

STARTING \$ALARIES\$

**Of Chemists and
Chemical Engineers**

Analysis of the
American Chemical Society's
Survey of Graduates in
Chemistry and Chemical Engineering

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AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC AND PROFESSIONAL AFFAIRS
DEPARTMENT OF CAREER SERVICES

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STARTING SALARIES OF CHEMISTS & CHEMICAL ENGINEERS

1998

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American Chemical Society's
Survey of Graduates in
Chemistry and Chemical Engineering

American Chemical Society
1155 Sixteenth Street, NW
Washington, DC 20036

Available from the ACS Office of Society Services

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Each year, at the direction of its Council Committee on Economic and Professional Affairs, the American Chemical Society (ACS) surveys recent chemistry and chemical engineering graduates to determine trends in starting salaries and employment status. This report presents detailed results of the 1998 new graduate study. Summaries of the survey findings were published in the March 2nd issue of *Chemical & Engineering News* and the May issue of *Today's Chemist at Work*.

Mary Jordan and Kemie Smith conducted this year's survey. Mary Jordan analyzed the data and wrote the summary on the following pages. Kemie Smith formatted and edited the tables. Special thanks go to the more than 5000 graduates who took the time to respond to this year's survey.

Jean A. Parr, Head
Department of Career Services

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The employment outlook in 1998 showed a significant improvement in the lot of new chemistry graduates. After nearly a decade of stagnant salaries and relatively poor employment pictures, a brighter job market shone on last year's graduates. Full-time, permanent employment increased for all degrees, as did salaries. Newly minted Ph.D.s led the way, with both improved employment status and increases in starting salaries. Chemical engineers continued their bright salary picture with increases in median salaries, but their full-time employment status showed little improvement and a slight decline in full-time permanent employment for Ph.D.s.

SALARIES FOR THE CLASS OF 1998

Chemistry and chemical engineering graduates experienced meaningful increases in median starting salaries between 1997 and 1998. For the second year in a row, the news was particularly good for the chemistry graduates. Overall starting salaries for new chemical professionals across degrees outpaced inflation¹. This news must be tempered with the fact that mean (average) starting salaries in chemistry did not show as high an increase as the median starting salaries, meaning that while there were more higher salaries, there was also a persistent cadre of relatively low salaries.²

Overall, 1998 new chemistry graduates saw great increases in overall starting salaries from 1997. The mean salary for inexperienced (those with less than 12 months experience) B.S. chemists was \$29,500 this year, an increase of 3.2 percent over the \$28,511 in 1997. The median starting salary was also increased from \$28,000 in 1997 to \$29,500 this year, an increase of 5.4 percent. The two-year increase in the median starting salaries for bachelor's chemists was a resounding 15 percent – from \$25,000 to \$29,500. The mean starting salary for M.S. chemists increased by the smallest amount of all degrees at 1.7 percent this year from \$37,560 in 1997 to \$38,183 in 1998. However, the M.S. median salary rose by 2.7 percent from \$37,500 to 38,500 in 1998.

The news on starting salaries for inexperienced Ph.D. chemists was good for the second year in a row. The mean starting salaries for Ph.D. chemists rose by 8.1 percent to \$55,224, up from \$51,067 in 1997. The median salary for inexperienced Ph.Ds rose to \$59,300, a substantial 9.2 percent increase over the \$54,000 median in 1997.

Chemical engineers continued to earn higher starting salaries than those of chemists and their increases generally outstripped chemists by a considerable amount. Inexperienced chemical engineers at all degree levels showed significant increases between 1997 and 1998 in both their means and medians. The mean starting salary for B.S. chemical engineers was \$43,388 in 1998 up 6.8 percent from \$40,634 in 1997. The salary in current dollars outstripped an inflation adjustment by 5.3 percent during that period. The mean starting salary for inexperienced M.S. chemical engineers

¹ The Consumer Price Index rose 1.5 percent from October 1997 to October 1998. It is used as an approximation for inflation.

² Generally means of salaries are higher than medians because of the influence of very high salaries. In instances where salaries are somewhat close to the median at the high end and the persistence of relatively low salaries, the mean can be lower than the median. This occurs more often with chemical engineering new graduates than with chemistry new graduates.

was \$49,223, increasing by 8.9 percent from \$45,246 in 1997, and the mean starting salary for Ph.D. chemical engineers was \$63,737, up by 8.8 percent from \$58,593 in 1997.

The median salaries for chemical engineers also rose at a rapid pace. The inexperienced bachelor's chemical engineers' median starting salary increased by 7 percent to \$45,000 from \$42,000 the prior year. Inexperienced masters increased by 6 percent (\$47,000 to \$49,000) and the doctorates increased by 8 percent (\$60,000 to \$65,000).

Table 1 shows average starting salaries paid to inexperienced chemistry graduates for 1997, and gives additional information concerning the change among salaries within each group. Table 2 presents corresponding information for chemical engineers.

Table 1. 1998 SALARIES FOR INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTRY GRADUATES

\$29,422 (up from \$28,511) for the B.S.,	up	3.2%, or in constant dollars	up	1.7%
\$38,183 (up from \$37,560) for the M.S.,	up	1.7%, or in constant dollars	up	0.2%
\$55,224 (up from \$51,067) for the Ph.D.,	up	8.1%, or in constant dollars	up	7.6%

Table 2. 1998 SALARIES FOR INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES

\$43,388 (up from \$40,634) for the B.S.,	up	6.8%, or in constant dollars	up	5.3%
\$49,223 (up from \$45,246) for the M.S.,	up	8.9%, or in constant dollars	up	7.4%
\$63,737 (up from \$58,593) for the Ph.D.,	up	8.8%, or in constant dollars	up	7.3%

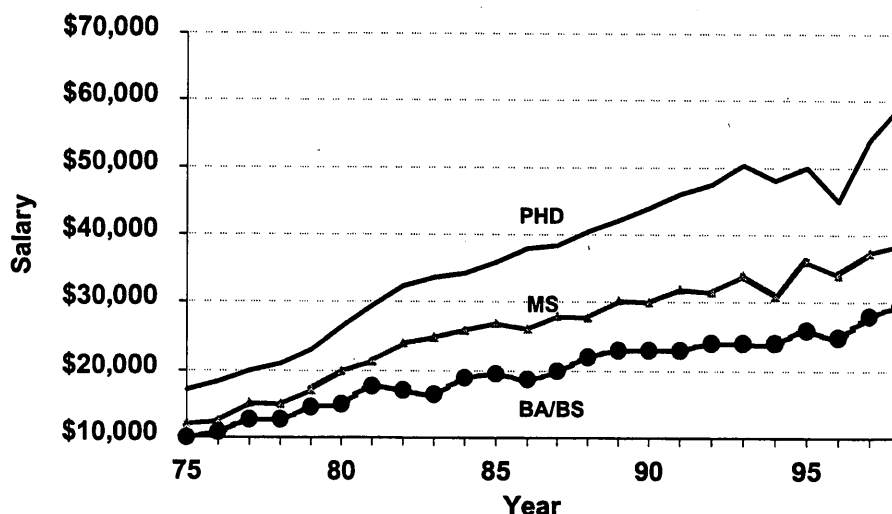
Mean salaries represent the average starting salary and are subject to distortion; usually due to some very high individual salaries. They are, however, used in statistical analysis. The median salary is used as the descriptive statistic. The median is the salary representing the midpoint of the salary range for new graduates, where half of the salaries are above the median salary and half of the salaries are below.

Overall median starting salaries for new graduates are a summary measure. Thus, any trends must be seen in the light of generalization of figures where factors affecting the responding population affect the overall median salaries. Some of these factors are; regional differences in pay structures, characteristics of the new graduates, the type of employer, the size of employer, the work function performed, and the type of industry that hires a large proportion of new graduates.

The rest of this report discusses salaries of inexperienced chemists and chemical engineers in terms of their medians. Inexperienced chemists or chemical engineers are those who have gone to work with less than twelve months prior technical experience – the starting professional. The trends in median starting salaries from 1975 to the present for inexperienced chemists and chemical engineers are shown in Figures 1 and 2 and Table 3.

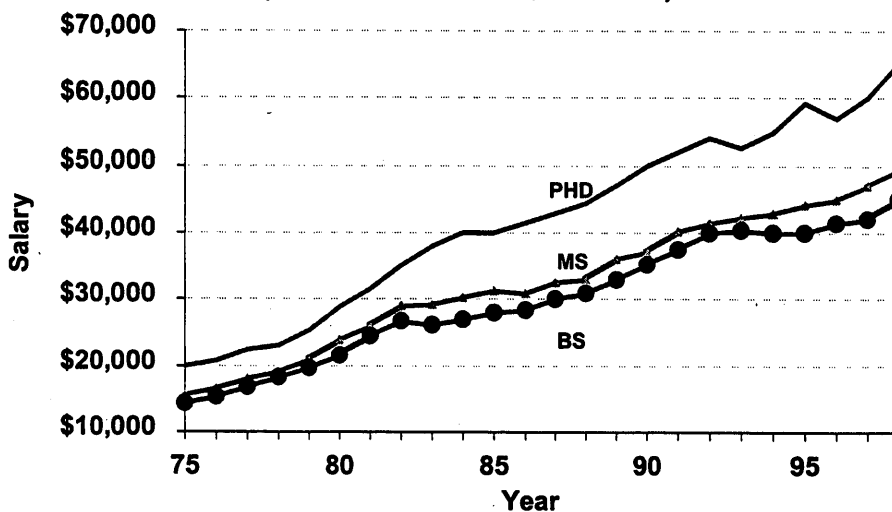
Figure 1 shows that after several stumbling years in the mid-1990s for all three degrees and a decade of stagnant or no growth for bachelor's chemists, all degrees have shown strong rebounds beginning in 1997. On the other hand, salaries for chemical engineers fluctuated some at the doctorate level in the mid-1990s, but overall, chemical engineers have posted consistent starting salary increases since 1975.

Median Starting Salaries of Inexperienced Chemists (in current dollars, 1975-98)



Source: ACS Starting Salary Surveys

Median Starting Salaries of Inexperienced Chemical Engineers (in current dollars, 1975-98)



Source: ACS Starting Salary Surveys
Note: 1994 figures extrapolated

Table 3
Median Starting Salaries for Inexperienced Graduates, 1975-1998
(by Degree and in 1000s of Current Dollars)

Year	Chemists			Chemical Engineers		
	B.S.	M.S.	PH.D	B.S.	M.S.	PH.D
1975	10.0	12.0	17.0	14.4	15.6	20.0
76	10.8	12.4	18.3	15.4	16.6	20.7
77	12.6	15.2	20.0	16.8	18.0	22.5
78	12.7	15.0	21.0	18.2	19.2	23.1
79	14.5	17.0	23.0	19.8	21.0	25.4
1980	15.0	20.0	26.4	21.6	23.9	28.8
81	17.7	21.3	29.5	24.5	26.0	31.5
82	17.0	24.1	32.4	26.7	29.0	35.0
83	16.5	24.9	33.6	26.1	29.3	38.0
84	18.8	26.0	34.2	27.0	30.3	40.0
1985	19.5	27.0	35.9	28.0	31.4	40.0
86	18.6	26.1	38.0	28.4	31.0	41.5
87	20.0	28.0	38.4	30.0	32.5	43.0
88	21.9	27.7	40.5	31.0	33.0	44.4
89	23.0	30.3	42.0	33.0	36.0	47.0
1990	23.0	30.0	44.0	35.2	37.2	50.0
91	23.0	32.0	46.0	37.5	40.2	52.0
92	24.0	31.5	47.5	40.0	41.5	54.0
93	24.0	34.0	50.4	40.5	42.2	52.7
94	24.0	30.8	48.0	na	na	na
1995	25.0	36.0	50.0	40.0	44.2	59.2
96	25.0	34.1	45.0	41.5	45.0	57.0
97	28.0	37.5	54.0	42.0	47.0	60.0
98	29.5	38.5	59.3	45.0	49.8	65.0

Overall, chemists with bachelor's degrees show the least increase in starting salaries since 1975. Even the vast improvement in starting salaries shown the past two years year, do not keep pace with the increases shown for M.S. and Ph.D. chemists. From 1989 until 1997 the new bachelor's chemists were losing ground against inflation. Conversely, chemical engineers with bachelor's degrees generally showed larger annual increases and relatively constant increases in starting salaries.

Chemists and chemical engineers with doctorates displayed a similar pattern of increasing starting salaries: they continued to show greater proportional increases than chemists and chemical engineers with other degrees. Chemical engineers started higher in 1975 and have continually increased at greater rates than chemists.

Tables 4 and 5 show the range of starting salaries for inexperienced new graduates in chemistry and chemical engineering. By comparing these tables, an interesting phenomenon becomes apparent — while chemical engineers consistently have higher median and mean starting salaries, chemists' starting salaries show a wider range around the central measures. This is reflected by the larger standard deviations for chemists. This phenomenon also holds true for experienced chemists: chemists tend to have salaries that are more diverse, higher and lower, than chemical engineers throughout their careers.

Table 4. RANGES OF STARTING SALARIES OF INEXPERIENCED FULL-TIME EMPLOYED:**CHEMISTRY GRADUATES**
by Degree: 1997 and 1998

DEGREE LEVEL Salaries	Bachelor's		Master's		Doctorate	
	1997	1998	1997	1998	1997	1998
90th Percentile	\$38,000	38,500	46,000	48,800	66,000	69,700
75th Percentile	32,525	34,000	42,900	45,000	60,000	64,500
50th Percentile	28,000	29,500	37,500	38,500	54,000	59,280
25th Percentile	23,700	24,500	33,000	32,000	38,500	45,500
10th Percentile	20,000	20,800	27,100	26,800	33,000	35,000
Mean	28,511	29,422	37,560	38,183	51,067	55,224
Count	868	832	97	111	185	205
Standard Deviation	7,142	7,409	8,259	8,290	13,297	12,722

Table 5. RANGES OF STARTING SALARIES OF INEXPERIENCED FULL-TIME EMPLOYED:**CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES**
by Degree: 1997 and 1998

DEGREE LEVEL Salaries	Bachelor's		Master's		Doctorate	
	1997	1998	1997	1998	1997	1998
90th Percentile	46,500	49,416	55,000	62,200	65,500	71,940
75th Percentile	45,000	47,500	49,500	53,063	63,000	69,300
50th Percentile	42,000	45,000	47,000	49,750	60,000	65,000
25th Percentile	37,500	40,000	40,000	43,500	55,970	60,300
10th Percentile	31,000	35,000	36,000	38,950	50,000	55,000
Mean	40,634	43,388	45,246	49,223	58,593	63,737
Count	743	416	49	26	81	52
Standard Deviation	6,711	6,164	7,672	8,044	8,486	8,170

SALARY FACTORS

As stated previously, salaries vary by the type and *characteristics of the employer* as well as the characteristics of the graduates. For instance, median starting salaries are typically higher in private industry and lower in educational institutions. The median salary for new chemistry Ph.D.'s was \$60,000 for those employed full-time in industry, i.e., the private sector, and \$35,000 for those employed in colleges or universities. For inexperienced B.A./B.S. and M.S. chemists with new jobs in industry, the median salaries were \$30,365 and \$40,000, respectively. New bachelor's chemists who became secondary school teachers had a median starting salary of \$27,100. Nearly two-thirds and three-quarters of new bachelor's and master's chemists, respectively, who went to work found jobs in industry.

More than 85 percent of chemical engineers are employed in private industry. Thus, their overall figures are closely aligned with the industrial salaries. In 1998, the new inexperienced chemical engineering doctorate received a starting salary of \$65,000 in industry, while the B.S. and M.S. industrial chemical engineers had medians of \$45,000 and \$51,000, respectively.

In industry, larger employers generally pay more than smaller ones. In fact, one of the strongest predictors of starting salaries in industry is the *size of the company*. Bachelor's chemists employed in larger firms (25,000 or more employees) started at about \$9,000 more than those employed in small firms (less than 50 employees). New bachelor's chemists were as apt to be employed in firms with fewer than 500 employees as in larger firms. Less than 20 percent of new bachelor's chemists were employed in firms with 25,000 or more employees while almost half are employed in firms with less than 500 employees. New M.S. chemists in industry were apt to work at all size firms, but the employer-size factor affects them also, with M.S. chemists starting at \$35,000 at small firms and \$45,000 at large firms. Ph.D.s tended to work at larger firms where their starting salaries were \$65,000, while the median for smaller companies ranged around the mid-50s.

For chemical engineers, the higher the degree, the more apt they were to work in larger firms. Very few chemical engineers with master's and doctorates found employment with firms with fewer than 500 employees. Bachelor's chemical engineers were newly employed in firms of all sizes, but the majority were working in larger firms. As with chemists the pay differed according to the size of the company. The bachelor's chemical engineers' salaries differed by about \$8,000 between smaller firms and larger firms (less than 50 employees and more than 25,000 employees).

Regional differences in pay tend to be tied to the type and size of employers in the region. Salaries for new bachelor's chemistry graduates were highest in the Pacific, Middle Atlantic, and New England regions (\$30,000 to \$30,600), and lowest in the Mountain and East South Central regions (\$25,000). Salaries for new B.S. chemical engineers were highest for those employed in the East and West North Central regions (\$46,200 and \$47,000) and lowest in the New England region (\$38,000). Proportionally, bachelor's chemical engineers were employed nation-wide, with a slight edge to the eastern regions. Both for those with new master's and doctorates in chemistry, the employment distribution and higher starting salaries were generally found in the eastern regions of the U.S. (See page 16 for a list of the states included in each geographic region.) On the other hand, both rates of employment and starting salaries continued to rise in the Pacific region.

Generally speaking, bachelor's chemists receive higher starting salaries if they received departmental *certification from an ACS-approved program*. This year, the overall increase in pay for those who had completed certification fell to about \$1,600, from \$3,000 last year. The overall median starting salary for inexperienced bachelor's chemists who were not certified was \$28,350; for those who did certify, it remained \$30,000 for the second year in a row. Graduates who had participated in internships also received higher starting salaries, even more so if they received certification. Most graduates who

participated in co-op programs also showed higher salaries if they received certification. For those B.S. graduates who also studied abroad as part of their program, the starting salaries showed a small increase. However, students who received higher starting salaries tended to have more than one extracurricular experience in their background. This occurrence tends to support the idea that these experiences are indicators for other measures such as self-starting, faculty-student interactions, etc. Except for those very top "A" and "A-" students, grades do not appear to make much difference in the median starting salary of a bachelor's chemist. The correlation between grades and starting salaries is much stronger among those with a bachelor's in chemical engineering.

