41,300 1,851 4	52,400 51,775 3,559 12

SALARIES of CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME in INDUSTRY
by DEGREE and TYPE OF INDUSTRY
1991 ACS Starting Salary Survey

	н	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD	
TYPE OF INDUSTRY NONMANUFACTURING Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,200 35,655 4,274 45	38,500 40,250 7,136 4	37,500 40,750 8,500 5	
BASIC CHEMS Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,700 37,732 1,227 32	40,600 39,325 2,842 4	55,200 52,928 4,034 5	
SPECIALTY CHEMS Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 36,925 2,726 50	40,930 41,927 4,826 6	52,800 51,886 2,919 8	
PETROLEUM Median Mean Std Dev Count	40,000 39,846 3,089 58	41,000 41,300 1,643 5	54,000 54,154 1,912 13	
PHARMACEUTICALS Median Mean Std Dev Count	38,000 37,825 2,086 19	37,500 37,500 0 1	51,000 50,551 6,576 6	
PLASTICS Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 37,172 2,242 25	40,000 39,733 643 3	50,000 50,250 2,630 4	
OTHER Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,000 36,109 2,522 62	39,500 39,500 4,950 2	51,200 49,996 6,254 11	
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,530 37,300 3,184 291	40,200 40,482 3,892 25	52,560 51,002 5,688 52	

Table A-20

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME in INDUSTRY by DEGREE and EMPLOYER SIZE

1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HIGHEST DEGREE		
	BS	MS	PHD
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES			
LESS THAN 500 Median Mean Std Dev Count	31,000 31,294 4,663 16	36,000 36,000 0 1	35,000 40,667 9,815 5
500 TO 2,499 Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,000 36,122 3,697 45	41,100 41,875 7,120 4	50,000 49,500 7,550 4
2,500 TO 9,999 Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 37,619 2,518 49	40,600 40,600 566 2	52,800 48,760 8,734 5
10,000 TO 24,999 Median Mean Std Dev Count	38,000 38,319 2,987 61	40,000 40,623 4,514 7	54,000 52,131 4,601
24,000 OR MORE Median Mean Std Dev Count	38,000 37,990 1,666 113	40,200 40,273 2,456 11	52,280 52,380 3,190 27
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,560 37,314 3,185 284	40,200 40,482 3,892 25	52,560 51,002 5,688 52

SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and WORK FUNCTION 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	HI	GHEST DEGR	EE
	BS	MS	PHD
WORK FUNCTION			
TEACHING			
Median			47,000
Mean			49,293
Std Dev			5,791
Count	0	0	3
MGMT OR ADMIN			
Median	25 500		25 000
Mean	35,500 33,113		35,000
Std Dev	5,109		35,000
Count	18	o	2
D			_
BASIC RESEARCH		,	
Median	35,000	35,000	49,700
Mean	32,172	35,000	49,600
Std Dev	5,463	21,213	11,905
Count	9	2	6
APPLIED RESEARCH	ł		
Median	37,500	40 060	F2 000
Mean	37,076	40,860 40,221	52,000
Std Dev	3,920	2,118	51,139 5,026
Count	127	17	5,020
			31
PRODUCTION Median			
Mean Mean	38,000	40,000	
Std Dev	37,667	39,000	
Count	3,075 120	2,646	0
	120	3	
OTHER		,	
Median	36,810	38,000	47,000
Mean_	34,642	40,325	47,000
Std Dev	4,992	7,730	9,899
Count	42	4	2
TOTAL			
Median	37,500	40,200	52,000
Mean	36,616	39,695	50,497
Std Dev	4,169	5,539	6,298
Count	316	26	64

SALARIES OF INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME by DEGREE and GEOGRAPHIC REGION 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	ніс	SHEST DEGRE	Œ
	BS	MS	PHD
REGION			
Pacific Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,800 36,996 6,096 22	41,000 38,667 4,041 3	54,000 53,000 1,871 5
Mountain Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,010 36,452 3,018 11	 0	49,550 49,550 636 2
West North Central Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,320 37,064 862 11	37,200 37,200 0 1	54,050 54,050 3,041 2
West South Central Median Mean Std Dev Count	38,500 38,542 2,326 79	40,430 39,110 2,817 6	54,500 54,066 2,192 12
East North Central Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 37,289 2,457 44	38,250 38,250 1,061 2	52,500 49,888 7,411 8
East South Central Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 36,373 3,226 15	40,000 40,000 0	46,500 44,075 6,123 4
Middle Atlantic Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,200 36,078 3,930 56	42,000 43,913 4,363 8	52,000 51,068 7,424 19
South Atlantic Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,000 34,477 5,906 59	40,000 33,400 11,605 3	49,200 46,945 6,760 8
New England Median Mean Std Dev Count	35,000 34,814 3,221 8	38,100 38,100 2,970 2	48,000 48,000 0 1
TOTAL Median Mean Std Dev Count	37,500 36,671 4,178 305	40,200 39,695 5,539 26	52,000 50,646 6,250 61

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS, SEX, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

Table B-1a

	B	BACHELORS			MASTERS		Q	DOCTORATE	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	27.1%	32.6%	29.6%	42.7%	41.6%	42.3%	48.2%	47.3%	47.9%
FULL-TIME IN NONCHEMISTRY	6.6%	6.8%	6.7%	4 .5 .0	4.4%	4.5%	% 0,0	4.8%	2.9%
FELLOWSHIP	38.9% 439	31.0%	35.3%	42.7%	41.6%	42.3%	36.6%	37.7%	36.9%
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	10.2%	13.4%	11.7%	5.5%	8.0%	6.5%	12.0%	9.6%	11.4%
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	17.2%	16.1%	16.7% 350	4.5% 9.5%	4.4%	4.5%	1.0%	.7%	ى ش تە
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.08	100.08

Table B-1b

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES

by PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1991, SEX, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	Щ	BACHELORS			MASTERS		D	DOCTORATE	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91						-), _{——} , ₁ , ₁ , ₂ — ₁ , ₂ , ₃ , ₄		
YES, FULL-TIME	59.1% 795	50.0%	55.0% 1343	51.2%	44.7%	48.5%	10.3%	9.0%	10.0%
YES, PART-TIME	8.7%	9.9%	9.2%	7.4%	5.0%	6.4%	3.1%	2.1%	2.8%
NO	32.2%	40.1%	35.8%	41.4%	50.4%	45.1%	86.6% 335	88.9%	87.2%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table B-2a

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by DEGREE, EMPLOYMENT STATUS and CITIZENSHIP
1991 Starting Salary Survey

		CITIZI	ENSHIP	
	U.S. NATIVE	U.S. NATURAL- IZED	U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT	OTHER VISA
BACHELORS				
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	30.3% 577	25.0% 24	26.6% 17	13.3%
FULL-TIME IN NONCHEMISTRY	6.7% 127	9.4%	6.3% 4	.0%
FELLOWSHIP	36.0% 687	19.8% 19	20.3% 13	66.7% 20
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	11.3% 215	9.4%	25.0% 16	16.7% 5
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	15.7% 300	36.5% 35	21.9% 14	3.3%
TOTAL	100.0% 1906	100.0% 96	100.0% 64	100.0% 30
MASTERS				
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	49.8% 109	45.5% 5	63.6% 7	21.3% 20
FULL-TIME IN NONCHEMISTRY	4.6% 10	9.1%	9.1%	3.2% 3
FELLOWSHIP	35.2% 77	36.4% 4	18.2%	62.8% 59
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	5.9% 13	9.1%	9.1%	7.4% 7
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	4.6% 10	.0%	.0%	5.3% 5
TOTAL	100.0% 219	100.0%	100.0%	100.0% 94
DOCTORATE				
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	53.7% 189	57.1% 8	40.6% 13	35.3% 55
FULL-TIME IN NONCHEMISTRY	3.7% 13	.0%	.0%	1.9%
FELLOWSHIP	33.8% 119	35.7% 5	40.6%	43.6% 68
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	7.7% 27	7.1%	18.8%	18.6% 29
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	1.1%	.0%	.0%	.6% 1
TOTAL	100.0% 352	100.0%	100.0%	100.0% 156