For bachelor chemical engineers, salaries correlate closely with the grades they receive. The higher a B.S. chemical engineer's grade point average, both in the major and overall, the higher the starting salary. For example, a chemical engineer with a 'C' average in his or her major started at a \$40,000 salary and with an 'A' average, it was \$47,000.

Bachelor's and master's graduates in chemistry and who were on graduate assistantships or fellowships typically received about \$15,500. Stipends for academic postdoctoral fellowships rose to about \$25,000. On the other hand, chemistry postdoctoral fellows earned a median salary of \$40,000 in industry and \$39,000 in government.

Chemical engineering graduates received a median stipend of \$16,400 at the bachelor's and master's level and \$28,500 at the academic postdoctoral level. Chemical engineering postdoctoral fellows in industry and government started at \$40,500 and \$45,000 respectively.

EMPLOYMENT OF BACHELOR'S CHEMISTS AS TECHNICIANS

The starting job title for a chemist makes a difference. About 30 percent of the bachelor's chemistry graduates who were employed full-time in industry responded that they were employed as technicians. Those employed as technicians earned significantly lower salaries than those employed in other positions. The median salary of bachelor's chemistry graduates employed in industry as technicians was \$28,000 whereas the median salary of those employed as scientists or in management was \$32,000. For the chemical engineering graduate with a bachelor's degree, the difference was far less significant between those employed as technicians and those employed as engineers, with technicians starting at \$45,000 and engineers starting at \$45,900.

POSTGRADUATION EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Overall employment status improved greatly for the Class of 1998. Across the board, new graduates were far more apt to find themselves in full-time, permanent employment than most any time during the past decade. In addition, after a very high postdoc rate for doctoral chemists in 1997 (51.1 percent), only 45 percent of 1998 doctoral grads accepted postdoc positions. The proportion of new chemistry graduates heading for grad school fell in 1998. Temporary placements were also lower for all chemistry degrees, as were part-time statuses.

Table 6

**POSTGRADUATION STATUS OF CHEMISTRY AND
EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES:
October 12, 1998**

Major and Employment Status	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctorate
CHEMISTRY			
Full-time employed:			
Permanent	35.7%	49.3%	44.4%
Temporary	9.9%	6.6%	3.5%
Part-time employed			
Permanent	0.6%	0.9%	0.5%
Temporary	2.6%	1.3%	1.3%
Graduate student, postdoc	42.9%	34.5%	45.3%
Unemployed and seeking employment	5.7%	5.1%	2.5%
Unemployed and not seeking employment	2.6%	2.3%	2.4%
Total*	100.0	100.0	100.0
<i>Unemployment as of 10/12</i>	<i>5.87%</i>	<i>5.2%</i>	<i>2.6%</i>
Number of responses	3511	531	790
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING			
Full-time employed:			
Permanent	71.4%	61.6%	69.7%
Temporary	4.1%	1.4%	2.3%
Part-time employed			
Permanent	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Temporary	1.7%	1.4%	0.8%
Graduate student, postdoc	13.0%	27.4%	23.5%
Unemployed and seeking employment	8.0%	5.5%	3.0%
Unemployed and not seeking employment	1.4%	2.7%	0.8%
Total*	100.0	100.0	100.0
<i>Unemployment as of 10/12</i>	<i>8.0%</i>	<i>5.6%</i>	<i>3.0%</i>
Number of responses	870	73	132

*Any deviation from 100 is due to rounding.

POSTDOCTORAL FELLOWSHIPS

The proportion of new Ph.D.s who accept postdoctoral fellowships can sometimes be used as a rough indicator of demand. Because some of the new doctoral graduates who accept postdoctoral fellowships would have preferred full-time employment had it been available, an increase in the proportion accepting postdoctoral fellowships can indicate insufficient full-time employment. On the other hand, a decrease can indicate an improved market. This year, the proportion of Ph.D. chemists

accepting postdoctoral fellowships decreased precipitously to more than 45 percent (Table 6). This decrease may indicate that the booming market may still be loosening for new Ph.D.s in chemistry. The relatively strong numbers of chemists who seek postdoc positions likely speaks to the growing interest in industry, especially the pharmaceutical area and biochemistry, for chemists with postdoctoral experience

Some professional chemistry positions require postdoctoral experience, such as academic tenure-track teaching and research positions in graduate degree-granting departments and, less often, industrial research. However, not all postdocs are there for the experience needed to gain them. Almost half (47 percent) of the chemistry Ph.D. grads who were in postdoc positions in October of 1998 said they were only there because they could not find permanent positions.

Very few chemical engineering students go on to graduate school and even fewer take postdoc positions.

PLANS FOR ADVANCED STUDY

Traditionally, between 60 percent and 65 percent of bachelor's chemistry graduates planned some graduate study in the fall. That dynamic began to change in the mid-1990s when the new chemistry graduates began going into the job market in greater proportion and greater number with no immediate plans for further study.

A summary of the plans of 1998 graduates appears in Tables 7 and 8. Table 7 shows the fall plans for 1998 bachelor's chemists and chemical engineers. The proportion of new chemistry bachelor's who planned to continue full-time studies in the fall continued to decline in 1998, with only 43 percent planning to study full-time and 5 percent planning to study part-time in the fall. The vast majority of bachelor's in chemical engineering, also shown in Tables 7 & 8, opted for employment and had no plans for any graduate study: less than 13 percent of them planned to study full-time and only 6 percent planned to study part-time in the fall of 1998.

For those who had plans for study in the fall, bachelor's chemists were most apt to continue in chemistry or a health-related professional program. New bachelor's in chemical engineering mainly continued in some engineering field, most often chemical or biochemical engineering.

Figure 4 shows the dynamic shift that has occurred for B.S. chemists since the mid-1990s: the proportion of new graduates opting for any graduate plans continued to decline, while the proportion opting to enter directly into the workforce continued to grow.

Table 7
PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDY OF BACHELOR'S
CHEMISTRY & CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES: FALL 1998

Plans	Chemistry	Chemical Engineering
Total further studies	48.2%	18.8%
Full-time	43.0%	12.7%
Part-time	5.2%	6.1%
No plans for further studies	51.8%	81.2%
Total*	100.0	100.0
Number of responses	3500	865

***Any deviation from 100 is due to rounding**

Table 8
FIELDS OF STUDY OF BACHELOR'S CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING
GRADUATES WHO PLAN FURTHER STUDIES: FALL 1998

Plans	Chemistry	Chemical Engineering
FULL-TIME STUDY		
Chemistry or biochemistry	42.8%	1.8%
Chemical or biochemical engineering	1.4%	59.1%
Other engineering	1.0%	13.6%
Physical science	3.3%	1.8%
Life science	6.1%	0.0%
Medicine, dentistry, or pharmacy	36.0%	9.1%
Business or management	0.9%	5.5%
Education	2.1%	0.0%
Law	1.8%	5.5%
All others	3.6%	3.6%
Total	100.0	100.0
Number of responses	1,501	110
PART-TIME STUDY		
Chemistry or biochemistry	26.6%	5.8%
Chemical or biochemical engineering	6.6 %	32.7%
Other engineering	3.3%	13.5%
Physical science	11.6%	0.0%
Life science	11.6%	0.0%
Medicine, dentistry, or pharmacy	9.9%	0.0%
Business or management	9.4%	25.0%
Education	14.4%	0.0%
Law	0.6%	0.0%
All others	9.4%	9.1%
Total*	100.0	100.0
Number of responses	181	14

***Any deviation from 100 is due to rounding**

THE CHANGING FALL PLANS OF BACHELOR'S CHEMISTS

Traditionally, roughly one-third of new bachelor's chemistry graduates planned to pursue chemistry graduate study, one-third planned graduate study in another field, and one-third had plans for immediate employment (see figure 3). In 1998, the new graduates showed even more propensity to enter the workforce and not continue with graduate education. Those who did have plans for continued study in programs other than chemistry remained the about same proportion of the graduates as in 1997. Those who planned to continue their chemistry studies declined further, dropping to 20 percent for the first time.

This dynamic of post-graduation plans likely has several external contributing factors. Three of these factors in the 1990s were: 1.) a rapidly improving market and demand for bachelor's chemists; 2.) an significantly increased time-to-degree for graduate degrees; and 3.) a disadvantaged market for Ph.D.s that kept graduate programs filled with delayed graduations and postdoc positions.

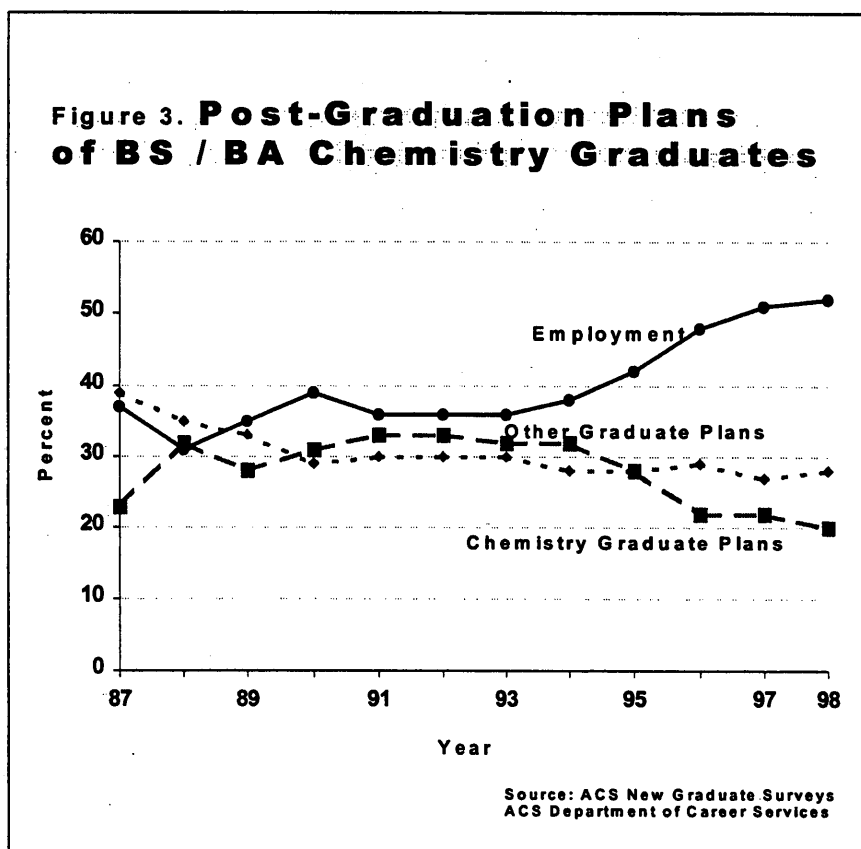
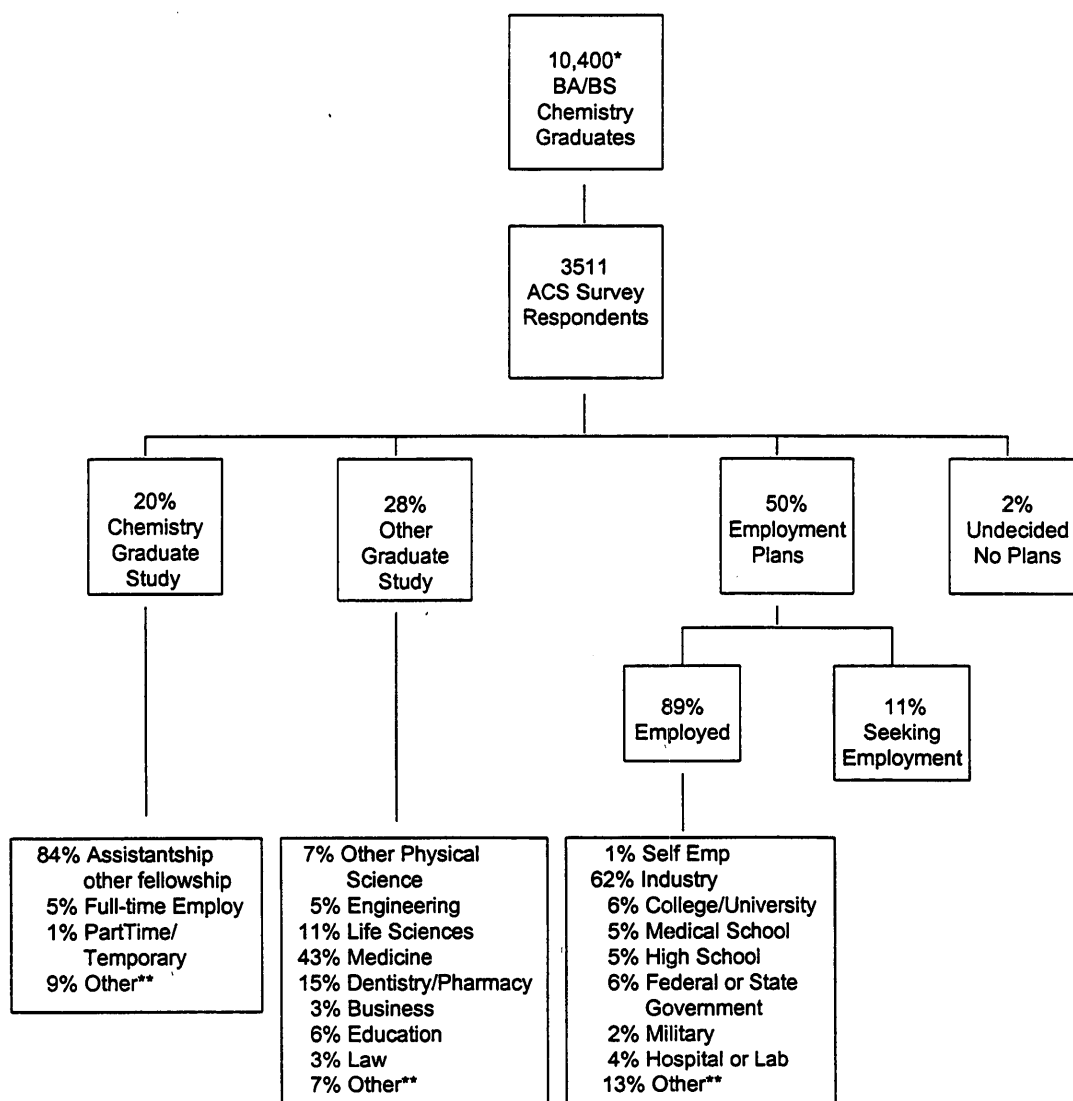


Figure 4 shows the more detailed plans of 1998 chemistry bachelor's. Of those bachelor's chemistry graduates who planned further studies in another discipline in 1998 the choice of field of study has not changed appreciably in the last decade, with studies in the health-related professions topping the list. Of those chemistry graduates who chose immediate employment, the majority chose industrial employment. The proportion who went to directly to work in industry declined slightly between 1997 and 1998, as did those who went directly into teaching. Considerably more went into the "other" category. Within the graduate plans for those continuing, most choices remained relatively stable with slight increases in those continuing in education and the health professions.

Figure 4

Postgraduation Plans of 1998 Bachelor's Chemistry Graduates



* Estimated

**Note: Totals may not add to 100% due to rounding error.

BACHELOR'S GRADUATES CERTIFIED TO ACS FROM APPROVED PROGRAMS

Graduates completing certification to ACS from approved programs are more likely than other graduates to plan further studies, especially further studies in chemistry. Forty-seven percent of the 1998 B.S. graduates certified from approved programs planned full-time studies compared with 40 percent of non-certified graduates. Of the bachelor's chemistry graduates who plan full-time studies, 65 percent of those completing certification plan to study chemistry or biochemistry, compared with only 25 percent of non-certified graduates. Conversely, 50 percent of the non-certified who are planning advanced studies, plan to study health-related professions, like medicine, compared with only about 20 percent of those who were certified.

Certified graduates were also less likely than those non-certified to be unemployed, or working in temporary or part-time jobs. Among those employed, certified graduates are more likely to be employed in industry (71 percent vs. 63 percent). The unemployment rate for bachelor's graduates of approved programs was 5.0 percent this year, compared to 6.2 percent for other graduates.

DEMOGRAPHIC COMPOSITION OF NEW GRADUATES

Sex

Women are increasingly represented at all degree levels of chemistry. The proportion of new women chemists in 1998 was 49 percent of the bachelor's, 51 percent of the master's, and 34 percent of the doctorates. This represents a marked increase in the past 25 years, when in 1972 the percentages were 19, 22, and 10 for the bachelor's, master's and doctorates respectively. The proportion of degrees granted to women in chemical engineering are also increasing, but more slowly than for women in chemistry. In 1998 the proportions of women in chemical engineering were 35 percent of the bachelor's, 27 percent of the master's and 18 percent of the doctorates.

Race and Ethnicity

Minorities, particularly Asians, are an increasing proportion of new graduates in chemistry and chemical engineering. The proportion of new bachelor's chemistry graduates who are African-American or Hispanic has increased fairly slowly since 1973, when ACS first collected such information. In 1973, African-Americans were 2.3 percent and Hispanics were 0.7 percent of bachelor's chemistry graduates. This year, African-Americans increased from 4.7 percent in 1997 to 4.8 percent in 1998. Hispanics composed 3.6 percent of the Class of 1997 bachelor's graduates and increased to 4.8 percent in 1998. Native Americans continue to comprise less than one percent of new graduates in chemistry at all degree levels.

The proportion of new chemistry graduates who were Asian increased precipitously since 1973. In that year, Asians were 3 percent of bachelor's, 9 percent of master's, and 9 percent of Ph.D. graduates. This year, Asians were 15 percent of bachelor's, 26 percent of master's, and 29 percent of Ph.D. graduates.