Table B-2b

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by DEGREE, PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1991 and CITIZENSHIP
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	CITIZE	ENSHIP	
	U.S. NATIVE	U.S. NATURAL- IZED	U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT	OTHER VISA
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91				
BACHELORS				
YES, FULL-TIME	54.6% 1208	59.2% 74	48.0% 36	78.1% 25
YES, PART-TIME	9.0% 200	9.6% 12	14.7% 11	6.3% 2
NO	36.3% 803	31.2% 39	37.3% 28	15.6% 5
TOTAL	100.0% 2211	100.0% 125	100.0% 75	100.0% 32
MASTERS				
YES, FULL-TIME	40.8% 93	36.4% 4	18.2% 2	73.1% 68
YES, PART-TIME	5.7% 13	27.3% 3	9.1%	5.4% 5
NO	53.5% 122	36.4% 4	72.7% 8	21.5% 20
TOTAL	100.0% 228	100.0% 11	100.0%	100.0% 93
DOCTORATE				
YES, FULL-TIME	8.3% 29	.0%	16.1% 5	14.0%
YES, PART-TIME	2.8% 10	14.3%	3.2%	1.5%
NO	88.9% 312	85.7% 12	80.6% 25	84.6% 115
TOTAL	100.0% 351	100.0% 14	100.0% 31	100.0% 136

Table B-3a

BS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by DEGREE, EMPLOYMENT STATUS and ETHNICITY
1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RACE		OR ETHNIC GROUP	J.P		
	AMER INDIAN	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	33.3%	30.8%	6.9%	32.6%	26.78	18.8%	30.3%	20.0%
FULL-TIME IN NONCHEMISTRY	%00	3.8%	.0 .0 % C	6.7%	% 0 0	8 6. 4	6.6%	20.0%
FELLOWSHIP	46.7%	36.5%	24.1%	19.1%	30.7%	33.3%	36.4%	40.0%
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	13.3%	υ	% 0	22.5%	16.0%	14.6%	11.3%	°°°°
NOT SEEKING	6.7%	23.1%	55.2% 16	19.1%	18.7%	25.0%	15.4%	20.0%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table B-3a (Continued)

MS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by DEGREE, EMPLOYMENT STATUS and ETHNICITY
1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RAC	RACE OR ETHNIC GROUP	NIC GROU	P.		
	AMER	CHINESE	SUBCONTINDIAN	OTHER	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	ОТНЕК
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY		32.2% 19	28.6%	28.0%	50.0%	25.0%	48.6%	.0
FULL-TIME IN NONCHEMISTRY	°°°	1.7%	%00	8 0.8	°°°	%00	5.0%	20.0%
FELLOWSHIP	%00	50.8%	71.4%	60.0%	50.0%	75.0%	35.6%	20.0%
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	%00	10.2%	%00	4.0%	% 0.0	%0	6.3%	20.0%
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	% 0.	5.1%	% 0.	% 0.0	%0	%0	4.5%	40.0%
TOTAL	% • •	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

by DEGREE, EMPLOYMENT STATUS and ETHNICITY Table B-3a (Continued)

		1991 Star	1991 Starting Salary Survey	ary Surv	. еУ				
			RACE	OR	ETHNIC GROUP	JP			*
	AMER	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER	
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	100.08	43.8%	% 0.	28.3%	53.8%	46.7%	52.5% 189	60.0%	
FULL-TIME IN NONCHEMISTRY	%0	2°.9%	%0	2,7	% 0	% 0.0	3.3%	% 0	
FELLOWSHIP	% 0	36.2%	70.0%	60.9%	15.4%	26.7%	34.4%	40.0%	
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	%00	16.2%	30.0%	8.7%	30.8%	26.7%	8.6%	% 0	
NOT SEEKING	%0	1.0%	%0	°.0	% 0.0	% 0	1.1%	% 0	
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Table B-3b

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES by DEGREE, PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1991 and ETHNICITY 1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RACE	OR	ETHNIC GROUP	Ъ		
	AMER	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91								
BACHELORS				-				
YES, FULL-TIME	56.3%	68.6% 48	78.0%	49.1%	50.5%	53.6%	54.5%	57.1%
YES, PART-TIME	%0.	10.0%	°, 0	12.3%	12.1%	12.5%	9.1%	7.1%
NO	43.8%	21.4%	22.0%	38.7%	37.4%	33.9%	36.4%	35.7%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
MASTERS								
YES, FULL-TIME	.0	63.9%	71.4%	56.5%	37.5%	62.5%	42.2%	60.0%
YES, PART-TIME	0.0	6.6%	14.3%	8.7%	%00	12.5%	5.7%	20.0%
NO	. .	29.5% 18	14.3%	34.8%	62.5%	25.0%	52.2%	20.0%
TOTAL	% 0	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table B-3b (Continued)

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES by DEGREE, PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1991 and ETHNICITY 1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RAC	E OR ETH	RACE OR ETHNIC GROUP	JP		
	AMER INDIAN	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91								
DOCTORATE								
YES, FULL-TIME	%00	6.7%	30.0%	20.5%	8.3%	% 0	9. 3. 3.	% 00
YES, PART-TIME	% 0		%0.	5.1%	8.3%	7.1%	2.2%	%
ON	100.0%	90.0%	70.0%	74.4%	83.3%	92.9%	88.2%	100.0%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

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Table B-4a

BS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES by EMPLOYMENT STATUS and CERTIFICATION 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	CURRIC APPRO	_
	ИО	YES
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	31.0% 345	28.2% 277
FULL-TIME IN NONCHEMISTRY	8.6% 96	4.5% 44
FELLOWSHIP	25.7% 286	46.0% 453
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	14.0% 156	9.0% 89
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	20.6% 229	12.3% 121
TOTAL	100.0% 1112	100.0% 984

Table B-4b

BS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES AND CERTIFICATION
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	CURRIC APPRO	
	NO	YES
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91		·
YES, FULL-TIME	51.0% 685	59.9% 658
YES, PART-TIME	10.0% 135	8.2% 90
NO	39.0% 524	31.9% 351
TOTAL	100.0% 1344	100.0% 1099

Table B-5

MASTERS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES by EMPLOYMENT STATUS and DEGREE SPECIALTY 1991 Starting Salary Survey

The state of the s		EMPLO	DYMENT ST	TATUS		TOTAL
	FT IN CHEM	FT IN NONCHEM	FELLOW- SHIP	SEEKING EMPL	NOT SEEK EMPL	
FIELD OF HIGHEST DEGREE				,		
BIOCHEMISTRY	37.5% 9	4.2%	45.8% 11	.0%	12.5% 3	100.0% 24
GENERAL CHEM	66.7% 24	5.6% 2	19.4% 7	2.8%	5.6% 2	100.0% 36
ANALYTICAL CHEM	50.7% 36	2.8%	35.2% 25	7.0% 5	4.2%	100.0% 71
INORGANIC CHEM	28.2% 11	2.6% 1	53.8% 21	12.8%	2.6% 1	100.0% 39
ORGANIC CHEM	49.0% 47	6.3%	37.5% 36	4.2%	3.1%	100.0% 96
PHYSICAL CHEM	15.5% 9	3.4%	65.5% 38	10.3%	5.2% 3	100.0% 58
POLYMER CHEM	44.4%	11.1%	33.3%	11.1%	.0%	100.0%
OTHER CHEM	66.7%	.0%	33.3%	.0%	.0%	100.0%
TOTAL	42.3% 142	4.5% 15	42.3% 142	6.5% 22	4.5% 15	100.0% 336