Citizenship

In chemistry and chemical engineering, the proportion of graduates who are U.S. citizens has decreased and the proportion of graduates with temporary visas has increased for more than a decade, especially among master's and doctoral graduates. This dynamic appears to have leveled off over the past several years. The changes in citizenship are similar between the two fields, with the proportions

of graduates with temporary visas increasing significantly with graduate degrees. In 1998, about 94 percent of bachelor's chemists and chemical engineers were U.S. citizens and only about 1 percent were in the U.S. on temporary visas. Among master's chemistry graduates, the proportion of graduates who have temporary visas increased from 5 percent of the chemistry graduates in 1983 to 25 percent in 1997 and declined to 24 percent in 1998. Similarly, among graduates with doctoral degrees, the proportion of graduates who have temporary visas increased from 8 percent of the chemistry graduates in 1983 to 21 percent in 1996 and declined to 19 percent in 1997, but rose again to 21 percent in 1998. For chemical engineers, the proportions are similar, but higher, with 23 percent of master's and 24 percent of Ph.D.s holding temporary visas at graduation.

Among new chemistry Ph.D.s, those with temporary visas were more likely to have postdoctoral appointments and were more likely to be unemployed than those with U.S. citizenship. Sixty-one percent of new Ph.D.s with temporary visas were postdoctoral fellows opposed to about 41 percent of those with U. S. citizenship. On the other hand, for the first time in the decade, the fall unemployment record for both groups was similar. Normally, those new Ph.D.s holding temporary visas have had higher fall unemployment records. This change in typical fall status is likely a result of the very good job market for chemists in 1998.

SCOPE AND METHOD

OBJECTIVES

The 1998 New Graduate Study (Starting Salary Survey) is the 48th in the series of annual surveys on the employment and future plans of new graduates in chemistry and chemical engineering conducted by the American Chemical Society. Summaries of the results of these surveys appear annually in *Chemical & Engineering News*. This year, a summary of the results was published on March 2, 1999. Also, an article on the Class of 1998 was published in the May, 1999 issue of *Today's Chemist at Work*.

The primary objective of the survey is to gather data on the starting salaries and occupational status of new chemists and chemical engineers who graduated during the 1997-98 academic year. The survey covers bachelor's, master's, and doctoral degree recipients. In addition, since 1973, the survey provides information on graduates' sex, citizenship, and ethnicity.

METHOD OF COLLECTION AND TIMING OF SURVEY

Chemistry departments approved by ACS and chemical engineering departments approved by the American Institute of Chemical Engineers and the Engineer's Council for Professional Development provided names and addresses of students who graduated between July, 1997 and June, 1998. During the second week of October 1998, questionnaires were mailed to those graduates whose names had been provided and who had U.S. addresses.

EXTENT OF COVERAGE

Survey questionnaires were mailed by first class mail on October 15, 1998 to 14,763 graduates. Approximately 1 week after the initial mailing, a postcard reminder was sent, then a second questionnaire and cover letter were sent to non-respondents a month later. A third full mailing to non-respondent Ph.D.s was sent in early December. By the cutoff date of January 8, 1999, ACS had received 5,907 usable responses.

DEFINITIONS

The term "inexperienced" as used in the tables refers to those who have 12 months or less of prior professional work experience. The term "chemist" refers to one who received a degree in chemistry. Salary tables are based on full-time employment. Postdoctoral salaries are analyzed separately. Salaries are reported in U.S. dollars.

"Certified" bachelor's degree-holders are those bachelor's certified by their department or program to ACS. The certified graduate "has pursued and successfully completed a curriculum as proscribed in the guidelines for ACS-approved programs and that ...has received the bachelor's degree." (ACS Committee on Professional Training, 1998).

For this study, race and ethnicity categories are combined to become mutually-exclusive. Hispanics may include all racial categories, but racial categories do not include Hispanics.

The Technical Notes present methods for estimating sampling error and also explain certain discrepancies among some of the tables.

GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS

PACIFIC

Alaska
California
Hawaii
Oregon
Washington

MOUNTAIN

Arizona
Colorado
Idaho
Montana
Nevada
New Mexico
Utah
Wyoming

WEST NORTH CENTRAL

Iowa
Kansas
Minnesota
Missouri
Nebraska
North Dakota
South Dakota

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL

Arkansas
Louisiana
Oklahoma
Texas

EAST NORTH CENTRAL

Illinois
Indiana
Michigan
Ohio
Wisconsin

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL

Alabama
Kentucky
Mississippi
Tennessee

MIDDLE ATLANTIC

New Jersey
New York
Pennsylvania

SOUTH ATLANTIC

Delaware
District of Columbia
Florida
Georgia
Maryland
North Carolina
South Carolina
Virginia
West Virginia

NEW ENGLAND

Connecticut
Maine
Massachusetts
New Hampshire
Rhode Island
Vermont

TECHNICAL NOTES

DISCREPANCIES AMONG TABLES

Because not all individuals responded to all of the survey items, some pairs of tables contain totals that should be identical but are not. For example, one table may group Ph.D.s by sex and another by employer. The totals will differ unless the number who did not indicate their sex is the same as the number who did not indicate their employer.

ESTIMATES OF MEDIAN SALARIES

Median salaries displayed within the cells of the salary tables are sample medians and are therefore subject to sampling error. This error could be quite large, especially when the number of respondents in the corresponding cell is small. Therefore, *median salaries in cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate their corresponding population medians.*

COMPARING SALARIES

Often questions arise concerning women's salaries as compared with men's, or chemists' salaries as compared with chemical engineers'. These and similar comparisons require caution.

Statistical tests should be performed to determine whether observed differences in salaries of various sample groups could be mere chance occurrences resulting from peculiarities of the samples. Whether a difference in salaries is "statistically significant" depends not only on the magnitude of the difference but also on the sample sizes and the magnitudes of the sample standard deviations.

Discussion of statistical tests of significance may be found in *Introductory Statistics for Business and Economics*, by Thomas H. Wonnacott and Ronald J. Wonnacott, NY: Wiley, 1990, and in other similar texts.

ESTIMATING SAMPLING ERROR FOR PERCENTS

Percents in this report are derived from the sample. If the entire population had received and returned questionnaires, most estimates would be somewhat different. How much different? Although this question does not have an exact answer, the table below does provide some guidance. To use the table, find the column headed by the percent (p) derived from the sample, and find the row appropriate for the sample size (n). (Approximations for p and n may be used.) Note the number in that column and that row of the table.

This number from the body of the table measures the precision with which the sample percent estimates the percent of the entire population. Specifically, if this procedure is applied repeatedly, about 95 times out of 100, the population percent will differ from the sample percent by no more than the amount shown in the table.

Approximate Sampling Errors for Percents

n	p=10% or 90%	p=20% or 80%	p=30% or 70%	p=40% or 60%	p=50%
50	8.3%	11.1%	12.7%	13.6%	13.9%
100	5.9	7.8	9.0	9.6	9.8
200	4.2	5.5	6.4	6.8	6.9
500	2.6	3.5	4.0	4.3	4.4
1000	1.9	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.1
2000	1.3	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2
5000	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4
10000	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0

In Table B-1a of the full report for example, 1725 respondents classified as chemists indicated their highest degree as the bachelor's degree and their gender as female. The percent of this group who are employed full-time and permanent is 39.0 percent ($p=39.0$). A "95 percent confidence interval" for this percent may be approximated by taking n and p to be about 1000 and 40 percent. The above table shows an approximate sampling error of 3.0 percent. Hence, the 95 percent confidence interval is 36 percent to 42 percent. If estimates were made at this "level of confidence" from 100 similar samples, about 95 of the confidence intervals calculated from these samples would contain the true population percent.

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EMPLOYMENT STATUS

All Chemists

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All Chemical Engineers

Employment Status	Degree	Sex	B-7a	50
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Plans for Advanced Study	Degree	Citizenship	B-8b	52
Employment Status	Degree	Ethnicity	B-9a	53
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ADVANCED FURTHER STUDIES

Part-time Study

Chemistry Graduates

Field of Advanced Study	Degree	Sex	C-1	55
	ACS Approved Curriculum .	B.S.	C-2	56

Chemical Engineering Graduates

Field of Advanced Study	B.S. and M.S.	Sex	C-3	57
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Full-time Study

Chemistry Graduates

Field of Advanced Study	B.S. and M.S.	Sex	C-4	58
	ACS Approved Curriculum .	B.S.	C-5	59

Chemistry Engineering Graduates

Field of Advanced Study	B.S. and M.S.	Sex	C-6	60
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Table Number	Page
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AGE DISTRIBUTION OF RESPONDENTS**All Chemistry and Chemical Engineering Graduates**

Age	Sex	B.S.	D-1	61
		M.S.	D-2	62
		Ph.D.	D-3	63

Postdoctoral Chemists

Age	Sex		D-4	64
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NUMBER OF JOB OFFERS**Full-time Employed Inexperienced Chemists**

Number of Offers	Degree	Sex	E-1	65
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Full-time Employed Experienced Chemists

Number of Offers	Degree	Sex	E-2	66
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Full-time Employed Inexperienced Chemical Engineers

Number of Offers	Degree	Sex	E-3	67
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Full-time Employed Experienced Chemical Engineers

Number of Offers	Degree	Sex	E-4	68
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RACE/ETHNIC CLASSIFICATION AND CITIZENSHIP**All Chemistry Graduates**

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All Chemistry Graduates

Race/Ethnicity Classification	Degree	Sex	F-3	71
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All Chemical Engineering Graduates

Citizenship	Degree	Ethnicity	F-4	72
		Sex	F-5	73

All Chemical Engineering Graduates

Race/Ethnicity Classification	Degree	Sex	F-6	74
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Table A-1

**SALARIES of CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and EXPERIENCE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS/BA	MS	PHD
WORK EXPERIENCE	Less than 12 months	Median	29,500	38,500	59,280
		Mean	29,422	38,183	55,224
		Std Dev	7,409	8,290	12,722
		Count	832	111	205
	12-36 months	Median	30,350	40,000	60,000
		Mean	31,456	39,173	56,542
		Std Dev	7,842	7,570	14,657
		Count	272	71	53
	More than 36 months	Median	35,000	40,000	58,600
		Mean	35,086	41,998	54,374
		Std Dev	9,319	10,342	12,759
		Count	107	78	80
TOTAL	Median		30,000	39,800	59,650
	Mean		30,380	39,598	55,229
	Std Dev		7,870	8,895	13,028
	Count		1211	260	338

Table A-2

**SALARIES of CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and EXPERIENCE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS	MS	PHD
WORK EXPERIENCE	Less than 12 months	Median	45,000	49,750	65,000
		Mean	43,388	49,223	63,737
		Std Dev	6,164	8,044	8,170
		Count	416	26	52
	12-36 months	Median	45,360	52,075	67,500
		Mean	45,182	51,634	67,289
		Std Dev	4,900	4,835	7,235
		Count	156	8	19
	More than 36 months	Median	45,000	52,000	68,500
		Mean	44,515	54,096	67,531
		Std Dev	6,456	12,147	12,714
		Count	38	11	16
TOTAL	Median		45,000	50,900	66,000
	Mean		43,917	50,843	65,211
	Std Dev		5,929	8,850	9,056
	Count		610	45	87

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-3

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
in PRIVATE INDUSTRY by SEX and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS/BA	MS	PHD
SEX	Female	Median	30,000	40,000	58,175
		Mean	30,461	37,612	57,688
		Std Dev	7,210	6,263	8,074
		Count	292	47	48
	Male	Median	32,000	44,250	61,200
		Mean	32,189	42,464	61,215
		Std Dev	7,436	7,918	8,381
		Count	241	36	107
TOTAL	Median		30,365	40,000	60,000
	Mean		31,242	39,716	60,123
	Std Dev		7,357	7,390	8,421
	Count		533	83	155

Table A-4

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed
FULL-TIME
in PRIVATE INDUSTRY by SEX and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS	MS	PHD
SEX	Female	Median	46,000	47,950	64,200
		Mean	44,441	48,144	63,620
		Std Dev	5,383	7,159	5,597
		Count	138	8	10
	Male	Median	45,000	51,500	66,200
		Mean	44,005	51,439	66,181
		Std Dev	5,509	8,466	4,401
		Count	225	14	34
TOTAL	Median		45,000	50,950	65,020
	Mean		44,171	50,241	65,599
	Std Dev		5,458	8,005	4,754
	Count		363	22	44

Table A-5

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and EMPLOYER
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS/BA	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER TYPE	Self Employed	Median	28,000	---	---
		Mean	28,000	---	---
		Std Dev	---	---	---
		Count	1	0	0
	Industry	Median	30,365	40,000	60,000
		Mean	31,232	39,716	60,123
		Std Dev	7,356	7,390	8,421
		Count	535	83	155
	College or univ	Median	25,000	40,000	35,000
		Mean	26,341	38,698	35,868
		Std Dev	5,617	11,506	7,847
		Count	41	7	33
	Medical school	Median	22,250	24,500	24,000
		Mean	22,766	25,230	24,000
		Std Dev	3,688	2,807	---
		Count	30	5	1
	Ele/sec school	Median	27,100	30,000	41,000
		Mean	27,088	31,960	41,000
		Std Dev	4,624	5,743	1,414
		Count	65	7	2
	Federal govt	Median	32,400	32,800	55,000
		Mean	31,476	33,267	52,202
		Std Dev	9,174	1,553	11,693
		Count	11	3	5
	Military	Median	28,000	33,500	---
		Mean	26,686	33,500	---
		Std Dev	4,282	---	---
		Count	21	1	0
	State or local govt	Median	25,500	34,400	35,000
		Mean	27,996	34,400	44,233
		Std Dev	8,316	2,263	22,611
		Count	28	2	3
	Hospital or lab	Median	23,000	---	---
		Mean	22,819	---	---
		Std Dev	5,606	---	---
		Count	32	0	0
	Other	Median	25,500	30,000	57,732
		Mean	25,850	30,000	53,077
		Std Dev	6,607	7,071	11,457
		Count	62	2	6
TOTAL	Median	Mean	29,500	38,250	59,280
		Std Dev	29,400	37,994	55,224
		Count	7,378	8,083	12,722
		Count	826	110	205

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-6

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and EMPLOYER - MEN only
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS/BA	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER TYPE	Self	Median	28,000	---	---
	Employed	Mean	28,000	---	---
		Std Dev	---	---	---
		Count	1	0	0
	Industry	Median	32,000	44,250	61,200
		Mean	32,189	42,464	61,215
		Std Dev	7,436	7,918	8,381
		Count	241	36	107
	College or univ	Median	29,500	45,000	36,000
		Mean	28,965	43,868	36,624
		Std Dev	5,563	11,247	8,619
		Count	14	4	25
	Medical school	Median	22,250	24,250	---
		Mean	23,818	24,250	---
		Std Dev	4,978	354	---
		Count	10	2	0
	Ele/sec school	Median	27,050	30,000	40,000
		Mean	27,563	30,505	40,000
		Std Dev	3,708	4,442	---
		Count	18	5	1
	Federal govt	Median	33,150	33,900	40,000
		Mean	31,787	33,900	45,000
		Std Dev	9,746	1,556	8,660
		Count	6	2	3
	Military	Median	28,000	33,500	---
		Mean	26,827	33,500	---
		Std Dev	4,585	---	---
		Count	15	1	0
	State or local govt	Median	24,796	32,800	52,500
		Mean	29,818	32,800	52,500
		Std Dev	12,032	---	24,749
		Count	11	1	2
	Hospital or lab	Median	21,400	---	---
		Mean	21,150	---	---
		Std Dev	6,531	---	---
		Count	8	0	0
	Other	Median	25,750	---	36,000
		Mean	26,073	---	36,000
		Std Dev	5,061	---	---
		Count	22	0	1
TOTAL	Median		30,000	40,000	60,000
	Mean		30,605	39,986	55,983
	Std Dev		7,586	8,999	13,002
	Count		346	51	139

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-7

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and EMPLOYER - WOMEN only
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS/BA	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER TYPE	Industry	Median	30,000	40,000	58,175
		Mean	30,461	37,612	57,688
		Std Dev	7,210	6,263	8,074
		Count	292	47	48
	College or univ	Median	24,500	28,875	34,590
		Mean	24,980	31,805	33,504
		Std Dev	5,238	9,091	4,285
		Count	27	3	8
	Medical school	Median	22,000	25,000	24,000
		Mean	22,240	25,883	24,000
		Std Dev	2,854	3,754	—
		Count	20	3	1
	Ele/sec school	Median	27,324	35,600	42,000
		Mean	26,907	35,600	42,000
		Std Dev	4,954	9,051	—
		Count	47	2	1
	Federal govt	Median	32,400	32,000	63,004
		Mean	31,103	32,000	63,004
		Std Dev	9,557	—	2,823
		Count	5	1	2
	Military	Median	27,000	—	—
		Mean	26,333	—	—
		Std Dev	3,777	—	—
		Count	6	0	0
	State or local govt	Median	26,000	36,000	27,700
		Mean	26,818	36,000	27,700
		Std Dev	4,740	—	—
		Count	17	1	1
	Hospital or lab	Median	23,500	—	—
		Mean	23,375	—	—
		Std Dev	5,300	—	—
		Count	24	0	0
	Other	Median	25,500	30,000	59,800
		Mean	25,727	30,000	56,493
		Std Dev	7,379	7,071	8,751
		Count	40	2	5
TOTAL	Median		28,500	36,000	57,000
	Mean		28,531	36,272	53,625
	Std Dev		7,108	6,817	12,051
	Count		478	59	66