Table B-6

PHD CHEMISTRY GRADUATES by EMPLOYMENT STATUS and DEGREE SPECIALTY 1991 Starting Salary Survey

		EMPLO	OYMENT S	ratus -		TOTAL
	FT IN CHEM	FT IN NONCHEM	FELLOW- SHIP	SEEKING EMPL	NOT SEEK EMPL	
FIELD OF HIGHEST DEGREE		·	·	·		
BIOCHEMISTRY	28.6% 14	4.1%	63.3% 31	4.1% 2	.0%	100.0% 49
GENERAL CHEM	40.0%	40.0% 2	20.0% 1	.0%	.0%	100.0%
ANALYTICAL CHEM	75.0% 84	1.8%	18.8% 21	3.6% 4	.9%	100.0% 112
INORGANIC CHEM	46.3% 38	2.4%	28.0% 23	19.5% 16	3.7% 3	100.0% 82
ORGANIC CHEM	45.8% 81	.6% 1	42.9% 76	10.2% 18	.6%	100.0% 177
PHYSICAL CHEM	32.0% 32	4.0% 4	44.0% 44	20.0%	.0%	100.0%
POLYMER CHEM	57.1% 12	.0%	33.3% 7	9.5% 2	.0%	100.0%
OTHER CHEM	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	10.0%	.0%	100.0%
TOTAL	47.8% 266	2.9% 16	37.1% 206	11.3% 63	.9% 5	100.0% 556

Table B-7a

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS, SEX, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	m 	BACHELORS			MASTERS		Ω	DOCTORATE	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	63.5% 342	64.9%	63.9%	54.5%	45.2%	52.6%	80.08 88 88	58.3%	76.1%
FULL-TIME IN NONCHEMISTRY	7.8%	9.2 24.%	8.2%	ы 8. 4.	3.2%	3.2%	6.4%	16.7%	8.2%
FELLOWSHIP	15.4%	11.5%	14.1%	30.18	45.2%	33.1%	7.3%	8 2 %	7.5%
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	8.3% 45	9.9%	8.9%	8.1%	% 0	6.5%	6.4%	16.7%	8.2%
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	5.0%	4.6%	4.9%	4.1%	6.5%	4.5%	% 0	. .	% 0
TOTAL	100.08	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1991, SEX, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

Table B-7b

	Н	BACHELORS			MASTERS			DOCTORATE	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91									
YES, FULL-TIME	22.5% 125	17.2%	20.7%	39.78	51.5%	42.1%	1.9%	%00	1.6%
YES, PART-TIME	8.8%	9.5%	9.0%	6.3 8.8	9.1% 3.8%	6.9%	% 6.1	% 0	о. %
NO	68.6% 381	73.4%	70.2%	54.0% 68	39.4% 13	50.9%	97.2%	100.0%	97.7%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.08	100.08	100.0%	100.08	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table B-8a

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by DEGREE, EMPLOYMENT STATUS, and CITIZENSHIP
1991 Starting Salary Survey

		CITIZE	ENSHIP	
	U.S. NATIVE	U.S. NATURAL- IZED	U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT	OTHER VISA
BACHELORS				
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	65.3% 488	51.9% 14	64.7% 11	16.7% 2
FULL-TIME IN NON-CHEMISTRY	8.7% 65	.0%	.0%	8.3% 1
FELLOWSHIP	13.8%	11.1% 3	23.5% 4	25.0% 3
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	7.6% 57	22.2% 6	11.8%	41.7% 5
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	4.6% 34	14.8% 4	.0%	8.3%
TOTAL	100.0% 747	100.0% 27	100.0% 17	100.0% 12
MASTERS				
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	65.2% 58	33.3%	66.7%	32.1% 17
FULL-TIME IN NON-CHEMISTRY	4.5%	.0%	.0%	1.9%
FELLOWSHIP	25.8% 23	66.7%	.0%	45.3% 24
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	1.1%	.0%	33.3%	13.2%
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	3.4%	.0%	.0%	7.5%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
DOCTORATE				
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	71.8% 56	100.0%	75.0% 9	81.6%
FULL-TIME IN NON-CHEMISTRY	10.3%	.0%	.0%	7.9%
FELLOWSHIP	7.7%	.0%	8.3%	7.9%
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	10.3%	.0%	16.7%	2.6%
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by DEGREE, PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1991, and CITIZENSHIP
1991 Starting Salary Survey

		CITIZI	ENSHIP	
	U.S. NATIVE	U.S. NATURAL- IZED	U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT	OTHER VISA
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91				
BACHELORS	;			
YES, FULL-TIME	19.8% 153	31.0% 9	27.8% 5	41.7%
YES, PART-TIME	9.2% 71	10.3%	16.7% 3	.0%
NO	71.0% 549	58.6% 17	55.6% 10	58.3% 7
TOTAL	100.0% 773	100.0% 29	100.0% 18	100.0% 12
MASTERS				
YES, FULL-TIME	27.8% 25	66.7% 4	.0%	66.7% 38
YES, PART-TIME	11.1% 10	.0%	.0%	1.8%
NO	61.1% 55	33.3% 2	100.0%	31.6% 18
TOTAL	100.0% 90	100.0% 6	100.0% 6	100.0% 57
DOCTORATE	·			
YES, FULL-TIME	2.6%	.0%	.0%	.0%
YES, PART-TIME	1.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%
NO	96.2% 75	100.0% 6	100.0%	100.0% 35
TOTAL	100.0% 78	100.0%	100.0% 10	100.0% 35

Table B-9a

BS CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS and ETHNICITY
1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RAC	RACE OR ETHNIC GROUP	NIC GROU	ιΡ		
	AMER	CHINESE	SUBCONT INDIAN	OTHER	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	42.9%	37.5%	37.5%	42.3%	52.9%	85.7% 18	65.7% 459	33°3%
FULL-TIME IN NON-CHEMISTRY	28.6%	%00	%00	11.5%	11.8%	4.8%	8 2.7 2.7	33.3%
FELLOWSHIP SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	28.6% 2 0.0%	12.5% 31.3%	50.0% 4 12.5%	11.5% 19.2% 5	29.4% 0.0%	4 4 8 1 8 1	13.4% 94 8.4% 59	33.3%
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT		18.8%	%00	15.4%	5.9%	% 0	4.3%	% 00
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.08	100.08	100.0%

Table B-9a (Continued)

MS CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS and ETHNICITY
1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RACE	E OR ETH	OR ETHNIC GROUP	ſΡ		
	AMER INDIAN	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	0. %0	31.68	45.5%	66.78	100.0%	16.7%	60.8%	33.3%
FULL-TIME IN NON-CHEMISTRY	%0	5.3%	% 0 •	%00	% %	%00	. 4 % 4	% 0.
FELLOWSHIP	°°0	52.6%	31.8%	33.3%	% 0	66.7%	26.8%	50.0%
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	°°°	ъ. 1	13.6%	°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°	%°°°	% 0		16.7%
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	% 0	5.3%	9.1%	%00	% 0	16.7%	3.1% 3.1%	%0
TOTAL	. 0	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.08

PhD CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES by EMPLOYMENT STATUS and ETHNICITY 1991 Starting Salary Survey Table B-9a (Continued)

	J	 			•			
			RACE	E OR ETH	OR ETHNIC GROUP	P		
	AMER INDIAN	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	ОТНЕВ
FULL-TIME IN CHEMISTRY	% 0.	82.48	88.2%	66.78	100.0%	50.0%	74.1%	100.0%
FULL-TIME IN NONCHEMISTRY	%00	5.9%	5.9%	°°0	°°0	50.0%	8.2%	.00
FELLOWSHIP	.°°	5.9%	%0	33.3%	°.0	%00	7.1%	% 0
SEEKING EMPLOYMENT		5.9%	5.9%	%0	% 0	%00	10.6%	.00
NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT	% 0.0	%00	%0	% 0.0	% 00	%00	%0	°°°
TOTAL		100.08	100.08	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.0%

Table B-9b

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES by DEGREE, PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1991 and ETHNICITY 1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RACE	OR OR	ETHNIC GROUP	Į.		
	AMER INDIAN	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91								
BACHELORS						,		
YES, FULL-TIME	37.5%	31.3%	55.6%	34.6%	33.3%	13.6%	19.0%	33.3%
YES, PART-TIME	25.0%	12.5%	11.1%	11.5%	5.6%	22.7%	8.4%	% 0
NO	37.5%	56.3%	33°3%	53.8%	61.1%	63.6%	72.6%	66.7%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.08	100.08	100.08	100.0%
MASTERS								
YES, FULL-TIME	%0	63.2%	52.0%	33.3%	%00	85.7%	32.7%	50.0%
YES, PART-TIME	%0	0,0	4.0%	%00	0 0	% 0	10.2%	% 0
NO	%0	36.8%	44.0%	66.7%	100.0%	14.3%	57.1% 56	50.08
TOTAL	%00	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.08

Table B-9b (Continued)

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES by DEGREE, PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1991 and ETHNICITY 1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RAC	E OR ETH	RACE OR ETHNIC GROUP	ıP		
	AMER	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91								
DOCTORATE								. 10.
YES, FULL-TIME	%00	% 0	% 0	% 0.	%00	%00	2.4%	. 0
YES, PART-TIME	%00	%00	%0	°°°	°°0	%0	1.2%	% 0
NO	% 0.	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	% 0	100.0%	96.4%	100.0%
TOTAL	%00	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	% 0.0	100.08	100.08	100.0%

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES WHO PLAN PART-TIME STUDIES IN FALL 1991 by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY, DEGREE, and SEX 1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			WS			PHD	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
FIELD OF FURTHER STUDIES									
CHEMISTRY	50.9% 59	29.9% 32	40.8%	60.08	50.0%	57.1 \$ 12	25.0%		20.0%
PHYSICAL SCIENCE	% 6.9 8	5.6%	6.3% 14	6.78	. 0	4.8%	ő. 0		% 0
CHEM ENG	5.2%	2.8%	4.0%		. 0	% .	°°.	ö. 0	% 0.0
OTHER ENG	2.6%	4.78	3.6%	* 0.	16.78	4.8%	ö. 0	. .	6 .0
BIOCHEMISTRY	7.8%	7.5%	7.68	. 0	% .	*0 .	8.3%	33.3%	13.3%
LIFE SCIENCE	2.6%	7.5%	4.9%	. 0	* 0.	. 0	8.3%	33.3%	13.3%
MEDICINE	4.3%	5.6%	4.9%	% 0.		%0.	*0·	33.3%	6.78
DENTISTRY	.98	.9%	6,0	%0.		ő. 0	*0 .	* 0.	% 0.
PHARMACY	2.6%	.0%	1.8%	6.78	ő. 0	4.8%	8.3%	. 0	6.78
BUSINESS	8.6%	13.18	10.8% 24	6.78	0.	4.8%	25.0%	* 0.	20.08
EDUCATION	1.78	9.3%	5.48	* 0.	*0.	° 0	*0.	* 0.	* 0.
LAW	1.7%	1.	1.3%	13.3%	° 0	9.5%	16.78	% 0	13.3%
отнек	4.3%	11.2%	7.68	6.78	33.3%	14.3%	8.3% 1	* 0.	6.78
TOTAL	100.0% 116	100.0%	100.0% 223	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.08

Table C-2

BS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES WHO PLAN PART-TIME STUDIES IN FALL 1991
by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY and CERTIFICATION
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	CURRIC APPRO		TOTAL
	NO	YES	
FIELD OF FURTHER STUDIES			
CHEMISTRY	32.3% 43	53.3% 48	40.8% 91
PHYSICAL SCIENCE	7.5% 10	4.4%	6.3% 14
CHEM ENG	3.8% 5	4.4%	4.0% 9
OTHER ENG	4.5% 6	2.2%	3.6% 8
BIOCHEMISTRY	6.8% 9	8.9% 8	7.6% 17
LIFE SCIENCE	7.5% 10	1.1%	4.9% 11
MEDICINE	6.8% 9	2.2%	4.9% 11
DENTISTRY	.8% 1	1.1%	.9%
PHARMACY	2.3%	1.1%	1.8%
BUSINESS	11.3% 15	10.0% 9	10.8% 24
EDUCATION	6.8%	3.3% 3	5.4% 12
LAW	.8%	2.2%	1.3%
OTHER	9.0% 12	5.6% 5	7.6% 17
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0% 90	100.0% 223

Table C-3

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES WHO PLAN PART-TIME STUDIES IN FALL 1991
by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY, SEX, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			MS	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
FIELD OF FURTHER STUDIES						
CHEMISTRY	6.1% 3	7.7% 2	6.7% 5	.0%	.0%	.0%
CHEM ENG	28.6% 14	34.6% 9	30.7% 23	50.0% 4	33.3%	45.5% 5
OTHER ENG	10.2% 5	15.4% 4	12.0% 9	12.5% 1	33.3% 1	18.2% 2
BIOCHEMISTRY	.0%	3.8% 1	1.3% 1	.0%	.0%	.0%
BUSINESS	51.0% 25	23.1% 6	41.3% 31	25.0% 2	.0%	18.2% 2
OTHER	4.1% 2	15.4% 4	8.0% 6	12.5% 1	33.3%	18.2% 2
TOTAL	100.0% 49	100.0% 26	100.0% 75	100.0% 8	100.0% 3	100.0% 11

Table C-4

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES WHO PLAN FULL-TIME STUDIES IN FALL 1991 by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY, DEGREE, and SEX 1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			MS			PHD	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
FIELD OF FURTHER STUDIES									
CHEMISTRY	46.5%	40.3%	44.0%	75.0% 78	77.48	75.9% 126	60.0%	53.8%	58.5% 31
PHYSICAL SCIENCE	1.0%	2.2%	1.5%	1.9%	ő.	1.2%	. 0	% 0	. 0
CHEM ENG	2.18	.7%	1.68	1.9%	1.6%	1.8%	2.5%	7.78	3.8%
OTHER ENG	% r	გ. ო	% % &	1.0%	% 0	.6%	2.5%	* 0.	1.9%
BIOCHEMISTRY	8.7%	11.18	9.78	6.7%	9.7%	7.8%	15.0%	15.4%	15.1%
LIFE SCIENCE	2.3%	3.68	2.8%	1.0%	3.2%	1.8%	2.5%	7.78	3.8%
MEDICINE	30.6%	25.78	28.6% 384	2.9%	3.2%	3.0%	10.0%	15.4%	11.3%
DENTISTRY	2.8%	1.3%	2.2%	* 00	% 0	ő. 0	% 0.	*°°	% 0.
PHARMACY	1.3%	5.5%	3.0%	3.8%	* 0.	2.4%	2.5%	.00	1.9%
BUSINESS	4. c	.78	.5%	*°°°	°°.	ő. 0	*0 .	. 0	* 0.
EDUCATION		2.2%	1.0%	1.9%	1.6%	1.8%	*0.	* 0.	. 0
LAW	.0%	1.6%	1.2%	1.0%	%0	.6%	2.5%	%0.	1.9%
OTHER	2.6%	4.4%	3.4% 45	2.9%	3.2%	3.0%	2.5%	% 0.	1.9%
TOTAL	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0% 62	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%