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-8

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and TYPE OF INDUSTRY
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS/BA	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER	Nonmanufacturing	Median	25,740	31,500	55,000
		Mean	28,267	32,083	55,400
		Std Dev	11,066	6,391	6,832
		Count	58	6	5
	Aerospace	Median	37,500	38,500	67,000
		Mean	34,840	38,500	67,000
		Std Dev	8,077	—	—
		Count	6	1	1
	Agricultural chemicals	Median	25,000	46,500	58,000
		Mean	27,500	46,500	57,579
		Std Dev	8,273	—	6,072
		Count	11	1	7
	Basic chemicals	Median	28,000	39,000	58,350
		Mean	29,116	39,000	58,683
		Std Dev	4,157	5,657	3,661
		Count	9	2	3
	Electronics	Median	32,000	39,000	60,000
		Mean	32,634	39,643	58,247
		Std Dev	7,126	6,485	10,995
		Count	44	7	15
	Petroleum	Median	27,500	—	59,500
		Mean	28,489	—	54,600
		Std Dev	6,963	—	17,667
		Count	16	0	3
	Pharmaceuticals	Median	32,000	43,000	61,600
		Mean	32,522	42,594	62,375
		Std Dev	5,857	6,032	8,106
		Count	170	41	54
	Plastics	Median	30,800	30,415	64,300
		Mean	31,468	33,972	64,143
		Std Dev	4,450	10,703	4,051
		Count	19	3	14
	Specialty chemicals	Median	31,050	34,400	63,000
		Mean	31,444	36,280	61,853
		Std Dev	5,578	7,266	5,313
		Count	48	5	19
	Other manuf	Median	30,000	35,000	57,990
		Mean	30,964	37,282	56,382
		Std Dev	7,648	8,283	8,840
		Count	154	17	34
TOTAL	Median		30,365	40,000	60,000
		Mean	31,232	39,716	60,123
		Std Dev	7,356	7,390	8,421
		Count	535	83	155

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-9

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
in INDUSTRY by DEGREE and EMPLOYER SIZE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS/BA	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER SIZE	Less than 50	Median	26,000	35,000	58,250
		Mean	26,619	35,188	55,493
		Std Dev	6,058	2,975	11,306
		Count	86	8	18
	50 to 499	Median	29,000	33,750	55,500
		Mean	28,760	34,800	54,434
		Std Dev	6,135	7,512	9,310
		Count	168	20	32
	500 to 2,499	Median	30,000	41,500	58,000
		Mean	30,509	40,881	60,065
		Std Dev	5,316	6,523	7,063
		Count	74	18	21
	2,500 to 9,999	Median	35,000	41,500	62,500
		Mean	35,868	42,967	62,571
		Std Dev	8,670	7,704	8,316
		Count	69	12	17
	10,000 to 24,999	Median	34,500	47,000	62,000
		Mean	34,485	44,880	62,441
		Std Dev	6,636	3,267	5,560
		Count	34	5	19
	25,000 or more	Median	35,000	43,500	65,000
		Mean	35,370	41,900	64,124
		Std Dev	6,575	6,870	4,597
		Count	100	19	47
TOTAL	Median		30,100	40,000	60,000
	Mean		31,192	39,628	60,169
	Std Dev		7,367	7,391	8,429
	Count		531	82	154

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-10

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and WORK FUNCTION
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS/BA	MS	PHD
1ST WORK FUNCTION	Teaching	Median	27,050	31,000	36,500
		Mean	27,152	34,372	38,671
		Std Dev	4,410	7,700	8,039
		Count	70	10	30
	Management	Median	28,000	—	59,280
		Mean	29,300	—	55,556
		Std Dev	9,181	—	8,718
		Count	46	0	5
	Research	Median	30,000	42,000	61,000
		Mean	30,294	40,232	59,379
		Std Dev	6,714	8,547	11,394
		Count	220	50	104
	Dev & design	Median	34,250	40,000	59,000
		Mean	33,860	38,744	57,620
		Std Dev	6,205	5,822	9,401
		Count	66	18	43
	Production	Median	29,000	35,000	60,500
		Mean	28,469	34,910	57,325
		Std Dev	6,117	8,391	13,020
		Count	260	19	12
	Professional svcs	Median	28,050	33,500	54,000
		Mean	30,179	37,417	52,600
		Std Dev	9,332	11,935	10,807
		Count	66	6	5
	Other	Median	27,500	37,500	42,000
		Mean	28,536	37,225	48,600
		Std Dev	10,102	6,711	11,014
		Count	101	8	5
TOTAL	Median		29,500	38,500	59,290
	Mean		29,462	38,183	55,318
	Std Dev		7,392	8,290	12,682
	Count		829	111	204

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-11

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and GEOGRAPHIC REGION
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS/BA	MS	PHD
REGION	Pacific	Median	30,000	40,000	58,250
		Mean	29,173	38,254	58,014
		Std Dev	7,393	6,399	11,169
		Count	114	10	22
	Mountain	Median	26,000	41,000	60,000
		Mean	27,355	39,467	56,073
		Std Dev	11,376	7,185	11,621
		Count	37	6	7
	West	Median	28,000	33,000	56,750
		Mean	28,779	34,667	52,617
	North	Std Dev	7,036	11,244	14,635
		Count	63	9	15
	Central	Median	27,000	33,000	59,000
		Mean	28,422	33,667	54,515
	South	Std Dev	10,121	6,802	13,169
		Count	33	6	20
	East	Median	30,000	37,500	58,500
		Mean	29,493	36,825	52,010
	Central	Std Dev	6,177	7,022	13,054
		Count	158	23	39
	East	Median	25,000	30,000	40,000
		Mean	25,935	31,667	42,500
	South	Std Dev	6,305	7,638	8,813
		Count	33	3	4
	Middle Atlantic	Median	30,585	43,500	62,500
		Mean	30,706	41,912	61,772
		Std Dev	7,045	10,145	9,154
		Count	169	22	44
	South Atlantic	Median	27,750	34,000	52,000
		Mean	28,824	34,523	50,581
		Std Dev	7,550	6,715	12,388
		Count	132	15	28
	New England	Median	30,000	45,750	59,300
		Mean	31,619	44,079	56,596
		Std Dev	7,357	4,352	14,526
		Count	56	14	23
TOTAL	Median	Mean	29,500	38,750	59,400
		Std Dev	29,395	38,262	55,360
		Count	7,482	8,381	12,753
		Count	795	108	202

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-12

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED B.S. CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
by EMPLOYER and CERTIFICATION
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			CERTIFIED TO ACS		TOTAL
			No	Yes	
EMPLOYER TYPE	Self	Median	28,000	---	28,000
	Employed	Mean	28,000	---	28,000
		Std Dev	---	---	---
		Count	1	0	1
	Industry	Median	30,000	32,000	30,365
		Mean	30,941	31,635	31,232
		Std Dev	7,937	6,458	7,356
		Count	311	224	535
	College or univ	Median	25,000	30,000	25,000
		Mean	24,982	30,046	26,341
		Std Dev	4,984	5,790	5,617
		Count	30	11	41
	Medical school	Median	22,000	24,000	22,250
		Mean	22,297	23,859	22,766
		Std Dev	3,382	4,334	3,688
		Count	21	9	30
	Ele/sec school	Median	27,324	26,279	27,100
		Mean	27,323	26,051	27,088
		Std Dev	4,457	5,388	4,624
		Count	53	12	65
	Federal govt	Median	33,325	32,400	32,400
		Mean	32,018	31,166	31,476
		Std Dev	9,299	9,834	9,174
		Count	4	7	11
	Military	Median	29,000	26,000	28,000
		Mean	27,309	26,000	26,686
		Std Dev	5,270	2,981	4,282
		Count	11	10	21
	State or local govt	Median	26,240	23,500	25,500
		Mean	28,122	27,771	27,996
		Std Dev	7,259	10,386	8,316
		Count	18	10	28
	Hospital or lab	Median	23,000	23,500	23,000
		Mean	23,079	22,038	22,819
		Std Dev	6,098	4,012	5,606
		Count	24	8	32
	Other	Median	25,500	26,673	25,500
		Mean	25,617	26,195	25,850
		Std Dev	7,153	5,832	6,607
		Count	37	25	62
TOTAL	Median		28,350	30,000	29,500
	Mean		28,928	30,162	29,400
	Std Dev		7,643	6,871	7,378
	Count		510	316	826

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-13

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and DEGREE SPECIALTY
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS/BA	MS	PHD
FIELD OF DEGREE	Analytical chemistry	Median	—	36,750	57,500
		Mean	—	38,069	53,437
		Std Dev	—	8,445	13,199
		Count	0	26	53
	Biochemistry	Median	28,000	35,000	53,000
		Mean	27,937	36,571	51,500
		Std Dev	7,124	9,981	12,483
		Count	158	7	10
	Environmental chemistry	Median	27,900	40,000	42,000
		Mean	30,140	38,667	42,000
		Std Dev	5,955	2,309	—
		Count	15	3	1
	General chemistry	Median	30,000	37,000	60,000
		Mean	29,759	37,987	60,000
		Std Dev	7,534	9,588	—
		Count	639	15	1
	Inorganic chemistry	Median	—	35,000	57,240
		Mean	—	34,720	53,935
		Std Dev	—	6,881	12,429
		Count	0	7	32
	Med/Pharm chemistry	Median	—	—	55,000
		Mean	—	—	55,000
		Std Dev	—	—	—
		Count	0	0	1
	Organic chemistry	Median	—	42,000	60,000
		Mean	—	40,045	57,488
		Std Dev	—	8,097	12,822
		Count	0	32	65
	Physical chemistry	Median	—	34,250	61,000
		Mean	—	37,790	56,116
		Std Dev	—	9,830	14,402
		Count	0	10	19
	Polymer chemistry	Median	—	41,000	60,000
		Mean	—	40,625	56,321
		Std Dev	—	4,385	12,250
		Count	0	4	12
	Other chemistry	Median	—	35,000	53,000
		Mean	—	36,267	52,071
		Std Dev	—	4,244	10,192
		Count	0	3	7
	Math, science & engineering	Median	29,000	39,750	62,000
		Mean	32,350	39,750	62,000
		Std Dev	8,252	8,839	7,071
		Count	4	2	2
	Chemical Education	Median	28,920	28,523	58,500
		Mean	29,249	28,523	58,500
		Std Dev	4,268	—	—
		Count	16	1	1
	Other	Median	—	25,000	65,000
		Mean	—	25,000	65,000
		Std Dev	—	—	—
		Count	0	1	1
TOTAL	Median	Median	29,500	38,500	59,280
		Mean	29,422	38,183	55,224
		Std Dev	7,409	8,290	12,722
		Count	832	111	205

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-14

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and EMPLOYER
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER TYPE	Self Employed	Median	---	---	24,000
		Mean	---	---	24,000
		Std Dev	---	---	---
		Count	0	0	1
	Industry	Median	45,000	50,950	65,020
		Mean	44,148	50,241	65,599
		Std Dev	5,502	8,005	4,754
		Count	365	22	44
	College or univ	Median	42,100	---	52,500
		Mean	40,010	---	52,250
		Std Dev	10,578	---	2,500
		Count	10	0	4
	Federal govt	Median	40,000	---	---
		Mean	40,149	---	---
		Std Dev	5,080	---	---
		Count	12	0	0
	Military	Median	37,600	---	---
		Mean	36,900	---	---
		Std Dev	7,671	---	---
		Count	6	0	0
	State or local govt	Median	32,000	---	---
		Mean	33,720	---	---
		Std Dev	4,647	---	---
		Count	5	0	0
	Other	Median	35,000	44,000	60,000
		Mean	36,382	43,625	65,000
		Std Dev	8,165	6,421	8,660
		Count	17	4	3
TOTAL	Median		45,000	49,750	65,000
	Mean		43,384	49,223	63,737
	Std Dev		6,171	8,044	8,170
	Count		415	26	52

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-15

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and EMPLOYER - MEN only
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER TYPE	Self Employed	Median	---	---	24,000
		Mean	---	---	24,000
		Std Dev	---	---	---
		Count	0	0	1
	Industry	Median	45,000	51,500	66,200
		Mean	44,005	51,439	66,181
		Std Dev	5,509	8,466	4,401
		Count	225	14	34
	College or univ	Median	40,200	---	52,500
		Mean	38,443	---	52,250
		Std Dev	12,444	---	2,500
		Count	7	0	4
	Federal govmt	Median	42,000	---	---
		Mean	41,704	---	---
		Std Dev	3,008	---	---
		Count	8	0	0
	Military	Median	35,600	---	---
		Mean	35,600	---	---
		Std Dev	10,748	---	---
		Count	2	0	0
	State or local govmt	Median	32,000	---	---
		Mean	34,250	---	---
		Std Dev	5,188	---	---
		Count	4	0	0
	Other	Median	34,000	44,000	60,000
		Mean	35,050	43,625	65,000
		Std Dev	9,822	6,421	8,660
		Count	10	4	3
TOTAL	Median		44,100	49,750	65,000
	Mean		43,213	49,702	63,765
	Std Dev		6,349	8,559	8,727
	Count		256	18	42

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-16

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and EMPLOYER - WOMEN only
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER TYPE	Industry	Median	46,000	47,950	64,200
		Mean	44,441	48,144	63,620
		Std Dev	5,383	7,159	5,597
		Count	138	8	10
	College or univ	Median	45,000	—	—
		Mean	43,667	—	—
		Std Dev	3,215	—	—
		Count	3	0	0
	Federal govmt	Median	36,075	—	—
		Mean	37,038	—	—
		Std Dev	7,360	—	—
		Count	4	0	0
	Military	Median	38,050	—	—
		Mean	37,550	—	—
		Std Dev	7,607	—	—
		Count	4	0	0
	State or local govmt	Median	31,600	—	—
		Mean	31,600	—	—
		Std Dev	—	—	—
		Count	1	0	0
	Other	Median	39,000	—	—
		Mean	38,286	—	—
		Std Dev	5,090	—	—
		Count	7	0	0
TOTAL	Median	Median	45,000	47,950	64,200
		Mean	43,706	48,144	63,620
		Std Dev	5,795	7,159	5,597
		Count	157	8	10

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-17

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and TYPE OF INDUSTRY
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER	Nonmanufacturing	Median	42,000	55,000	65,000
		Mean	41,636	56,118	65,000
		Std Dev	4,894	8,380	—
		Count	31	3	1
	Aerospace	Median	43,550	42,000	—
		Mean	44,225	42,000	—
		Std Dev	1,793	—	—
		Count	4	1	0
	Agricultural chemicals	Median	48,000	—	—
		Mean	47,133	—	—
		Std Dev	3,192	—	—
		Count	6	0	0
	Basic chemicals	Median	47,500	61,000	63,520
		Mean	45,989	61,000	63,520
		Std Dev	4,228	—	2,150
		Count	25	1	2
	Electronics	Median	43,500	46,888	67,200
		Mean	43,241	47,778	65,313
		Std Dev	5,041	3,221	7,308
		Count	32	5	8
	Petroleum	Median	47,100	52,000	69,850
		Mean	47,369	52,000	69,688
		Std Dev	5,511	1,414	1,713
		Count	47	2	8
	Pharmaceuticals	Median	45,500	52,625	64,500
		Mean	43,979	54,188	64,000
		Std Dev	5,835	11,382	3,347
		Count	36	4	6
	Plastics	Median	46,500	44,000	66,000
		Mean	43,855	44,000	66,467
		Std Dev	5,312	—	3,204
		Count	27	1	6
	Specialty chemicals	Median	45,950	53,400	69,650
		Mean	44,578	53,400	69,650
		Std Dev	4,005	—	3,041
		Count	44	1	2
	Other manuf	Median	45,000	45,450	64,000
		Mean	43,142	44,225	62,927
		Std Dev	6,005	8,029	4,261
		Count	113	4	11
TOTAL	Median		45,000	50,950	65,020
	Mean		44,148	50,241	65,599
	Std Dev		5,502	8,005	4,754
	Count		365	22	44

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-18

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME
in INDUSTRY by DEGREE and EMPLOYER SIZE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS	MS	PHD
EMPLOYER SIZE	Less than 50	Median	38,960	46,888	---
		Mean	38,356	46,888	---
		Std Dev	3,544	---	---
		Count	20	1	0
	50 to 499	Median	40,000	45,000	60,500
		Mean	39,772	47,179	62,250
		Std Dev	7,045	9,335	7,762
		Count	66	7	4
	500 to 2,499	Median	42,500	53,000	64,000
		Mean	42,806	53,000	64,033
		Std Dev	4,890	11,314	5,473
		Count	47	2	6
	2,500 to 9,999	Median	45,000	55,000	67,000
		Mean	44,205	55,000	66,925
		Std Dev	4,649	---	2,844
		Count	47	1	4
	10,000 to 24,999	Median	46,750	61,250	64,000
		Mean	46,404	61,250	65,120
		Std Dev	3,061	11,667	4,090
		Count	58	2	5
	25,000 or more	Median	47,000	51,500	67,000
		Mean	46,898	50,581	66,394
		Std Dev	3,586	3,702	4,408
		Count	124	8	25
TOTAL	Median		45,000	51,000	65,020
	Mean		44,167	50,728	65,599
	Std Dev		5,502	7,861	4,754
	Count		362	21	44

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and WORK FUNCTION
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS	MS	PHD
1ST WORK FUNCTION	Teaching	Median	44,100	---	52,500
		Mean	44,100	---	52,250
		Std Dev	0	---	2,500
		Count	2	0	4
	Management	Median	43,000	---	---
		Mean	42,452	---	---
		Std Dev	6,515	---	---
		Count	39	0	0
	Research	Median	44,500	42,000	65,000
		Mean	42,902	46,678	64,842
		Std Dev	5,573	13,451	3,898
		Count	36	5	19
	Dev & design	Median	46,000	52,000	65,400
		Mean	44,280	49,230	66,215
		Std Dev	5,833	7,183	5,361
		Count	115	5	23
	Production	Median	45,600	48,750	64,000
		Mean	44,286	47,613	61,467
		Std Dev	6,180	4,271	5,278
		Count	126	8	3
	Professional svcs	Median	43,100	48,353	67,000
		Mean	41,847	47,784	67,000
		Std Dev	5,700	2,548	---
		Count	58	3	1
	Other	Median	42,000	55,000	49,500
		Mean	41,542	55,200	49,500
		Std Dev	7,249	8,786	36,062
		Count	40	5	2
TOTAL	Median		45,000	49,750	65,000
	Mean		43,388	49,223	63,737
	Std Dev		6,164	8,044	8,170
	Count		416	26	52

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-20

**SALARIES of INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS employed
FULL-TIME
by DEGREE and GEOGRAPHIC REGION
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE		
			BS	MS	PHD
REGION	Pacific	Median	44,700	45,000	64,500
		Mean	44,204	45,000	60,650
		Std Dev	7,826	3,000	14,399
		Count	55	3	10
	Mountain	Median	40,000	52,500	—
		Mean	40,364	52,500	—
		Std Dev	5,316	—	—
		Count	11	1	0
	West	Median	44,000	—	64,200
		Mean	41,784	—	62,886
	North	Std Dev	7,256	—	6,021
		Count	55	0	7
	Central	Median	47,000	49,500	68,500
		Mean	45,983	47,239	66,400
	West	Std Dev	4,617	6,302	6,476
		Count	85	9	12
	South	Median	45,000	53,250	67,000
		Mean	43,524	53,250	66,880
	Central	Std Dev	5,244	—	2,339
		Count	63	1	5
	East	Median	46,200	—	62,000
		Mean	43,823	—	62,000
	South	Std Dev	4,809	—	—
		Count	21	0	1
	Middle	Median	45,000	48,444	64,500
		Mean	42,852	50,148	63,105
	Atlantic	Std Dev	6,569	8,094	5,549
		Count	51	6	8
	South	Median	44,100	51,000	64,500
		Mean	42,424	48,700	63,767
	Atlantic	Std Dev	5,540	10,257	5,190
		Count	48	5	6
	New	Median	38,000	69,500	65,500
		Mean	38,464	69,500	65,500
	England	Std Dev	3,854	—	13,435
		Count	18	1	2
TOTAL	Median	Mean	45,000	49,750	65,000
		Std Dev	43,386	49,223	63,889
		Count	6,198	8,044	8,177
		Count	407	26	51

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table A-21

**STIPENDS/FELLOWSHIPS/SUPPORT of GRAD STUDENTS/POSTDOCS
CHEMISTS and CHEMICAL ENGINEERS by DEGREE and EMPLOYER SECTOR
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

			DEGREE					
			BS/BA Chem	MS Chem	PHD Chem	BS Chem eng	MS Chem eng	PHD Chem eng
EMPLOYER SECTOR	Academic	Median	15,500	15,150	25,000	16,400	16,500	28,700
		Mean	15,931	15,825	25,707	16,362	16,725	28,295
		Std Dev	3,268	3,054	4,647	3,266	1,954	3,139
		Count	646	128	270	63	12	19
	Business/Industry	Median	24,000	29,250	40,000	47,000	75,000	58,320
		Mean	24,841	31,125	39,841	43,166	75,000	55,440
		Std Dev	9,057	18,140	6,093	11,410	—	22,141
		Count	27	4	22	10	1	3
	Govmt	Median	28,000	30,000	39,000	—	—	45,000
		Mean	28,585	30,000	39,683	—	—	44,286
		Std Dev	6,657	—	8,244	—	—	4,386
		Count	13	1	47	0	0	7
	Other	Median	21,000	15,500	25,000	—	—	45,000
		Mean	22,668	15,500	26,958	—	—	45,000
		Std Dev	8,711	707	4,731	—	—	—
		Count	20	2	12	0	0	1
TOTAL	Median		15,800	15,500	26,000	17,000	17,000	30,000
	Mean		16,696	16,379	28,507	20,034	21,208	35,297
	Std Dev		4,721	4,939	7,709	10,563	16,270	11,864
	Count		706	135	351	73	13	30

Note: Cells with fewer than 15 respondents should not be used to estimate medians. See Technical Notes p.17.

Table B-1a

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS, SEX, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE								
		BS/BA			MS			PHD		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male		Female	Male	
EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time perm	39.2%	32.2%	35.7%	48.3%	50.4%	49.3%	40.3%	46.6%	44.5%
		676	572	1248	129	132	261	108	242	350
	Fulltime temp	10.4%	9.4%	9.9%	6.7%	6.5%	6.6%	3.4%	3.7%	3.6%
		179	166	345	18	17	35	9	19	28
	Postdoc/grad	38.2%	47.6%	43.0%	32.6%	36.3%	34.4%	43.7%	46.1%	45.2%
		659	845	1504	87	95	182	117	239	356
	Parttime perm	.8%	.5%	.6%	1.5%	.4%	.9%	1.1%	.2%	.5%
		13	9	22	4	1	5	3	1	4
	Parttime temp	2.8%	2.4%	2.6%	1.9%	.8%	1.3%	3.4%	.2%	1.3%
		49	42	91	5	2	7	9	1	10
	Not empl seek	5.6%	5.8%	5.7%	6.0%	4.2%	5.1%	3.0%	2.3%	2.5%
		96	103	199	16	11	27	8	12	20
	Not empl not seek	3.1%	2.1%	2.6%	3.0%	1.5%	2.3%	5.2%	1.0%	2.4%
		53	38	91	8	4	12	14	5	19
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		49.3%	50.7%	100.0%	50.5%	49.5%	100.0%	34.1%	65.9%	100.0%
		1725	1775	3500	267	262	529	268	519	787

Table B-1b

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1998, SEX, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE					
		BS/BA			MS		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male	
ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?	Yes, Fulltime	38.2%	47.6%	43.0%	32.6%	36.3%	34.4%
		659	845	1504	87	95	182
	Yes, Parttime	5.2%	5.2%	5.2%	3.0%	8.8%	5.9%
		90	93	183	8	23	31
	No	56.6%	47.2%	51.8%	64.4%	55.0%	59.7%
Total		976	837	1813	172	144	316
		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		49.3%	50.7%	100.0%	50.5%	49.5%	100.0%
		1725	1775	3500	267	262	529

Table B-2a

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS, CITIZENSHIP, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

				CITIZENSHIP				Total
				US Native	US Natlized	US Perm Res	Temp visa	
DEGREE	BS/BA	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time	36.0%	33.4%	36.0%	23.1%	35.7%
			perm	1080	99	58	9	1246
			Fulltime	9.4%	11.8%	14.3%	7.7%	9.8%
			temp	281	35	23	3	342
		EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Postdoc/grad	44.2%	37.8%	29.2%	51.3%	43.0%
				1325	112	47	20	1504
			Parttime	.7%	.3%	.6%	.0%	.6%
			perm	20	1	1	0	22
		EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Parttime	2.6%	2.0%	4.3%	2.6%	2.6%
			temp	77	6	7	1	91
			Not empl	5.0%	9.8%	9.3%	12.8%	5.7%
			seek	150	29	15	5	199
		EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Not empl not	2.2%	4.7%	6.2%	2.6%	2.6%
			seek	66	14	10	1	91
	MS	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time	53.5%	39.3%	42.1%	45.3%	49.5%
			perm	168	11	24	58	261
			Fulltime	6.4%	7.1%	12.3%	3.9%	6.5%
			temp	20	2	7	5	34
		EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Postdoc/grad	29.9%	39.3%	31.6%	45.3%	34.3%
				94	11	18	58	181
			Parttime	1.3%	.0%	1.8%	.0%	.9%
			perm	4	0	1	0	5
		EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Parttime	1.9%	.0%	1.8%	.0%	1.3%
			temp	6	0	1	0	7
			Not empl	4.5%	10.7%	5.3%	5.5%	5.1%
			seek	14	3	3	7	27
		EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Not empl not	2.5%	3.6%	5.3%	.0%	2.3%
			seek	8	1	3	0	12
	PHD	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time	46.9%	12.5%	56.0%	34.9%	44.5%
			perm	248	2	42	58	350
			Fulltime	4.3%	12.5%	2.7%	.6%	3.6%
			temp	23	2	2	1	28
		EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Postdoc/grad	42.0%	62.5%	28.0%	61.4%	45.2%
				222	10	21	102	355
			Parttime	.6%	.0%	1.3%	.0%	.5%
			perm	3	0	1	0	4
		EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Parttime	1.5%	.0%	2.7%	.0%	1.3%
			temp	8	0	2	0	10
			Not empl	2.5%	.0%	4.0%	2.4%	2.5%
			seek	13	0	3	4	20
		EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Not empl not	2.3%	12.5%	5.3%	.6%	2.4%
			seek	12	2	4	1	19
Total				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				79.9%	7.1%	6.1%	6.9%	100.0%
				3842	340	293	333	4808

Table B-2b

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1998, CITIZENSHIP, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

				CITIZENSHIP				Total
				US Native	US Natized	US Perm Res	Temp visa	
DEGREE	BS/BA	ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?	Yes, Fulltime	44.2% 1325	37.8% 112	29.2% 47	51.3% 20	43.0% 1504
			Yes, Parttime	4.8% 145	5.7% 17	11.2% 18	7.7% 3	5.2% 183
			No	51.0% 1529	56.4% 167	59.6% 96	41.0% 16	51.7% 1808
	MS	ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?	Yes, Fulltime	29.9% 94	39.3% 11	31.6% 18	45.3% 58	34.3% 181
			Yes, Parttime	6.1% 19	3.6% 1	8.8% 5	4.7% 6	5.9% 31
			No	64.0% 201	57.1% 16	59.6% 34	50.0% 64	59.8% 315
	Total			100.0% 82.4% 3313	100.0% 8.1% 324	100.0% 5.4% 218	100.0% 4.2% 167	100.0% 100.0% 4022

Table B-3a

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by **EMPLOYMENT STATUS, ETHNICITY, and DEGREE**
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

				RACE HISPANIC INCLUDED						Total
				Amer Indian	Asian	Black	Hisp	White	Other	
DEGREE	BS/BA	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time	31.6%	31.7%	34.3%	33.8%	36.8%	36.4%	35.8%
			perm	6	148	62	52	954	24	1246
			Fulltime	.0%	10.3%	14.4%	9.1%	9.5%	10.6%	9.8%
			temp	0	48	26	14	245	7	340
			Postdoc/grad	63.2%	43.5%	33.1%	35.7%	44.0%	34.8%	42.9%
				12	203	60	55	1138	23	1491
			Parttime	.0%	.6%	.0%	.0%	.7%	1.5%	.6%
			perm	0	3	0	0	17	1	21
			Parttime	.0%	2.6%	1.1%	4.5%	2.5%	7.6%	2.6%
			temp	0	12	2	7	65	5	91
			Not empl	5.3%	6.6%	14.9%	11.7%	4.5%	6.1%	5.7%
			seek	1	31	27	18	116	4	197
			Not empl not	.0%	4.7%	2.2%	5.2%	2.1%	3.0%	2.6%
			seek	0	22	4	8	54	2	90
		Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
MS	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time		.5%	13.4%	5.2%	4.4%	74.5%	1.9%	100.0%
			perm	19	467	181	154	2589	66	3476
			Fulltime	50.0%	46.2%	72.2%	48.5%	50.5%	25.0%	49.2%
			temp	1	72	13	16	153	3	258
			Postdoc/grad	.0%	4.5%	16.7%	15.2%	6.6%	.0%	6.7%
				0	7	3	5	20	0	35
			Parttime	50.0%	39.1%	5.6%	21.2%	33.3%	75.0%	34.4%
			perm	1	61	1	7	101	1	180
			Parttime	.0%	.6%	.0%	.0%	1.3%	.0%	1.0%
			perm	0	1	0	0	4	0	5
			Parttime	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	2.3%	.0%	1.3%
			temp	0	0	0	0	7	0	7
			Not empl	.0%	7.1%	5.6%	6.1%	4.3%	.0%	5.2%
			seek	0	11	1	2	13	0	27
		Not empl not	.0%	2.6%	.0%	9.1%	1.7%	.0%	2.3%	
seek	0	4	0	3	5	0	12			
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
PHD	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time		.4%	29.8%	3.4%	6.3%	57.8%	2.3%	100.0%
			perm	2	156	18	33	303	12	524
			Fulltime	.0%	43.3%	47.1%	40.0%	45.3%	45.5%	44.5%
			temp	0	81	8	8	239	5	341
			Postdoc/grad	.0%	1.1%	.0%	5.0%	4.4%	9.1%	3.5%
				0	2	0	1	23	1	27
			Parttime	66.7%	50.3%	41.2%	30.0%	43.8%	45.5%	45.0%
			perm	2	94	7	6	231	5	345
			Parttime	.0%	.5%	.0%	.0%	.6%	.0%	.5%
			perm	0	1	0	0	3	0	4
			Parttime	.0%	1.1%	5.9%	5.0%	1.1%	.0%	1.3%
			temp	0	2	1	1	6	0	10
			Not empl	33.3%	2.1%	5.9%	20.0%	1.9%	.0%	2.6%
			seek	1	4	1	4	10	0	20
		Not empl not	.0%	1.6%	.0%	.0%	3.0%	.0%	2.5%	
seek	0	3	0	0	16	0	19			
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
				.4%	24.4%	2.2%	2.6%	68.9%	1.4%	100.0%
				3	187	17	20	528	11	766

Hispanics are an exclusive group. All others are NonHispanic.

Table B-3b

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1998, ETHNICITY, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

				RACE HISPANIC INCLUDED						Total
				Amer Indian	Asian	Black	Hisp	White	Other	
DEGREE	BS/BA	ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?	Yes, Fulltime	63.2%	43.5%	33.1%	35.7%	44.0%	34.8%	42.9%
			Yes, Parttime	12	203	60	55	1138	23	1491
			No	.0%	6.2%	4.4%	7.1%	5.0%	9.1%	5.3%
				0	29	8	11	129	6	183
				36.8%	50.3%	62.4%	57.1%	51.1%	56.1%	51.8%
		Total		7	235	113	88	1322	37	1802
				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				.5%	13.4%	5.2%	4.4%	74.5%	1.9%	100.0%
				19	467	181	154	2589	66	3476
				50.0%	39.1%	5.6%	21.2%	33.3%	75.0%	34.4%
MS	ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?		Yes, Fulltime	1	61	1	7	101	9	180
			Yes, Parttime	.0%	5.1%	11.1%	.0%	6.6%	.0%	5.7%
			No	0	8	2	0	20	0	30
				50.0%	55.8%	83.3%	78.8%	60.1%	25.0%	59.9%
				1	87	15	26	182	3	314
		Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				.4%	29.8%	3.4%	6.3%	57.8%	2.3%	100.0%
				2	156	18	33	303	12	524

Hispanics are an exclusive group. All others are NonHispanic.

Table B-4a

BS/BA CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS and CERTIFICATION TO ACS
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		CERTIFIED TO ACS		Total
		No	Yes	
EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time	36.0%	35.2%	35.7%
	perm	758	495	1253
	Fulltime	11.1%	8.1%	9.9%
	temp	233	114	347
	Postdoc/grad	40.0%	47.3%	42.9%
		842	665	1507
	Parttime	.7%	.5%	.6%
	perm	15	7	22
	Parttime	2.9%	2.1%	2.6%
	temp	61	30	91
	Not empl	6.1%	5.0%	5.7%
	seek	129	71	200
	Not empl not	3.2%	1.7%	2.6%
	seek	67	24	91
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		2105	1406	3511

Table B-4b

BS/BA CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1998 and CERTIFICATION
TO ACS
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		CERTIFIED TO ACS		Total
		No	Yes	
ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?	Yes,	40.0%	47.3%	42.9%
	Fulltime	842	665	1507
	Yes,	6.6%	3.2%	5.2%
	Parttime	138	45	183
	No	53.4%	49.5%	51.9%
Total		1125	696	1821
		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		2105	1406	3511

Table B-5

MASTERS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS and DEGREE SPECIALTY
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		EMPLOYMENT STATUS							Total
		Full-time perm	Fulltime temp	Postdoc/grad	Parttime perm	Parttime temp	Not empl seek	Not empl not seek	
FIELD OF DEGREE	Analytical chemistry	23.7%	31.4%	14.2%	.0%	.0%	14.8%	25.0%	20.0%
		58.5%	10.4%	24.5%	.0%	.0%	3.8%	2.8%	100.0%
		62	11	26	0	0	4	3	106
	Biochemistry	8.4%	11.4%	12.6%	40.0%	14.3%	7.4%	8.3%	10.4%
		40.0%	7.3%	41.8%	3.6%	1.8%	3.6%	1.8%	100.0%
		22	4	23	2	1	2	1	55
	Environm chemistry	2.7%	2.9%	1.6%	.0%	14.3%	.0%	8.3%	2.4%
		53.8%	7.7%	23.1%	.0%	7.7%	.0%	7.7%	100.0%
		7	1	3	0	1	0	1	13
	General chemistry	11.1%	8.6%	7.7%	20.0%	14.3%	25.9%	8.3%	10.5%
		51.8%	5.4%	25.0%	1.8%	1.8%	12.5%	1.8%	100.0%
		29	3	14	1	1	7	1	56
	Inorganic chemistry	7.6%	5.7%	16.9%	.0%	.0%	11.1%	8.3%	10.7%
		35.1%	3.5%	54.4%	.0%	.0%	5.3%	1.8%	100.0%
		20	2	31	0	0	3	1	57
	Med/Pharm chemistry	1.1%	2.9%	.0%	.0%	.0%	3.7%	.0%	.9%
		60.0%	20.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	20.0%	.0%	100.0%
		3	1	0	0	0	1	0	5
	Organic chemistry	30.2%	25.7%	27.9%	40.0%	28.6%	18.5%	25.0%	28.4%
		52.3%	6.0%	33.8%	1.3%	1.3%	3.3%	2.0%	100.0%
		79	9	51	2	2	5	3	151
	Physical chemistry	6.9%	8.6%	11.5%	.0%	28.6%	7.4%	16.7%	9.0%
		37.5%	6.3%	43.8%	.0%	4.2%	4.2%	4.2%	100.0%
		18	3	21	0	2	2	2	48
	Polymer chemistry	4.2%	.0%	2.7%	.0%	.0%	7.4%	.0%	3.4%
		61.1%	.0%	27.8%	.0%	.0%	11.1%	.0%	100.0%
		11	0	5	0	0	2	0	18
	Other chemistry	2.7%	2.9%	3.8%	.0%	.0%	3.7%	.0%	3.0%
		43.8%	6.3%	43.8%	.0%	.0%	6.3%	.0%	100.0%
		7	1	7	0	0	1	0	16
	Math, science & engineering	.8%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.4%
		100.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	100.0%
		2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	Chemical Education	.4%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.2%
		100.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	100.0%
		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Other	.4%	.0%	1.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.6%
		33.3%	.0%	66.7%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	100.0%
		1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		49.3%	6.6%	34.5%	.9%	1.3%	5.1%	2.3%	100.0%
		262	35	183	5	7	27	12	531