BS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES WHO PLAN FULL-TIME STUDIES IN FALL 1991 by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDIES and CERTIFICATION 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	CURRI APPR	CULUM OVED?	TOTAL
	NO	YES	
FIELD OF FURTHER STUDIES			
CHEMISTRY	26.0% 178	62.7% 412	44.0% 590
PHYSICAL SCIENCE	1.0%	2.0% 13	1.5% 20
CHEM ENG	1.5%	1.7%	1.6% 21
OTHER ENG	.1%	1.1%	.6% 8
BIOCHEMISTRY	10.9% 75	8.4% 55	9.7% 130
LIFE SCIENCE	4.1%	1.5% 10	2.8% 38
MEDICINE	40.6% 278	16.1% 106	28.6% 384
DENTISTRY	3.6%	.6%	2.2% 29
PHARMACY	4.2%	1.7% 11	3.0% 40
BUSINESS	.6%	.5% 3	.5% 7
EDUCATION	1.5%	.6%	1.0% 14
LAW	1.5%	.9% 6	1.2% 16
OTHER	4.4%	2.3% 15	3.4% 45
TOTAL	100.0% 685	100.0% 657	100.0% 1342

Table C-6

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES WHO PLAN FULL-TIME STUDIES IN FALL 1991
by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY, SEX, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			MS	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
FIELD OF FURTHER STUDIES						
CHEMISTRY	4.0% 5	2.1%	3.5% 6	2.0%	5.9% 1	3.0% 2
PHYSICAL SCIENCE	2.4%	.0%	1.7% 3	2.0%	.0%	1.5%
CHEM ENG	73.6% 92	76.6% 36	74.4% 128	88.0% 44	88.2% 15	88.1% 59
OTHER ENG	4.0%	2.1%	3.5% 6	2.0% 1	.0%	1.5% 1
LIFE SCIENCE	.8%	.0%	.6%	.0%	.0%	.0%
MEDICINE	6.4% 8	8.5% 4	7.0% 12	.0%	5.9% 1	1.5% 1
PHARMACY	.0%	.0%	.0%	2.0%	.0%	1.5% 1
BUSINESS	1.6%	6.4% 3	2.9% 5	.0%	.0%	.0%
LAW	5.6% 7	.0%	4.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%
OTHER	1.6%	4.3%	2.3%	4.0%	.0%	3.0%
TOTAL	100.0% 125	100.0% 47	100.0% 172	100.0% 50	100.0% 17	100.0% 67

BS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES WHO ARE NOT EMPLOYED and NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT by SEX and PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES
1991 Starting Salary Survey

	Si	EX	TOTAL
	MEN	WOMEN	
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91			
YES, FULL-TIME	87.6% 169	84.5% 131	86.2% 300
YES, PART-TIME	2.6%	5.8% 9	4.0% 14
NO	9.8% 19	9.7% 15	9.8% 34
TOTAL	100.0% 193	100.0% 155	100.0% 348

BS CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES WHO ARE NOT EMPLOYED and NOT SEEKING EMPLOYMENT by SEX and PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES 1991 Starting Salary Survey

	SE	EX	TOTAL
	MEN	WOMEN	
PURSUE ADVANCED STUDIES IN FALL 91		:	
YES, FULL-TIME	96.3%	91.7%	94.9%
	26	11	37
NO	3.7%	8.3%	5.1%
	1	1	2
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	27	12	39

BS CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATE

Table D-1

BS CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by AGE and SEX
1991 Starting Salary Survey

			FI	ELD		
	CHEMI	CAL ENGIN	EERING		CHEMISTRY	
-	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
AGE					·	
20 OR UNDER	.2%	.7%	.4%	1.2% 16	.8%	1.0%
21	12.7%	16.1% 44	13.8% 114	14.0% 188	20.6% 224	17.0% 412
22	37.6% 208	41.4%	38.9% 321	42.7% 572	44.1% 480	43.3% 1052
23	32.2% 178	28.2% 77	30.9% 255	17.0% 228	16.4% 179	16.7% 407
24	6.9% 38	7.7% 21	7.1% 59	8.1% 108	4.7% 51	6.5% 159
25	4.0%	2.2%	3.4% 28	3.7% 50	2.8% 31	3.3% 81
26	1.1%	.4%	.8%	1.9% 26	2.0% 22	2.0% 48
27	1.3%	1	1.0% 8	2.2% 30	1.3% 14	1.8% 44
28	.5%	.4%	.5% 4	1.3% 18	1.2% 13	1.3%
29	•5% 3	.0% 0	.4%	1.7% 23	.6% 6	1.2% 29
30 to 34	1.6%	1.1% 3	1.5% 12	4.0% 53	3.5% 38	3.7% 91
35 to 39	1.1%	1.1%	1.1% 9	1.6% 21	1.5% 16	1.5% 37
40 to 49	.4%	.4%	.4%	.5% 7	.6% 6	.5% 13
50 to 64	.0%	.0%	.0%	.1%	.0%	.0%
TOTAL	100.0% 553	100.0% 273	100.0% 826	100.0% 1341	100.0% 1089	100.0% 2430

TOTAL

Table D-2

MS CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by AGE and SEX

FIELD CHEMISTRY CHEMICAL ENGINEERING TOTAL WOMEN TOTAL MEN MEN WOMEN **AGE** .3% .5% .0% .0% .0% .0% 21 1 0 1 0 0 0 .9% .0% 1.9% 1.5% 9.1% .0% 22 3 3 0 3 0 3 2.7% 5.7% 2.5% 2.9% 6.1% 5.6% 23 9 5 4 9 2 14.2% 17.1% 15.8% 12.1% 6.1% 18.4% 24 48 24 25 24 2 23 13.3% 16.4% 11.1% 15.2% 21.2% 13.6% 25 23 45 22 24 17 13.6% 12.1% 15.7% 19.6% 17.6% 27.3% 26 46 22 24 31 22 9 7.9% 8.9% 3.0% 8.9% 9.6% 10.4% 27 30 11 14 19 1 13 9.8% 9.3% 3.0% 7.6% 10.1% 8.8% 28 13 33 20 12 11 1 6.6% 7.9% 7.1% 6.3% 5.6% 9.1% 29 11 24 13 3 10 7 20.4% 11.4% 26.3% 12.1% 12.1% 11.2% 30 to 34 69 18 52 17 4 14 5.6% 5.1% 6.1% 5.0% 3.0% 5.6% 35 to 39 19 12 7 1 8 5.7% 3.3% 2.5% 1.5% .0% 3.2% 40 to 49

0

100.0%

33

4

100.0%

125

4

100.0%

158

3

100.0%

198

8

100.0%

140

11

100.0%

338

1991 Starting Salary Survey

able D-3

PHD CHEMISTRY and CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES by AGE and SEX 1991 Starting Salary Survey

			FIR	ELD		
	CHEMIC	CAL ENGINE	EERING	(CHEMISTRY	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
AGE						
24	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.7% 1	.2%
25	1.9%	.0%	1.5%	.5% 2	.7%	•5% 3
26	8.3%	13.0% 3	9.2% 12	4.4% 18	10.7% 16	6.1% 34
27	12.0% 13	17.4% 4	13.0% 17	15.2% 62	13.3% 20	14.7% 82
28	14.8% 16	21.7% 5	16.0% 21	17.4% 71	26.7% 40	19.9% 111
29	19.4% 21	21.7% 5	19.8% 26	9.6% 39	10.7% 16	9.9% 55
30 to 34	32.4% 35	17.4% 4	29.8% 39	37.5% 153	27.3% 41	34.8% 194
35 to 39	11.1% 12	8.7% 2	10.7% 14	10.8% 44	5.3% 8	9.3% 52
40 to 49	.0%	.0%	.0%	4.4% 18	4.0% 6	4.3% 24
50 to 64	.0%	.0%	.0%	.2%	.7% 1	.4%
TOTAL	100.0% 108	100.0% 23	100.0% 131	100.0% 408	100.0% 150	100.0% 558