Table B-6

PhD CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS and DEGREE SPECIALTY
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		EMPLOYMENT STATUS							Total
		Full-time perm	Fulltime temp	Postdoc/grad	Parttime perm	Parttime temp	Not empl seek	Not empl not seek	
FIELD OF DEGREE	Analytical chemistry	27.4%	17.9%	11.2%	.0%	10.0%	20.0%	15.8%	18.9%
		64.4%	3.4%	26.8%	.0%	.7%	2.7%	2.0%	100.0%
	Biochemistry	96	5	40	0	1	4	3	149
		7.4%	10.7%	15.9%	25.0%	30.0%	.0%	26.3%	12.0%
	Environmental chemistry	27.4%	3.2%	60.0%	1.1%	3.2%	.0%	5.3%	100.0%
		26	3	57	1	3	0	5	95
	General chemistry	.9%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	10.0%	.0%	.6%
		60.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	40.0%	.0%	100.0%
	Inorganic chemistry	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	5
		1.7%	.0%	1.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	1.3%
	Med/Pharm chemistry	60.0%	.0%	40.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	100.0%
		6	0	4	0	0	0	0	10
	Organic chemistry	13.4%	21.4%	15.4%	.0%	30.0%	15.0%	10.5%	14.7%
		40.5%	5.2%	47.4%	.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.7%	100.0%
	Physical chemistry	47	6	55	0	3	3	2	116
		.3%	.0%	.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.3%
	Polymer chemistry	50.0%	.0%	50.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	100.0%
		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
	Other chemistry	28.8%	25.0%	33.8%	25.0%	10.0%	25.0%	15.8%	30.3%
		42.3%	2.9%	50.6%	.4%	.4%	2.1%	1.3%	100.0%
	Math, science & engineering	101	7	121	1	1	5	3	239
		10.0%	21.4%	15.6%	50.0%	.0%	10.0%	21.1%	13.3%
	Chemical Education	33.3%	5.7%	53.3%	1.9%	.0%	1.9%	3.8%	100.0%
		35	6	56	2	0	2	4	105
	Other	6.0%	.0%	2.2%	.0%	.0%	.0%	5.3%	3.8%
		70.0%	.0%	26.7%	.0%	.0%	.0%	3.3%	100.0%
	Total	21	0	8	0	0	0	1	30
		3.1%	3.6%	3.6%	.0%	.0%	10.0%	5.3%	3.5%
	Other	39.3%	3.6%	46.4%	.0%	.0%	7.1%	3.6%	100.0%
		11	1	13	0	0	2	1	28
	Other	.6%	.0%	.0%	.0%	10.0%	10.0%	.0%	.6%
		40.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	20.0%	40.0%	.0%	100.0%
	Other	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	5
		.3%	.0%	.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.3%
	Other	50.0%	.0%	50.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	100.0%
		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
	Total	.3%	.0%	.6%	.0%	10.0%	.0%	.0%	.5%
		25.0%	.0%	50.0%	.0%	25.0%	.0%	.0%	100.0%
	Total	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	4
		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total	44.4%	3.5%	45.3%	.5%	1.3%	2.5%	2.4%	100.0%
		351	28	358	4	10	20	19	790

Table B-7a

**CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS, SEX, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

		DEGREE								
		BS			MS			PHD		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male		Female	Male	
EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time	75.6%	69.4%	71.6%	60.0%	62.3%	61.6%	54.2%	73.1%	69.7%
	perm	226	393	619	12	33	45	13	79	92
	Fulltime	4.3%	4.1%	4.2%	.0%	1.9%	1.4%	4.2%	1.9%	2.3%
	temp	13	23	36	0	1	1	1	2	3
	Postdoc/grad	10.0%	14.1%	12.7%	30.0%	26.4%	27.4%	33.3%	21.3%	23.5%
		30	80	110	6	14	20	8	23	31
	Parttime	.3%	.4%	.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%
	perm	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Parttime	.7%	2.3%	1.7%	.0%	1.9%	1.4%	4.2%	.0%	.8%
	temp	2	13	15	0	1	1	1	0	1
	Not empl seek	7.4%	8.5%	8.1%	5.0%	5.7%	5.5%	.0%	3.7%	3.0%
		22	48	70	1	3	4	0	4	4
	Not empl not seek	1.7%	1.2%	1.4%	5.0%	1.9%	2.7%	4.2%	.0%	.8%
		5	7	12	1	1	2	1	0	1
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		34.6%	65.4%	100.0%	27.4%	72.6%	100.0%	18.2%	81.8%	100.0%
		299	566	865	20	53	73	24	108	132

Table B-7b

**CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1998, SEX, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

		DEGREE					
		BS			MS		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male	
ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?	Yes,	10.0%	14.1%	12.7%	30.0%	26.4%	27.4%
	Fulltime	30	80	110	6	14	20
	Yes,	2.7%	8.0%	6.1%	.0%	7.5%	5.5%
	Parttime	8	45	53	0	4	4
	No	87.3%	77.9%	81.2%	70.0%	66.0%	67.1%
Total		261	441	702	14	35	49
		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		34.6%	65.4%	100.0%	27.4%	72.6%	100.0%
		299	566	865	20	53	73

Table B-8a

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS, CITIZENSHIP, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

				CITIZENSHIP				Total
DEGREE	BS	EMPLOYMENT STATUS		US Native	US Natized	US Perm Res	Temp visa	
			Full-time	74.6%	58.7%	58.7%	43.5%	71.5%
			perm	540	44	27	10	621
			Fulltime	3.2%	10.7%	6.5%	8.7%	4.1%
			temp	23	8	3	2	36
			Postdoc/grad	11.9%	18.7%	13.0%	21.7%	12.8%
				86	14	6	5	111
			Parttime	.3%	.0%	2.2%	.0%	.3%
			perm	2	0	1	0	3
			Parttime	1.5%	2.7%	2.2%	4.3%	1.7%
			temp	11	2	1	1	15
			Not empl	7.2%	8.0%	17.4%	17.4%	8.1%
			seek	52	6	8	4	70
			Not empl not	1.4%	1.3%	.0%	4.3%	1.4%
			seek	10	1	0	1	12
	MS	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time	66.0%	100.0%	80.0%	35.3%	61.6%
			perm	31	4	4	6	45
			Fulltime	.0%	.0%	.0%	5.9%	1.4%
			temp	0	0	0	1	1
			Postdoc/grad	21.3%	.0%	20.0%	52.9%	27.4%
				10	0	1	9	20
			Parttime	2.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%	1.4%
			temp	1	0	0	0	1
			Not empl	6.4%	.0%	.0%	5.9%	5.5%
			seek	3	0	0	1	4
			Not empl not	4.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%	2.7%
			seek	2	0	0	0	2
	PHD	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time	77.6%	62.5%	87.5%	45.2%	69.7%
			perm	66	5	7	14	92
			Fulltime	2.4%	.0%	.0%	3.2%	2.3%
			temp	2	0	0	1	3
			Postdoc/grad	15.3%	37.5%	.0%	48.4%	23.5%
				13	3	0	15	31
			Parttime	1.2%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.8%
			temp	1	0	0	0	1
			Not empl	2.4%	.0%	12.5%	3.2%	3.0%
			seek	2	0	1	1	4
			Not empl not	1.2%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.8%
			seek	1	0	0	0	1
Total				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				79.8%	8.1%	5.5%	6.6%	100.0%
				856	87	59	71	1073

Table B-8b

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1998, CITIZENSHIP, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

				CITIZENSHIP				Total
				US Native	US Natlized	US Perm Res	Temp visa	
DEGREE	BS	ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?	Yes, Fulltime	11.9%	18.7%	13.0%	21.7%	12.8%
				86	14	6	5	111
			Yes, Parttime	5.2%	9.3%	10.9%	13.0%	6.1%
				38	7	5	3	53
	MS	ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?	No	82.9%	72.0%	76.1%	65.2%	81.1%
				600	54	35	15	704
			Yes, Fulltime	21.3%	.0%	20.0%	52.9%	27.4%
				10	0	1	9	20
			Yes, Parttime	4.3%	.0%	20.0%	5.9%	5.5%
				2	0	1	1	4
			No	74.5%	100.0%	30.0%	41.2%	67.1%
				35	4	3	7	49
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
		81.9%	8.4%	5.4%	4.3%	100.0%		
		771	79	51	40	941		

Table B-9a

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by EMPLOYMENT STATUS, ETHNICITY, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

				RACE HISPANIC INCLUDED						Total
				Amer Indian	Asian	Black	Hisp	White	Other	
DEGREE	BS	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Full-time	100.0%	60.6%	73.2%	70.7%	73.7%	61.9%	71.5%
			perm	6	77	30	29	456	13	611
			Fulltime	.0%	8.7%	4.9%	2.4%	3.1%	4.8%	4.0%
			temp	0	11	2	1	19	1	34
			Postdoc/grad	.0%	14.2%	4.9%	17.1%	12.8%	19.0%	12.9%
				0	18	2	7	79	4	110
			Parttime	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.5%	.0%	.4%
			perm	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
			Parttime	.0%	1.6%	.0%	.0%	1.9%	4.8%	1.8%
			temp	0	2	0	0	12	1	15
			Not empl	.0%	12.6%	14.6%	7.3%	7.1%	4.8%	8.2%
			seek	0	16	6	3	44	1	70
			Not empl not	.0%	2.4%	2.4%	2.4%	1.0%	4.8%	1.4%
			seek	0	3	1	1	6	1	12
	MS	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				.7%	14.9%	4.8%	4.8%	72.4%	2.5%	100.0%
			Full-time	6	127	41	41	619	21	855
			perm	100.0%	47.4%	80.0%	60.0%	65.0%	50.0%	61.1%
			temp	1	9	4	3	26	1	44
			Fulltime	.0%	5.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	1.4%
			temp	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
			Postdoc/grad	.0%	36.8%	20.0%	20.0%	27.5%	.0%	27.8%
				0	7	1	1	11	0	20
			Parttime	.0%	.0%	.0%	20.0%	.0%	.0%	1.4%
			temp	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
			Not empl	.0%	5.3%	.0%	.0%	5.0%	50.0%	5.6%
			seek	0	1	0	0	2	1	4
			Not empl not	.0%	5.3%	.0%	.0%	2.5%	.0%	2.8%
seek	0	1	0	0	1	0	2			
	PHD	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				1.4%	26.4%	6.9%	6.9%	55.6%	2.8%	100.0%
			Full-time	1	19	5	5	40	2	72
			perm	100.0%	50.0%	.0%	80.0%	76.2%	100.0%	69.2%
			temp	1	19	0	4	64	2	90
			Fulltime	.0%	2.6%	.0%	20.0%	1.2%	.0%	2.3%
			temp	0	1	0	1	1	0	3
			Postdoc/grad	.0%	42.1%	.0%	.0%	17.9%	.0%	23.8%
				0	16	0	0	15	0	31
			Parttime	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	1.2%	.0%	.8%
			temp	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
			Not empl	.0%	5.3%	.0%	.0%	2.4%	.0%	3.1%
			seek	0	2	0	0	2	0	4
			Not empl not	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	1.2%	.0%	.8%
seek	0	0	0	0	1	0	1			
	Total		100.0%	100.0%	.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
			.8%	29.2%	.0%	3.8%	64.6%	1.5%	100.0%	
			1	38	0	5	84	2	130	

Hispanics are an exclusive group. All others are NonHispanic.

Table B-9b

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by PLANS FOR FURTHER STUDIES IN FALL 1998, ETHNICITY, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

				RACE HISPANIC INCLUDED						Total
				Amer Indian	Asian	Black	Hisp	White	Other	
DEGREE	BS	ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?	Yes, Fulltime	.0%	14.2%	4.9%	17.1%	12.8%	19.0%	12.9%
				0	18	2	7	79	4	110
			Yes, Parttime	.0%	7.1%	12.2%	4.9%	5.2%	19.0%	6.1%
				0	9	5	2	32	4	52
			No	100.0%	78.7%	82.9%	78.0%	82.1%	61.9%	81.1%
	Total			6	100	34	32	508	13	693
				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				.7%	14.9%	4.8%	4.8%	72.4%	2.5%	100.0%
				6	127	41	41	619	21	855
				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	MS	ADVANCED STUDIES IN 1998?	Yes, Fulltime	.0%	36.8%	20.0%	20.0%	27.5%	.0%	27.8%
				0	7	1	1	11	0	20
			Yes, Parttime	.0%	5.3%	.0%	20.0%	2.5%	50.0%	5.6%
				0	1	0	1	1	1	4
			No	100.0%	57.9%	80.0%	60.0%	70.0%	50.0%	66.7%
	Total			1	11	4	3	28	1	48
				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				1.4%	26.4%	6.9%	6.9%	55.6%	2.8%	100.0%
				1	19	5	5	40	2	72
				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Hispanics are an exclusive group. All others are NonHispanic.

Table C-1

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES WHO PLAN PART-TIME STUDIES IN FALL 1998
by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY, DEGREE, and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE					
		BS/BA			MS		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male	
FIELD OF ADV STUDY	Chemistry	15.7%	29.3%	22.7%	12.5%	39.1%	32.3%
		14	27	41	1	9	10
	Other Phys	14.6%	8.7%	11.6%	25.0%	13.0%	16.1%
	Sci/Com/Math	13	8	21	2	3	5
	Chem/Bio	1.1%	5.4%	3.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%
	Engineering	1	5	6	0	0	0
	Other	1.1%	5.4%	3.3%	12.5%	8.7%	9.7%
	Engineering	1	5	6	1	2	3
	Biochemistry	4.5%	3.3%	3.9%	.0%	4.3%	3.2%
		4	3	7	0	1	1
	Life science	13.5%	9.8%	11.6%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		12	9	21	0	0	0
	Medicine	6.7%	4.3%	5.5%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		6	4	10	0	0	0
	Dentistry	.0%	2.2%	1.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		0	2	2	0	0	0
	Pharmacy	6.7%	.0%	3.3%	12.5%	.0%	3.2%
		6	0	6	1	0	1
	Business	9.0%	9.8%	9.4%	12.5%	13.0%	12.9%
	Mgmt	8	9	17	1	3	4
	Education	16.9%	12.0%	14.4%	25.0%	13.0%	16.1%
		15	11	26	2	3	5
	Law	.0%	1.1%	.6%	.0%	8.7%	6.5%
		0	1	1	0	2	2
	Other	10.1%	8.7%	9.4%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		9	8	17	0	0	0
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		89	92	181	8	23	31

Table C-2

**BS CHEMISTRY GRADUATES WHO PLAN PART-TIME STUDIES IN FALL
1998
by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY and CERTIFICATION
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

		CERTIFIED TO ACS		Total
		No	Yes	
FIELD OF ADV STUDY	Chemistry	13.9%	50.0%	22.7%
		19	22	41
	Other Phys	12.4%	9.1%	11.6%
	Sci/Com/Math	17	4	21
	Chem/Bio	3.6%	2.3%	3.3%
	Engineering	5	1	6
	Other	3.6%	2.3%	3.3%
	Engineering	5	1	6
	Biochemistry	4.4%	2.3%	3.9%
		6	1	7
	Life science	13.9%	4.5%	11.6%
		19	2	21
	Medicine	7.3%	.0%	5.5%
		10	0	10
	Dentistry	1.5%	.0%	1.1%
		2	0	2
	Pharmacy	3.6%	2.3%	3.3%
		5	1	6
	Business	10.9%	4.5%	9.4%
	Mgmt	15	2	17
	Education	15.3%	11.4%	14.4%
		21	5	26
	Law	.0%	2.3%	.6%
		0	1	1
	Other	9.5%	9.1%	9.4%
		13	4	17
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		137	44	181

Table C-3

CHEMICAL ENG GRADUATES WHO PLAN PART-TIME STUDIES IN FALL 1998
by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY, SEX, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE				
		BS			MS	
		SEX		Total	SEX	Total
		Female	Male		Male	
FIELD	Chemistry	.0%	6.8%	5.8%	.0%	.0%
OF		0	3	3	0	0
ADV	Other Phys	12.5%	15.9%	15.4%	25.0%	25.0%
STUDY	Sci/Com/Math	1	7	8	1	1
	Chem/Bio	37.5%	31.8%	32.7%	50.0%	50.0%
	Engineering	3	14	17	2	2
	Other	25.0%	11.4%	13.5%	.0%	.0%
	Engineering	2	5	7	0	0
	Business	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%
	Mgmt	2	11	13	1	1
	Other	.0%	9.1%	7.7%	.0%	.0%
		0	4	4	0	0
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		8	44	52	4	4

Table C-4

CHEMISTRY GRADUATES WHO PLAN FULL-TIME STUDIES IN FALL 1998
by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY, DEGREE, and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE					
		BS/BA			MS		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male	
FIELD	Chemistry	33.1%	40.0%	37.0%	71.3%	76.6%	74.0%
OF		218	337	555	62	72	134
ADV	Other Phys	3.8%	2.8%	3.3%	1.1%	6.4%	3.9%
STUDY	Sci/Com/Math	25	24	49	1	6	7
	Chem/Bio	1.8%	1.1%	1.4%	.0%	1.1%	.6%
	Engineering	12	9	21	0	1	1
	Other	1.1%	.9%	1.0%	1.1%	.0%	.6%
	Engineering	7	8	15	1	0	1
	Biochemistry	6.7%	5.1%	5.8%	6.9%	4.3%	5.5%
		44	43	87	6	4	10
	Life science	9.0%	3.9%	6.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		59	33	92	0	0	0
	Medicine	24.3%	29.9%	27.4%	4.6%	4.3%	4.4%
		160	252	412	4	4	8
	Dentistry	1.4%	5.3%	3.6%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%
		9	45	54	1	1	2
	Pharmacy	9.3%	3.4%	6.0%	5.7%	2.1%	3.9%
		61	29	90	5	2	7
	Business	.5%	1.3%	.9%	1.1%	2.1%	1.7%
	Mgmt	3	11	14	1	2	3
	Education	2.6%	1.7%	2.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		17	14	31	0	0	0
	Law	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	2.3%	1.1%	1.7%
		12	15	27	2	1	3
	Other	4.7%	2.7%	3.6%	4.6%	1.1%	2.8%
		31	23	54	4	1	5
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		658	843	1501	87	94	181