Table D-4

CHEMISTRY POSTDOCTORAL RECIPIENTS

by AGE and SEX

1991 Starting Salary Survey

	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
AGE			
25	.0%	1.6%	.4%
26	2.9%	8.2%	4.3%
	5	5	10
27	13.8%	19.7%	15.3%
	24	12	36
28	22.4%	27.9%	23.8%
	39	17	56
29	9.2%	9.8%	9.4%
	16	6	22
30 to 34	41.4%	26.2%	37.4%
	72	16	88
35 to 39	8.6% 15	3.3%	7.2% 17
40 to 49	1.7%	3.3%	2.1% 5
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	174	61	235

Table E-1

FULL-TIME EMPLOYED INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS by NUMBER OF JOB OFFERS, SEX, and DEGREE 1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			MS			PHD	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
OFFERS OF EMPLOYMENT									.,
Н	44.18	43.3%	43.7%	33.3% 0	39.3%	36.4%	39.6%	52.2%	43.5%
2	33.0%	32.5%	32.7%	40.7%	25.0%	32.7%	29.7%	23.9%	27.9%
ю	15.6%	16.0%	15.8%	7.4%	21.4%	14.5%	21.8%	10.9%	18.4%
4	4 .0 %	5.2%	4.8%	11.1%	10.7%	10.9%	5.0 5.0	13.0%	7.5%
ر ا	2.8%	2.1%	2.4%	3.7%	3.6%	3.6 % 2	1.0%	% 0	.7%
6 or 7	% 0.0	% 0 0	%0	3.7%	% 0 0	1.8%	% e	% 0	2.0%
10 OR MORE	%00	1.0%	ν. α %	% 0	% 0	%	% 0	%0	%00
TOTAL	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table E-2

FULL-TIME EMPLOYED EXPERIENCED CHEMISTS by NUMBER OF JOB OFFERS, SEX, and DEGREE 1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			MS			PHD	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
OFFERS OF EMPLOYMENT									
}	47.68	38.3%	43.0%	41.7%	24.0%	35.6% 26	41.3%	22.2%	36.4%
7	23.4%	29.2% 35.8	26.2%	25.0%	44.0%	31.5%	30.0%	22.2%	28.0%
8	19.4%	22.5%	20.9%	20.8%	24.0%	21.9%	16.3%	37.0%	21.5%
4	5.6%	7.5%	6.6%	8.3%	%0	ດ ເບ. 4	5.0%	11.1%	6.5%
S	2.4 3.4%	%0	1.2%	2.1%	4.0%	2.7%	8 8 8 8	3.7%	3.7%
6 or 7	ж. "н	2.5%	1.6%	2.1%	4.0%	2.7%	8 8 6	°°0	2.8%
8 or 9	% 0	°°°	% 0 •		%0	%0	%0	3.7%	% 6, H
10 OR MORE	% H	000	4. % L	% 0		% 0	0.	% 00	°.0
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.08	100.0%

Table E-3

FULL-TIME EMPLOYED INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS by NUMBER OF JOB OFFERS, SEX, and DEGREE 1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			MS			РНО	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
OFFERS OF EMPLOYMENT									
1	34.9%	23.7%	31.18	27.3%	% 0.	23.1%	32.1%	38.5% 5	33.3%
8	20.18	26.3%	22.2%	36.4%	25.0%	34.6%	30.2%	23.1%	28.8%
ĸ	17.9%	18.6%	18.2%	27.3%	50.0%	30.8%	17.0%	7.7%1	15.2%
4	8.3%	9.3%	8°.6% 30%	°,0	25.0%	3.8%	7.5%	15.4%	9.1%
ĸ	6.6%	11.0%	8.1% 28	4 .0 .0%	%0	3.8%	5.7%	%0	4 % % %
6 or 7	7.9%	7.6%	7.8%	4.5%	% 0	3.8%	5.7%	.°°	4 0 %
8 or 9	2.6%	2.5%	2.6%	% •	%0	% 0	1.9%	7.7%	3.0%
10 OR MORE	1.7%	ж. % П	1.4%	%0	% 0.0	%0	%00	7.7%	1.5%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.08

FULL-TIME EMPLOYED EXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS

Table E-4

	FULL-TIME EMPLA by NUMBER 199	E EMPLOY NUMBER C 1991	YED EXPER OF JOB OF Starting	PERIENCED COFFERS, SEX	HEMICAL ENGI , and DEGREE Survey	EMPLOYED EXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS MBER OF JOB OFFERS,SEX, and DEGREE 1991 Starting Salary Survey	Ω		
		BS			MS			PHD	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
OFFERS OF EMPLOYMENT								,,	
-	20.7%	20.5%	20.7%	23.5%	12.5%	21.4%	38.9%	%0	35.9%
2	22.1%	16.4%	20.2%	32.4%	37.5%	33.3%	27.8%	33.3%	28.2%
ñ	16.4%	17.8%	16.9%	17.6%	25.0%	19.0%	& &	33.3%	10.3%
4	12.1%	12.3%	12.2%	υ. 9.0	12.5%	7.1%	13.9%	33.3%	15.4%
ıΩ	11.4%	13.7%	12.2%	11.8%	% 0 0	5. 4	°.0	%0	%0
6 or 7	10.0%	9.6%	9.9%	%00	12.5%	2.4%	& 3, 3, 3, 4,	%0	7.7%
8 or 9	2.0%	8 .2 .9	4.7%	2.9%		2.4%	2.8%	%0	2.6%
10 OR MORE	4.3%	1.4%	3.3%	5.9%	%0	4.8%	%0.	%0.	00
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

BS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by CITIZENSHIP, ETHNICITY, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RACE		OR ETHNIC GROUP	ıP			TOTAL
	AMER INDIAN	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER	
CITIZENSHIP									
U.S. NATIVE	100.0%	40.0%	26.8%	35.2% 38	85.9%	77.6%	97.2%	57.1%	90.5%
U.S. NATURALIZED	°°0	28.6%	51.2%	35.2% 38	4.3%	13.8%	1.5%	21.4%	5.1%
U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT	%	17.18	14.6%	22.2%	7.6%	6.0 %	1.0%	14.3%	3.1%
OTHER VISA	% 0	14.3%	7.3%	7.4%	2.2%	1.7%	7.3%	7.1%	1.3%
TOTAL	100.08 .78 16	100.0% 2.9% 70	100.0% 1.7% 41	100.0% 4.4% 108	100.0% 3.8% 92	100.0% 2.4% 58	100.08 83.68 2040	100.0% .6% 14	100.0% 100.0% 2439

Table F-1 (Continued)

MS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by CITIZENSHIP, ETHNICITY, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RAC	RACE OR ETH	ETHNIC GROUP	Ъ			TOTAL
	AMER	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER	
CITIZENSHIP									
U.S. NATIVE	°°°	1.6%	14.3%	4.0%	44.4%	55.6%	92.6%	40.0%	65.18
U.S. NATURALIZED	% •	w % %	14.3%	8 7 %	°°0	22.2%	1.7%	%00	3.2%
U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT		6.3%	%00	16.0%	11.1%	% 0 •	o, ∨ %	% 0.0	3.2%
OTHER VISA	%0	88.9% 56	71.4%	72.0%	44.4%	22.2%	4.8%	60.0%	28.5% 99
TOTAL		100.0% 18.2% 63	100.08	100.0% 7.2% 25	100.08	100.0%	100.0% 66.0% 229	100.08	100.08 100.08 347

Table F-1 (Continued)

PhD CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by CITIZENSHIP, ETHNICITY, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

			RAC	RACE OR ETH	ETHNIC GROUP	P			TOTAL
	AMER INDIAN	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	отнек	
CITIZENSHIP									
U.S. NATIVE	100.0%	3.7%	% 0	10.9%	53.8%	40.0%	91.18	40.0%	63.8%
U.S. NATURALIZED	% 0 0	% 6, H	10.0%	4.3%	%°°	13.3%	2.2	%0	2.5%
U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT	%00	7.5%	10.0%	13.0%	15.4%	20.0%	3.0%	40.0%	5.8%
OTHER VISA	% 0 •	87.9%	80.08	71.78	30.8%	26.7%	3.8%	20.0%	27.9%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0% 18.9% 107	100.0% 1.8% 10	100.0% 8.1% 46	100.0% 2.3% 13	100.0% 2.7% 15	100.0% 65.2% 369	100.0%	100.0% 100.0% 566