**S CHEMISTRY GRADUATES WHO PLAN FULL-TIME STUDIES IN FALL
1998
by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY and CERTIFICATION
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

		CERTIFIED TO ACS		Total
		No.	Yes	
FIELD OF ADV STUDY	Chemistry	18.2%	58.7%	35.2%
		179	417	596
	Other Phys	3.7%	4.8%	4.1%
	Sci/Com/Math	36	34	70
	Chem/Bio	1.4%	1.8%	1.6%
	Engineering	14	13	27
	Other	1.0%	1.5%	1.2%
	Engineering	10	11	21
	Biochemistry	6.2%	4.8%	5.6%
		61	34	95
	Life science	9.4%	3.1%	6.7%
		92	22	114
	Medicine	31.9%	15.5%	25.0%
		313	110	423
	Dentistry	5.3%	.7%	3.4%
		52	5	57
	Pharmacy	7.4%	3.2%	5.7%
		73	23	96
	Business	3.0%	.6%	2.0%
	Mgmt	29	4	33
	Education	4.6%	1.8%	3.4%
		45	13	58
	Law	2.1%	1.0%	1.7%
		21	7	28
	Other	5.7%	2.4%	4.3%
		56	17	73
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		981	710	1691

Table C-6

CHEMICAL ENG GRADUATES WHO PLAN FULL-TIME STUDIES IN FALL 1998
by FIELD OF ADVANCED STUDY, SEX, and DEGREE
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE					
		BS			MS		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male	
FIELD	Chemistry	3.3%	1.3%	1.8%	.0%	.0%	.0%
OF		1	1	2	0	0	0
ADV	Other Phys	3.3%	1.3%	1.8%	16.7%	.0%	5.0%
STUDY	Sci/Com/Mat	1	1	2	1	0	1
	Chem/Bio	50.0%	62.5%	59.1%	83.3%	85.7%	85.0%
	Engineering	15	50	65	5	12	17
	Other	10.0%	15.0%	13.6%	.0%	7.1%	5.0%
	Engineering	3	12	15	0	1	1
	Medicine	13.3%	7.5%	9.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		4	6	10	0	0	0
	Business	6.7%	5.0%	5.5%	.0%	.0%	.0%
	Mgmt	2	4	6	0	0	0
	Law	13.3%	2.5%	5.5%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		4	2	6	0	0	0
	Other	.0%	5.0%	3.6%	.0%	7.1%	5.0%
		0	4	4	0	1	1
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		30	80	110	6	14	20

Table D-1

BS CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by AGE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE					
		BS/BA Chem			BS Chem Eng		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male	
AGE	under 20	.1%	.1%	.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		1	2	3	0	0	0
	20	.5%	.3%	.4%	.0%	.4%	.2%
		9	5	14	0	2	2
	21	5.3%	3.8%	4.6%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
		91	68	159	9	17	26
	22	44.3%	40.8%	42.5%	31.2%	25.3%	27.3%
		763	721	1484	93	143	236
	23	22.7%	22.6%	22.6%	36.6%	33.5%	34.5%
		391	399	790	109	189	298
	24	7.1%	10.5%	8.9%	13.8%	15.9%	15.2%
		123	186	309	41	90	131
	25	4.5%	5.1%	4.8%	5.0%	6.4%	5.9%
		78	91	169	15	36	51
	26	2.4%	3.4%	2.9%	2.7%	3.2%	3.0%
		41	61	102	8	18	26
	27	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	.7%	3.0%	2.2%
		38	39	77	2	17	19
	28	1.6%	2.6%	2.1%	1.3%	1.6%	1.5%
		28	46	74	4	9	13
	29	1.2%	1.5%	1.3%	1.3%	1.8%	1.6%
		20	26	46	4	10	14
	30 to 34	3.9%	4.2%	4.1%	2.7%	3.4%	3.1%
		67	75	142	8	19	27
	35 to 39	2.2%	1.3%	1.7%	1.7%	1.2%	1.4%
		38	23	61	5	7	12
	40 to 49	1.3%	1.4%	1.3%	.0%	1.1%	.7%
		22	24	46	0	6	6
	50 to 59	.0%	.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		0	1	1	0	0	0
	60 to 64	.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		1	0	1	0	0	0
	65 and over	.6%	.1%	.3%	.0%	.4%	.2%
		10	2	12	0	2	2
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		1721	1769	3490	298	565	863

MS CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by AGE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE					
		MS Chem			MS Chem Eng		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male	
AGE	22	.8%	.0%	.4%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		2	0	2	0	0	0
	23	3.0%	3.5%	3.2%	.0%	7.7%	5.6%
		8	9	17	0	4	4
	24	11.3%	8.5%	9.9%	5.0%	13.5%	11.1%
		30	22	52	1	7	8
	25	13.9%	14.2%	14.1%	40.0%	13.5%	20.8%
		37	37	74	8	7	15
	26	14.3%	11.5%	12.9%	15.0%	9.6%	11.1%
		38	30	68	3	5	8
	27	9.8%	7.3%	8.6%	5.0%	7.7%	6.9%
		26	19	45	1	4	5
	28	9.4%	10.4%	9.9%	15.0%	7.7%	9.7%
		25	27	52	3	4	7
	29	4.9%	8.5%	6.7%	5.0%	5.8%	5.6%
		13	22	35	1	3	4
	30 to 34	16.5%	20.8%	18.6%	10.0%	26.9%	22.2%
		44	54	98	2	14	16
	35 to 39	8.6%	10.0%	9.3%	.0%	3.8%	2.8%
		23	26	49	0	2	2
	40 to 49	5.3%	4.6%	4.9%	5.0%	1.9%	2.8%
		14	12	26	1	1	2
	50 to 59	.8%	.4%	.6%	.0%	1.9%	1.4%
		2	1	3	0	1	1
	60 to 64	.8%	.0%	.4%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		2	0	2	0	0	0
	65 and over	.8%	.4%	.6%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		2	1	3	0	0	0
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		266	260	526	20	52	72

PHD CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by AGE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE					
		PHD Chem			PHD Chem Eng		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male	
AGE	24	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	1.9%	1.5%
		0	0	0	0	2	2
	25	.0%	1.0%	.6%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		0	5	5	0	0	0
	26	1.9%	1.4%	1.6%	4.3%	1.9%	2.3%
		5	7	12	1	2	3
	27	9.9%	10.6%	10.4%	17.4%	13.0%	13.7%
		26	54	80	4	14	18
	28	22.4%	18.3%	19.7%	26.1%	18.5%	19.8%
		59	93	152	6	20	26
	29	14.1%	15.5%	15.0%	8.7%	20.4%	18.3%
		37	79	116	2	22	24
	30 to 34	36.1%	36.5%	36.4%	30.4%	38.0%	36.6%
		95	186	281	7	41	48
	35 to 39	9.5%	11.2%	10.6%	8.7%	4.6%	5.3%
		25	57	82	2	5	7
	40 to 49	4.6%	5.1%	4.9%	4.3%	.9%	1.5%
		12	26	38	1	1	2
	50 to 59	1.1%	.2%	.5%	.0%	.9%	.8%
		3	1	4	0	1	1
	60 to 64	.0%	.2%	.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		0	1	1	0	0	0
	65 and over	.4%	.0%	.1%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		1	0	1	0	0	0
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		263	509	772	23	108	131

Table D-4

POSTDOC CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by AGE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE					
		PHD Chem			PHD Chem Eng		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male	
AGE	24	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	4.3%	3.3%
		0	0	0	0	1	1
	26	.0%	1.3%	.9%	.0%	4.3%	3.3%
		0	3	3	0	1	1
	27	11.2%	12.0%	11.7%	14.3%	8.7%	10.0%
		13	28	41	1	2	3
	28	19.8%	22.6%	21.7%	14.3%	17.4%	16.7%
		23	53	76	1	4	5
	29	15.5%	15.0%	15.1%	14.3%	17.4%	16.7%
		18	35	53	1	4	5
	30 to 34	34.5%	36.8%	36.0%	28.6%	43.5%	40.0%
		40	86	126	2	10	12
	35 to 39	12.1%	8.5%	9.7%	14.3%	4.3%	6.7%
		14	20	34	1	1	2
	40 to 49	6.0%	3.4%	4.3%	14.3%	.0%	3.3%
		7	8	15	1	0	1
	60 to 64	.0%	.4%	.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		0	1	1	0	0	0
	65 and over	.9%	.0%	.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		1	0	1	0	0	0
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		116	234	350	7	23	30

Table E-1

**OFFERS of FULL-TIME EMPLOYED INEXPERIENCED CHEMISTS
by DEGREE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

	DEGREE									
	BS/BA					MS				
	SEX		Total	SEX		Total	SEX		Total	SEX
	Female	Male		Female	Male		Female	Male		
OFFERS OF 1	44.4%	35.7%	40.8%	41.8%	42.2%	42.0%	54.2%	38.0%	41.7%	
EMPLOYMEN 2	163	94	257	23	19	42	13	30	43	
	33.5%	35.0%	34.1%	38.2%	28.9%	34.0%	25.0%	32.9%	31.1%	
3	123	92	215	21	13	34	6	26	32	
	14.2%	18.3%	15.9%	16.4%	15.6%	16.0%	8.3%	17.7%	15.5%	
4	52	48	100	9	7	16	2	14	16	
	5.4%	5.3%	5.4%	.0%	8.9%	4.0%	4.2%	3.8%	3.9%	
5	20	14	34	0	4	4	1	3	4	
	.8%	3.0%	1.7%	1.8%	4.4%	3.0%	4.2%	2.5%	2.9%	
6-7	3	8	11	1	2	3	1	2	3	
	.8%	1.5%	1.1%	1.8%	.0%	1.0%	4.2%	5.1%	4.9%	
8-9	3	4	7	1	0	1	1	4	5	
	.8%	1.1%	1.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	
Total	367	263	630	55	45	100	24	79	103	
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Table E-3

**OFFERS of FULL-TIME EMPLOYED INEXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS
by DEGREE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

	DEGREE										
	BS				MS				PHD		
	SEX		Total	SEX		Total	SEX		Total		
	Female	Male		Female	Male		Female	Male			
OFFERS OF 1	36.1%	35.6%	35.8%	42.9%	69.2%	60.0%	.0%	31.8%	25.9%		
EMPLOYME	52	83	135	3	9	12	0	7	7		
2	29.2%	34.3%	32.4%	14.3%	30.8%	25.0%	80.0%	27.3%	37.0%		
3	42	80	122	1	4	5	4	6	10		
	16.0%	19.7%	18.3%	28.6%	.0%	10.0%	.0%	22.7%	18.5%		
4	23	46	69	2	0	2	0	5	5		
	9.0%	3.9%	5.8%	14.3%	.0%	5.0%	.0%	9.1%	7.4%		
5	13	9	22	1	0	1	0	2	2		
	4.9%	3.4%	4.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	20.0%	9.1%	11.1%		
6-7	7	8	15	0	0	0	1	2	3		
	4.2%	2.1%	2.9%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%		
8-9	6	5	11	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	.7%	.9%	.8%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%		
	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
	144	233	377	7	13	20	5	22	27		

Table E-4

**OFFERS of FULL-TIME EMPLOYED EXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEERS
by DEGREE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

	DEGREE									
	BS				MS				PHD	
	SEX		Total	SEX		Total	SEX		Total	
	Female	Male		Female	Male		Female	Male		
OFFERS OF 1	17.2%	32.2%	26.9%	.0%	38.5%	31.3%	100.0%	44.4%	47.4%	
EMPLOYMEN 2	11	38	49	0	5	5	1	8	9	
3	32.8%	23.7%	26.9%	33.3%	30.8%	31.3%	.0%	11.1%	10.5%	
4	21	28	49	1	4	5	0	2	2	
5	25.0%	22.9%	23.6%	33.3%	30.8%	31.3%	.0%	22.2%	21.1%	
6-7	16	27	43	1	4	5	0	4	4	
8-9	10.9%	8.5%	9.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	5.6%	5.3%	
Total	7	10	17	0	0	0	0	1	1	
	6.3%	7.6%	7.1%	33.3%	.0%	6.3%	.0%	.0%	.0%	
	4	9	13	1	0	1	0	0	0	
	6.3%	2.5%	3.8%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	11.1%	10.5%	
	4	3	7	0	0	0	0	2	2	
	1.6%	2.5%	2.2%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.0%	5.6%	5.3%	
	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
	64	118	182	3	13	16	1	18	19	

Table F-1

**CITIZENSHIP OF ALL CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by DEGREE and RACE/ETHNICITY
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

				RACE HISPANIC INCLUDED						Total
				Amer Indian	Asian	Black	Hisp	White	Other	
DEGREE	BS/BA	CITIZENSHIP	US Native	100.0%	35.4%	79.0%	74.0%	96.2%	74.2%	85.8%
				19	165	143	114	2489	49	2979
		US		.0%	41.8%	9.9%	15.6%	1.9%	13.6%	8.5%
		Natized		0	195	18	24	48	9	294
		US Perm		.0%	18.9%	8.8%	7.8%	1.6%	6.1%	4.6%
		Res		0	88	16	12	41	4	161
		Temp		.0%	3.9%	2.2%	2.6%	.3%	6.1%	1.1%
		visa		0	18	4	4	9	4	39
		Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				19	466	181	154	2587	66	3473
	MS	CITIZENSHIP	US Native	100.0%	5.8%	66.7%	65.6%	87.5%	8.3%	59.3%
				2	9	12	21	265	1	310
		US		.0%	10.3%	11.1%	9.4%	2.0%	8.3%	5.4%
		Natized		0	16	2	3	6	1	28
		US Perm		.0%	19.9%	11.1%	15.6%	5.3%	25.0%	10.9%
		Res		0	31	2	5	16	3	57
		Temp		.0%	64.1%	11.1%	9.4%	5.3%	58.3%	24.5%
		visa		0	100	2	3	16	7	128
		Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				2	156	18	32	303	12	523
	PHD	CITIZENSHIP	US Native	100.0%	7.0%	52.9%	84.2%	89.8%	27.3%	67.7%
				3	13	9	16	473	3	517
		US		.0%	3.7%	5.9%	5.3%	1.1%	.0%	2.0%
		Natized		0	7	1	1	6	0	15
		US Perm		.0%	26.7%	.0%	5.3%	3.8%	18.2%	9.6%
		Res		0	50	0	1	20	2	73
		Temp		.0%	62.6%	41.2%	5.3%	5.3%	54.5%	20.8%
		visa		0	117	7	1	28	6	159
		Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				3	187	17	19	527	11	764

Hispanics are an exclusive group. All others are NonHispanic.

Table F-2

**CITIZENSHIP OF ALL CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by DEGREE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

				SEX		Total
				Female	Male	
DEGREE	BS/BA	CITIZENSHIP	US Native	84.7%	86.9%	85.8%
				1457	1541	2998
			US	9.2%	7.8%	8.5%
			Natized	158	138	296
			US Perm	5.3%	3.9%	4.6%
			Res	91	70	161
			Temp	.9%	1.4%	1.1%
			visa	15	24	39
			Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				1721	1773	3494
MS	CITIZENSHIP	US Native		54.9%	64.4%	59.6%
				146	168	314
			US	6.0%	4.6%	5.3%
			Natized	16	12	28
			US Perm	14.7%	6.9%	10.8%
			Res	39	18	57
			Temp	24.4%	24.1%	24.3%
			visa	65	63	128
			Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				266	261	527
PHD	CITIZENSHIP	US Native		66.4%	67.8%	67.3%
				178	351	529
			US	3.0%	1.5%	2.0%
			Natized	8	8	16
			US Perm	11.9%	8.3%	9.5%
			Res	32	43	75
			Temp	18.7%	22.4%	21.1%
			visa	50	116	166
			Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				268	518	786

Table F-3

RACE/ETHNICITY OF ALL CHEMISTRY GRADUATES
by DEGREE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE								
		BS/BA			MS			PHD		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male		Female	Male	
RACE	Amer	.8%	.3%	.5%	.0%	.8%	.4%	.4%	.4%	.4%
HISPANIC	Indian	13	6	19	0	2	2	1	2	3
INCLUDED	Asian	15.0%	11.9%	13.4%	35.5%	23.9%	29.8%	24.2%	24.6%	24.4%
		258	209	467	94	62	156	64	123	187
	Black	6.3%	4.1%	5.2%	3.0%	3.9%	3.4%	4.2%	1.2%	2.2%
		109	72	181	8	10	18	11	6	17
	Hisp	4.7%	4.2%	4.4%	6.4%	6.2%	6.3%	2.3%	2.6%	2.5%
		81	73	154	17	16	33	6	13	19
	White	71.5%	77.3%	74.5%	52.5%	63.3%	57.8%	67.8%	69.7%	69.0%
		1229	1359	2588	139	164	303	179	349	528
	Other	1.6%	2.2%	1.9%	2.6%	1.9%	2.3%	1.1%	1.6%	1.4%
		28	38	66	7	5	12	3	8	11
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		1718	1757	3475	265	259	524	264	501	765

Hispanics are an exclusive group. All others are NonHispanic.