Table F-2

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by CITIZENSHIP, SEX, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			MS			PHD	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
CITIZENSHIP									
U.S. NATIVE	91.3%	89.3% 983	90.4%	66.0%	64.3%	65.3%	59.2% 244	75.7%	63.7%
U.S. NATURALIZED	5.0%	5.4%	5.1%	რ თ. დ.	2.1%	3.2%	3.4%	%0	2.5%
U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT	2.9% 39%	3.5% 3.5%	3.1%	4.4	1.4%	3.2%	6.6%	3.0%	5.9%
OTHER VISA	.8%	1.9%	1.3%	25.7%	32.2%	28.4%	30.8%	20.4%	28.0%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

MINORITY CHEMISTRY GRADUATES by MINORITY CLASSIFICATION, SEX, AND DEGREE 1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			MS			БНО	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
MINORITY CLASSIFICATION									
AMER INDIAN	%	6.8%	4.0%		%00	% 00	% % H	% 0 •	1.
CHINESE	19.6%	15.9%	17.5%	51.5%	56.0%	53.4%	54.5% 85	53.7%	54.3%
SUBCONT INDIAN	15.1%	6.4%	10.3%	4.4%	8.0%	5.9%	5.1%	4.0%	5.1% 10
OTHER ASIAN	27.9%	26.4%	27.18	19.1%	24.0%	21.2%	23.1%	24.4%	23.48
BLACK	17.3%	27.78	23.1%	& & & •	6.0%	7.6%	6.4%	7.3%	6.6%
HISPANIC	16.8%	12.78	14.5%	8 8 9 9	90.9	7.6%	7.78	7.3%	7.68
OTHER	23 80 80 80 80	4.1%	3.5%	7.4%	% 0.0	4.2%	2.6%	2.4%	2.5%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.08	100.08	100.0%	100.08	100.08	100.0% 197

Table F-4

BS CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by CITIZENSHIP, ETHNICITY, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

			MINO	RITY CLA	MINORITY CLASSIFICATION	NOI			TOTAL
	AMER INDIAN	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER	
CITIZENSHIP								. J. dy budde 8 en	
U.S. NATIVE	100.0%	18.8%	33.3%	33.3%	100.0%	72.7%	97.7%	100.0%	92.8%
U.S. NATURALIZED	%°°	56.3%	44.4%	33. 8. 9.	%00	4.5%	1.0%	%00	3.6%
U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT	% 0.0	18.8%	11.18	7.4%	% 0.0	9.1%	1.4%	%00	2.2% 18
OTHER VISA	%0.	6.3%	11.1%	25.9%	%00	13.6%	°.0	%00	1.4%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0% 3.3% 27	100.0%	100.0% 2.7% 22	100.0% 87.6% 726	100.08	100.0% 100.0% 829

MS CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by CITIZENSHIP, ETHNICITY, and DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

Table F-4 (Continued)

			MINC	MINORITY CLASSIFICATION	SSIFICAT	NOI			TOTAL
	AMER	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER	
CITIZENSHIP									
U.S. NATIVE	% 0	5.0%	% 0	33.3%	100.0%	57.1%	83.8%	16.7%	56.5% 91
U.S. NATURALIZED	% 0	10.0%	4.0%	%00	%00	%0	3.0%	%0	3.7%
U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT		10.0%	4.0%	%0.	%00	% 00	3.0%	16.7%	4.3%
OTHER VISA	%°°	75.0%	92.0%	66.7%	000	42.9%	10.18	66.7%	35.4% 57
TOTAL		100.0% 12.4% 20	100.0% 15.5% 25	100.0% 1.9%	100.0%	100.08 4.38	100.08 61.58 99	100.08 3.78 6	100.0% 100.0% 161

Table F-4 (Continued)

PhD CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES by CITIZENSHIP, ETHNICITY, and DEGREE 1991 Starting Salary Survey

			MINO	MINORITY CLASSIFICATION	SSIFICAT	ION			TOTAL
	AMER	CHINESE	SUBCONT	OTHER ASIAN	BLACK	HISP	WHITE	OTHER	
CITIZENSHIP									
U.S. NATIVE	%0.	%0	%00	°.0	%0	75.0%	87.18	100.0%	58.2%
U.S. NATURALIZED	. 0	17.6%	%00	11.1%	% 0	% 00	2.4%	%00	4.5%
U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT	. 0	23.5%	%0	22.2%	% 0.0	%00	7.1%	% 0 •	9.0%
OTHER VISA	% 0.0	58.8%	100.0%	66.7%	100.0%	25.0%	3.5%	%°°	28.4%
TOTAL	000	100.08 12.78 17	100.0% 12.7% 17	100.08	100.0%	100.08	100.08 63.48 85	100.08	100.0% 100.0% 134

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES by CITIZENSHIP, SEX, and DEGREE 1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			MS			PHD	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
CITIZENSHIP									
U.S. NATIVE	92.3%	93.8%	92.8%	54.3%	64.78	56.5% 91	58.2% 64	58.3%	58.2%
U.S. NATURALIZED	3.4%	4.0%	3.6%	ж « н	14.7%	3.7%	4. 30. % 10.	4.2%	4.5%
U.S. PERMANENT RESIDENT	2.7%	1.1%	2.2%	4.7%	2.9%	4.3%	6.4%	20.8%	9.0%
OTHER VISA	1.6%	1.1%	1.4%	40.2%	17.68	35.48	30.98	16.7%	28.4%
TOTAL	100.0% 559	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.08	100.08	100.08	100.0%	100.0%

MINORITY CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by MINORITY CLASSIFICATION, SEX, AND DEGREE
1991 Starting Salary Survey

		BS			MS			РНО	
	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
RACE OR ETHNIC GROUP									
AMER INDIAN	9.0%	5.6%	7.8%	% 00	°.0	%0	%00	% 0.0	%
CHINESE	16.4%	13.9%	15.5%	28.0%	50.0%	32.3%	36.4%	20.0%	34.7%
SUBCONT INDIAN	10.48	5.6%	8.7%	46.0%	16.7%	40.3%	36.4%	20.0%	34.7%
OTHER ASIAN	26.9%	25.0%	26.2%	9%6	% 0	4.8 % E	15.9%	40.0%	18.4%
BLACK	10.4%	30.6%	17.5%	2.0%	% 0	1.6%	2.3%	% 0	2.0%
HISPANIC	22.4%	19.48	21.48	% % % %	33.3%	11.3%	6.8 3.8	20.0%	α 2.4 %
OTHER	4.5%	% 0.0	2.0%	12.0%	%0	9.7%	2.3%	% 0	2.0%
TOTAL	100.08	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.08	100.0%	100.0%



American Chemical Society

1155 SIXTEENTH STREET, N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036 Phone (202) 872-4534

JOHN K CRUM Executive Director

Summer 1991

Dear Colleague:

Every year, the American Chemical Society conducts a mail survey of persons who have recently earned degrees in chemistry or chemical engineering. Published results, which include information about salaries and employment, are useful to the profession, and especially to those beginning their careers.

I urge you, as a service to your colleagues and profession, to respond to this year's questionnaire. The procedure is *confidential*. The information you provide will be combined with returns from other graduates so that only aggregated data will be available. To ensure confidentiality, your name and address will *not* be coded with the information you provide.

Please complete this questionnaire and return it promptly. For your convenience, I have enclosed a self-addressed, postage-paid envelope. Results of the survey will be published in the *Chemical and Engineering News'* Career Issue this October and in a more extensive report later in the year.

Thank you for your assistance with this survey. I extend my best wishes for every success in your professional pursuits.

Sincerely,

John K Crum

Enclosure

AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

Survey of Starting Salaries and Employment Status of 1991 Chemistry and Chemical Engineering Graduates

1.	Highest degree earned: Bachelor's] 1	How would you rate the state of computer equipment and software in your chemistry or chemical engineering classes?
	Döctorate		a. The type of computer equipment was:
	Doctorate		Excellent 1
			Adequate 🗆 2
2.	Field of highest degree:		Inadequate
	Chemical engineering	□ 01	b. The type of computer software was:
	Biochemical engineering	02	Excellent 1
	Biochemistry	□ 03	Adequate 🗆 2
	General chemistry	□ 04	Inadequate
	Analytical chemistry	□ 05	c. The access to computer equipment was:
	Inorganic chemistry	□ 06	Excellent 1
	Organic chemistry	07 	Adequate 🗆 2
	Physical chemistry	08	Inadequate
	Polymer chemistry	_ 09	d. How up-to-date was the computer equipment?
	Other chemistry	10 T] 44	Extremely 1
	Other (please specify)		Moderately
			Not at all 3
^	Please describe the school that granted your degree:		
J.	a. Public	^{」1} n∩	HIGHEST DEGREE EARNED WAS A MASTER'S OR OCTORATE, PLEASE SKIP TO QUESTION 9.
	b. Total number of students:		In your chemistry classes, did you get a chance to:
	Less than 1,500	□ 1	a. Work in teams?
	1,500 to 4,999	□ 2	a. Work in teams? Yes
	5,000 to 9,999	□ 3	No
	10,000 to 19,999	□ 4 .	
	20,000 or morë	□ 5	b. Work on independent research projects?
	c. The highest degree offered by your department is:		Yes 🗆 1
	B\$	□ 1	No 🗆 2
	MŠ		Did you participate in a chemistry or chemical engineering
	PhĎ		cooperative education program while in college?
	d. Location of school. Please give first three digits of zip code		Yes 🗆 1
			No 🗆 2
	e. Is the school an historically or predominantly black	8	s. Grade point average:
	institution?		[Use A = 4.00; B = 3.00; C = 2.00]
	Yes	Li 1	·
	No [∟ 2	In your major
	f. Is the school a traditionally women's institution?		
	Yes	□ 1 _	Overall
	No (□ 2 9). Will you pursue advanced studies in the fall of 1991?
			Yes, full-time
A	How would you rate the state of equipment and		Yes, part-time 🗆 2
4.	instrumentation in your chemistry or chemical engineer	ring	No 🗆 3
	classes?		a. If yes, field of further studies:
	a. The type of equipment was:		Chemistry
	Excellent	□ 1	Other physical science, computer science or
	Adequate	□ 2	mathematics
	Inadequate	□ 3	Chemical engineering or biochemical engineering
	b. The access to equipment was:		Other engineering □
	Excellent	[□] 1	Biochemistry
	Adequate	□ 2	Life science
	Inadequate	□ 3	Medicine
	c. How up-to-date was the equipment?		Dentistry
	Extremely	□ 1	Pharmacy, pharmacology
	Moderately	□ 2	Business management
	Not at all.	□ 3	Education
	not at an		Law
			Other

10.	Age at last birthday? years old	18	. Check the one specialty most related to your job:
11	Sex:		Chemical engineering
		,	Chemistry (including biochemistry)
	Male		Other
	Female	2	
12.	Citizenship or visa status:	19	Check the one category that best describes your
	U.S. native	1 •	employer:
	U.S. naturalized		Private industry
	U.S. permanent resident visa		College or university
	Other visa.		High school or other school □ 3
	• Vida	1 4	Federal government (civilian)
13	Race or ethnic group:		Military 🗆 5
10.	American Indian or Alaskan Native	,	State or local government 6
			Hospital or independent laboratory
	Chinese		Other
	Subcontinental Indian.		
	Other Asian or Pacific Islander		Market are assumed to water to be dead on the state
	Black (not of Hispanic origin)		If you are employed in private industry, check the one
	Hispanic	6	category that best describes the type of industry:
	White (not of Hispanic origin)	7	Nonmanufacturing 🗆 01
	Other race or ethnic group] 8	Manufacturing
			Aerospace 🗆 02
14.	Current employment status:		Basic chemicals 🗆 03
IF Y	Accepted or continuing full-time employment		Specialty chemicals 🗆 04
	(excluding summer employment)] 1	Agricultural chemicals 🗆 05
	Accepted a graduate assistantship, fellowship or		Electronics
	postdoctoral fellowship.		Petroleum, natural gas
	Part-time employment	3	Pharmaceuticals, personal care
	Temporary/summer employment] 4	Plastics 09
	Not employed	5	Other manufactures
	a. If not continuing full-time employment, are you:		
		. 21	Charleton and work formation that have described
	seeking full-time, year-round employment	1 21.	Check the one work function that best describes your job:
	not seeking full-time, year-round employment \ldots \Box	2	Teaching
	OU CHECKED BOX 3, 4, OR 5 IN QUESTION 14, PLEASE		Management or administration 2
	OP HERE AND RETURN THE QUESTIONNAIRE IN THE		Basic Research
	VELOPE PROVIDED		Applied research/Development/Design
			Production/Quality control
15.	Your base annual salary from principal job:		Other
			a. Is your job classified as a technician position?
	\$ per year		Yes 🗆 1
			No 🗆 2
IF Y	OU HOLD AN ASSISTANTSHIP OR FELLOWSHIP, PLEAS	E	
STC	OP HERE AND RETURN THE QUESTIONNAIRE IN THE		
EN	VELOPE PROVIDED.	22.	Employer's approximate number of employees (total for
			the whole organization):
16.	How many firm offers of employment did you receive in a	a	Less than 500
	field of chemistry or chemical engineering?		500 to 2,499
	.		2,500 to 9,999 🗆 3
	Specify number		10,000 to 24,999
	.		25,000 or more
17.	Professional or technical work experience prior to		
	graduation	00	Coorrentia legation of small
	Less than 12 months (or none)		Geographic location of employment: Please give first three
	12 to 36 months	2	digits of zip code.
	More than 36 months	3	
Jon	nments:		

THANK YOU FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION

PLEASE RETURN THIS QUESTIONNAIRE PROMPTLY TO

ACS STARTING SALARY SURVEY

ROOM 610, 1155 16th Street NW, Washington, DC 20036

ACS MEMBER SERVICES PUBLICATIONS

Salaries: The Society annually surveys the ACS membership, gathering detailed information on member chemists and chemical engineers. The reports based on this survey contain statistical tables describing the respondents' employment status, employer, work function and specialty, salaries, and demographic characteristics.

Reports are available for each year from 1973 through the current year. For 1987, four separate reports are available: 1987 Salaries of Non-Academic Chemists, 1987 Salaries of Non-Academic Chemists, and 1987 Employment Status and Demographic Characteristics of ACS Members.

Starting Salaries: ACS also surveys new graduates in chemistry and chemical engineering each year, and publishes reports detailing the graduates' employment status, post-graduation plans, starting salaries and other employment and demographic characteristics.

Reports are available for each year from 1975.

Professionals in Chemistry: The *Professionals in Chemistry* series compiled information concerning chemists and chemical engineers from ACS, government, and private industry sources. It detailed information on demography, employment, salaries, education, and supply and demand for the entire chemical profession.

Reports are available for each year from 1975 through 1978, and combined reports for 1979-1980, 1981-82, 1983-84, and 1985-86.

Special Reports:

1975 Report of Chemists' Salaries and Employment Status Supplement: Economic Status of Women in the ACS.

Women Chemists 1980: A supplemental report on the ACS's 1980 Survey of Salaries and Employment.

Women Chemists 1985: A supplemental report on the ACS's 1985 Survey of Salaries and Employment.

Women Chemists 1990: A supplemental report on the ACS's 1990 Survey of Salaries and Employment.

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