Table F-4

**CITIZENSHIP OF ALL CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by DEGREE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey**

				SEX		Total
				Female	Male	
DEGREE	BS	CITIZENSHIP	US	84.6%	82.7%	83.4%
			Native	253	468	721
			US	8.0%	9.0%	8.7%
			Natized	24	51	75
			US	6.0%	4.9%	5.3%
			Perm	18	28	46
			Temp	1.3%	3.4%	2.7%
			visa	4	19	23
	MS	CITIZENSHIP	US	65.0%	64.2%	64.4%
			Native	13	34	47
			US	10.0%	3.8%	5.5%
			Natized	2	2	4
			US	10.0%	5.7%	6.8%
			Perm	2	3	5
			Temp	15.0%	26.4%	23.3%
			visa	3	14	17
	PHD	CITIZENSHIP	US	58.3%	65.7%	64.4%
			Native	14	71	85
			US	8.3%	5.6%	6.1%
			Natized	2	6	8
			US	8.3%	5.6%	6.1%
			Perm	2	6	8
			Temp	25.0%	23.1%	23.5%
			visa	6	25	31
Total				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				343	727	1070

Table F-5

CITIZENSHIP OF ALL CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by DEGREE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

				SEX		Total
				Female	Male	
DEGREE	BS	CITIZENSHIP	US	84.6%	82.7%	83.4%
			Native	253	468	721
			US	8.0%	9.0%	8.7%
			Natized	24	51	75
			US	6.0%	4.9%	5.3%
			Perm	18	28	46
			Temp	1.3%	3.4%	2.7%
			visa	4	19	23
	MS	CITIZENSHIP	US	65.0%	64.2%	64.4%
			Native	13	34	47
			US	10.0%	3.8%	5.5%
			Natized	2	2	4
			US	10.0%	5.7%	6.8%
			Perm	2	3	5
			Temp	15.0%	26.4%	23.3%
			visa	3	14	17
	PHD	CITIZENSHIP	US	58.3%	65.7%	64.4%
			Native	14	71	85
			US	8.3%	5.6%	6.1%
			Natized	2	6	8
			US	8.3%	5.6%	6.1%
			Perm	2	6	8
			Temp	25.0%	23.1%	23.5%
			visa	6	25	31
Total				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
				343	727	1070

Table F-6

RACE/ETHNICITY OF ALL CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES
by DEGREE and SEX
1998 ACS Starting Salary Survey

		DEGREE								
		BS			MS			PHD		
		SEX		Total	SEX		Total	SEX		Total
		Female	Male		Female	Male		Female	Male	
RACE	Amer	.0%	1.1%	.7%	.0%	1.9%	1.4%	.0%	.9%	.8%
HISPANIC	Indian	0	6	6	0	1	1	0	1	1
INCLUDED	Asian	14.8%	14.9%	14.9%	20.0%	28.8%	26.4%	43.5%	26.2%	29.2%
		44	83	127	4	15	19	10	28	38
	Black	8.4%	2.9%	4.8%	25.0%	.0%	6.9%	.0%	.0%	.0%
		25	16	41	5	0	5	0	0	0
	Hisp	6.7%	3.8%	4.8%	10.0%	5.8%	6.9%	.0%	4.7%	3.8%
		20	21	41	2	3	5	0	5	5
	White	68.8%	74.3%	72.4%	45.0%	59.6%	55.6%	56.5%	66.4%	64.6%
		205	413	618	9	31	40	13	71	84
	Other	1.3%	3.1%	2.5%	.0%	3.8%	2.8%	.0%	1.9%	1.5%
		4	17	21	0	2	2	0	2	2
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		298	556	854	20	52	72	23	107	130

Hispanics are an exclusive group. All others are NonHispanic.



AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
Survey of Starting Salaries and Employment Status of 1998
Chemistry and Chemical Engineering Graduates

Today's date: — —98

Month Day

SECTION A. EDUCATION

1. What is the highest degree you have received?

- 01 Bachelor of Arts
- 02 Bachelor of Science
- 03 Master's

2. When was your highest degree granted?

—
Month Year

3. From what educational institution, department, and program did you receive your highest degree?

4. What is the field of your highest degree?

- 01 Chemical engineering
- 02 Agricultural/food chemistry
- 03 Analytical chemistry
- 04 Biochemistry
- 05 Environmental chemistry
- 06 General chemistry
- 07 Inorganic chemistry
- 08 Medicinal/pharmaceutical chemistry
- 09 Organic chemistry
- 10 Physical chemistry
- 11 Polymer chemistry
- 12 Other chemical science
- 13 Other, please specify:

5. In your chemistry/chemical engineering classes, did you have the opportunity to:

a. Work in teams?

- 1 Yes 2 No

b. Work on independent research projects?

- 1 Yes 2 No

6. While in college, did you participate in:

a. Chemistry/chemical engineering cooperative program?

- 1 Yes 2 No

b. Internship?

- 1 Yes 2 No

c. Work or study abroad?

- 1 Yes 2 No

7. What is your grade point average? [Use A=4.00; B=3.00; C=2.00]

Average in your major

Overall average

8. Are you pursuing advanced studies in the fall of 1998?

1 Yes, full-time

2 Yes, part-time

3 No

If yes, what is the field?

01 Chemistry

02 Other physical sci., computer sci., math

03 Chemical/biochemical engineering

04 Other engineering

05 Biochemistry

06 Life science

07 Medicine

08 Dentistry

09 Pharmacy, pharmacology

10 Business management

11 Education

12 Law

13 Other, please specify:

SECTION B. EMPLOYMENT

Please answer all the following questions for your primary employment only as of the week of October 12, 1998.

9. Were you working for pay or profit during the week of October 12, 1998? This includes graduate appointment, being self-employed, or temporarily absent from a job (e.g., illness, vacation, or parental leave), even if unpaid.

1 Yes → Go to 11 2 No

10. If you were not working for pay or profit during the week of October 12, 1998, were you seeking employment?

1 Yes 2 No → Go to Section C

If yes, how many months had you spent actively looking for employment?

→ Go to Section C

Months

11. When did you start this primary employment?

—

Month Year

12. How many months did you spend actively looking for employment before accepting this primary employment?

Months

13. Is this primary employment full-time or part-time? Graduate appointments are generally considered part-time.

1 Full-time (35+ hrs/wk) → Go to 14
2 Part-time (Less than 35 hrs/wk)

If part-time, are you working part-time because a suitable full-time work week job was not available?

1 Yes 2 No

14. Is this primary employment permanent or temporary? Graduate students appointments are considered temporary.

1 Permanent → Go to 15
2 Temporary, scheduled to end:

—

Month Year

If temporary, are you working in a temporary position because a suitable permanent job was not available?

1 Yes 2 No

15. In your primary employment, what is your annual base salary or stipend?
per year

16. How many firm offers of employment did you receive in a field of chemistry or chemical engineering?

Specify number

17. How much professional or technical work experience had you prior to graduation?

1 Zero to 12 months
2 12 to 36 months
3 More than 36 months

18. What is the one specialty most related to your primary employment?

1 Chemical engineering
2 Chemistry (including biochemistry)
3 Other, please specify:

19. What is your primary work activity in your primary employment? Please check one.

01 Teaching
02 Management or administration
03 Research
04 Development & Design
05 Production/QC
06 Professional services (e.g., consulting)
07 Other, please specify:

20. Is your job classified as a:

1 Chemical or engineering technician
2 Scientist or engineer
3 Manager or administrator
4 Graduate RA/TA
5 Other, please specify:

21. Are you currently actively looking for another position?

- 1 Yes 2 No

22. In your primary employment, in what sector do you work? Please choose the one category that best describes your employer.

Educational institution

- 01 Four-year college or university
02 University medical or prof'l school
03 Two-year college
04 Elementary/secondary school or system
05 Other academic, please specify:

Business/Industry

- 06 Non-manufacturing
07 Aerospace
08 Agricultural chemicals
09 Basic commodity chemicals
10 Electronics/computers/semiconductor
11 Petroleum/natural gas
12 Pharmaceutical/personal care
13 Plastics
14 Specialty/fine chemicals
15 Other manufactures, please specify: _____

Government

- 16 Federal government (civilian)
17 Military
18 State or local government
19 Other government, please specify: _____

Other non-academic employer

- 20 Hospital or independent laboratory
21 Nonprofit organization
22 Other research institute

Self-employed

- 23 Please specify: _____

Other

- 24 Please specify: _____

23. Geographic location of employment. Please give the first three digits of zip code:

Zip

24. Employer's approximate number of employees (total for the whole organization):

- 1 Less than 50
2 50 to 249
3 250 to 499
4 500 to 2,499
5 2,500 to 9,999
6 10,000 to 24,999
7 25,000 or more

25. Which job search methods did you use?

Please check all that apply

- 01 Faculty advisor(s)
02 Informal channel, e.g., colleague or friend
03 Newspaper advertisement
04 Newsletter/magazine/journal, please specify:
05 Placement service (e.g., campus, conference) please specify:
06 Employment agency
07 Met employer through former job or position
08 Sent unsolicited vita or resume
09 Received unsolicited offer
10 Electronic resource, please specify:
11 Other, please specify: _____

Which was the one most effective job search method? Use the codes listed above.

One most effective

Please select one response to indicate your agreement or disagreement with the statements in items 26-28 regarding your primary employment.

26. The position is related to my field.

- 1 Strongly Agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 No Opinion
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly Disagree

27. The position is commensurate with my education/training.

- 1 Strongly Agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 No Opinion
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly Disagree

28. My position is professionally challenging.

- 1 Strongly Agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 No Opinion
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly Disagree

SECTION C. OTHER BACKGROUND INFORMATION

29. What is your sex?

- 1 Female
- 2 Male

30. What is your citizenship or visa status?

- 1 U.S. native
- 2 U.S. naturalized
- 3 U.S. permanent resident visa
- 4 Temporary visa

31. What is your age?

Years

32. Are you Hispanic?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

33. What is your racial background?

- 1 American Indian or Alaskan Native
- 2 Asian or Pacific Islander
- 3 Black
- 4 White
- 5 Other

Please use a separate sheet of paper to attach any comments. Thank you for your participation.
Please return this questionnaire in the envelope provided.



AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
Survey of Starting Salaries and Employment Status of 1998
Chemistry and Chemical Engineering Doctorates

Today's date: -98
 Month Day

SECTION A. EDUCATION

1. When was your doctorate granted?

Month Year

2. From what educational institution, department, and program did you receive your doctorate?

3. What is the field of your doctorate?

- 01 ☐ Chemical engineering
- 02 ☐ Agricultural/food chemistry
- 03 ☐ Analytical chemistry
- 04 ☐ Biochemistry
- 05 ☐ Environmental chemistry
- 06 ☐ General chemistry
- 07 ☐ Inorganic chemistry
- 08 ☐ Medicinal/pharmaceutical chemistry
- 09 ☐ Organic chemistry
- 10 ☐ Physical chemistry
- 11 ☐ Polymer chemistry
- 12 ☐ Other chemical science
- 13 ☐ Other, please specify:

SECTION B. EMPLOYMENT

Please answer all the following questions for your primary employment only as of the week of October 12, 1998.

4. Were you working for pay or profit during the week of October 12, 1998? This includes postdoctoral appointment, being self-employed, or temporarily absent from a job (e.g., illness, vacation, or parental leave), even if unpaid.

- 1 ☐ Yes → Go to 6
- 2 ☐ No

5. If you were not working for pay or profit during the week of October 12, 1998, were you seeking employment?

- 1 ☐ Yes
- 2 ☐ No → Go to Section C

If yes, how many months had you spent actively looking for employment?

→ Go to Section C

6. When did you start this primary employment?

Month Year

7. How many months did you spend actively looking for employment before accepting this primary employment?

8. Is this primary employment full-time or part-time?

- 1 ☐ Full-time (35+ hrs/wk)
- 2 ☐ Part-time (Less than 35 hrs/wk)

If part-time, are you working part-time because a suitable full-time work week job was not available?

- 1 ☐ Yes
- 2 ☐ No

9. Is this primary employment permanent or temporary?

- 1 ☐ Permanent → Go to 10
 2 ☐ Temporary, scheduled to end:

☐ ☐ — ☐ ☐

Month Year

If temporary, is the position a postdoctoral appointment?

- 1 ☐ Yes
 2 ☐ No

Are you working in a temporary position because a suitable permanent job was not available?

- 1 ☐ Yes
 2 ☐ No

10. In your primary employment, what is your annual base salary or stipend?

per year

a. If academically employed, is the salary for:

- 1 ☐ 9-10 months of work, even if paid over 12 months
 2 ☐ 11-12 months

11. How many firm offers of employment did you receive in a field of chemistry or chemical engineering?

Specify number

12. How much professional or technical work experience had you prior to graduation?

- 1 ☐ Zero to 12 months
 2 ☐ 12 to 36 months
 3 ☐ More than 36 months

13. What is the one specialty most related to your primary employment?

- 1 ☐ Chemical engineering
 2 ☐ Chemistry (including biochemistry)
 3 ☐ Other, please specify:

14. Which job search methods did you use?

Please check all that apply

- 01 ☐ Faculty advisor(s)
 02 ☐ Informal channel, e.g., colleague or friend
 03 ☐ Newspaper advertisement
 04 ☐ Newsletter/magazine/journal, please specify:
 05 ☐ Placement service (e.g., campus, conference) please specify:
 06 ☐ Employment agency
 07 ☐ Met employer through former job or position
 08 ☐ Sent unsolicited vita or resume
 09 ☐ Received unsolicited offer
 10 ☐ Electronic resource, please specify:
 11 ☐ Other, please specify:

a. Which was the one most effective job search method? Use the codes listed above.

☐ ☐

15. Are you currently actively looking for another position?

- 1 ☐ Yes
 2 ☐ No

16. What are your primary and secondary work activities in your primary employment?
Please check one in each column.

<u>One</u> <u>Primary</u>	<u>One</u> <u>Secondary</u>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Teaching
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Management or administration
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Research
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Development/Design
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Production/QC
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Professional services (e.g., consulting)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other, please specify: <input type="text"/>

17. In your primary employment, in what sector do you work? Please choose the one category that best describes your employer.

Educational institution

- 01 ☐ Four-year college or university
- 02 ☐ University medical or prof'l school
- 03 ☐ Two-year college
- 04 ☐ Elementary/secondary school or system
- 05 ☐ Other academic, please specify:
[REDACTED]

Business/Industry

- 06 ☐ Non-manufacturing
- 07 ☐ Aerospace
- 08 ☐ Agricultural chemicals
- 09 ☐ Basic Commodity chemicals
- 10 ☐ Electronics/Computers/Semiconductors
- 11 ☐ Petroleum/natural gas
- 12 ☐ Pharmaceutical/personal care
- 13 ☐ Plastics
- 14 ☐ Specialty Fine chemicals
- 15 ☐ Other manufactures, please specify:
[REDACTED]

Government

- 16 ☐ Federal government (civilian)
- 17 ☐ Military
- 18 ☐ State or local government
- 19 ☐ Other government, please specify:
[REDACTED]

Other non-academic employer

- 20 ☐ Hospital or independent laboratory
- 21 ☐ Nonprofit organization
- 22 ☐ Other research institute

Self-employed

- 23 ☐ Please specify:
[REDACTED]

Other

- 24 ☐ Please specify:
[REDACTED]

18. Geographic location of employment. Please give the first three digits of zip code:

19. Employer's approximate number of employees (total for the whole organization):

- 1 ☐ Less than 50
- 2 ☐ 50 to 99
- 3 ☐ 100 to 499
- 4 ☐ 500 to 2,499
- 5 ☐ 2,500 to 9,999
- 6 ☐ 10,000 to 24,999
- 7 ☐ 25,000 or more

Please select one response to indicate your agreement or disagreement with the statements in items 20-23 regarding your primary employment.

20. The position is related to my field.

- 1 ☐ Strongly Agree
- 2 ☐ Agree
- 3 ☐ No Opinion
- 4 ☐ Disagree
- 5 ☐ Strongly Disagree

21. The position is commensurate with my education/training.

- 1 ☐ Strongly Agree
- 2 ☐ Agree
- 3 ☐ No Opinion
- 4 ☐ Disagree
- 5 ☐ Strongly Disagree

22. The position is similar to what I expected to be doing when I began my doctoral program.

- 1 ☐ Strongly Agree
- 2 ☐ Agree
- 3 ☐ No Opinion
- 4 ☐ Disagree
- 5 ☐ Strongly Disagree

23. My position is professionally challenging.

- 1 ☐ Strongly Agree
- 2 ☐ Agree
- 3 ☐ Not Applicable
- 4 ☐ Disagree
- 5 ☐ Strongly Disagree

**SECTION C. OTHER BACKGROUND
INFORMATION**

24. What is your sex?

- 1 ☐ Female
- 2 ☐ Male

25. What is your citizenship or visa status?

- 1 ☐ U.S. native
- 2 ☐ U.S. naturalized
- 3 ☐ U.S. permanent resident visa
- 4 ☐ Temporary visa

26. What is your age?

Years

27. Are you Hispanic?

- 1 ☐ Yes
- 2 ☐ No

28. What is your racial background?

- 1 ☐ American Indian or Alaskan Native
- 2 ☐ Asian or Pacific Islander
- 3 ☐ Black
- 4 ☐ White
- 5 ☐ Other

Your comments will be appreciated.

Thank you for your participation. Please return this questionnaire in the envelope provided.

ACS CAREER SERVICES

WORKFORCE PUBLICATIONS

Salaries. The Society surveys annually the ACS membership, gathering detailed information on member chemists and chemical engineers. The reports based on this survey contain statistical tables describing the respondents' employment status, employer, work function and specialty, salaries, and demographic characteristics. Reports are available for each year from 1973 through the current year.

Starting Salaries. ACS also surveys new graduates in chemistry and chemical engineering each year, and publishes reports detailing the graduates' employment status, postgraduation plans, starting salaries and other employment and demographic characteristics. Reports are available for each year from 1975.

Women Chemists. Every five years, the Society produces a supplemental report on the economic status of women in the ACS. Reports are available for 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, and 1995.

Current Trends provides information on technology, business, economic, R&D, and hiring trends in the corporate, government, and academic worlds.

Professional and Workforce News provides current topical information on professional chemical careers and employment in a newsletter format.

For prices and ordering information, please call or write:

ACS Office of Society Services
1155 16th Street NW
Washington, DC 20036
Phone: 800/227-5558 or 202/872-4600

OTHER CAREER SERVICES PUBLICATIONS

ACS Career Services Catalog lists all programs, publications, services and videotapes specially designed for chemists and chemical engineers seeking employment in chemistry and allied fields, and for individuals facing the challenges of career development and transitions. 1-800-227-5558, ext. 6153

CAREER SERVICES ON-LINE

<http://www.acs.org/careers>

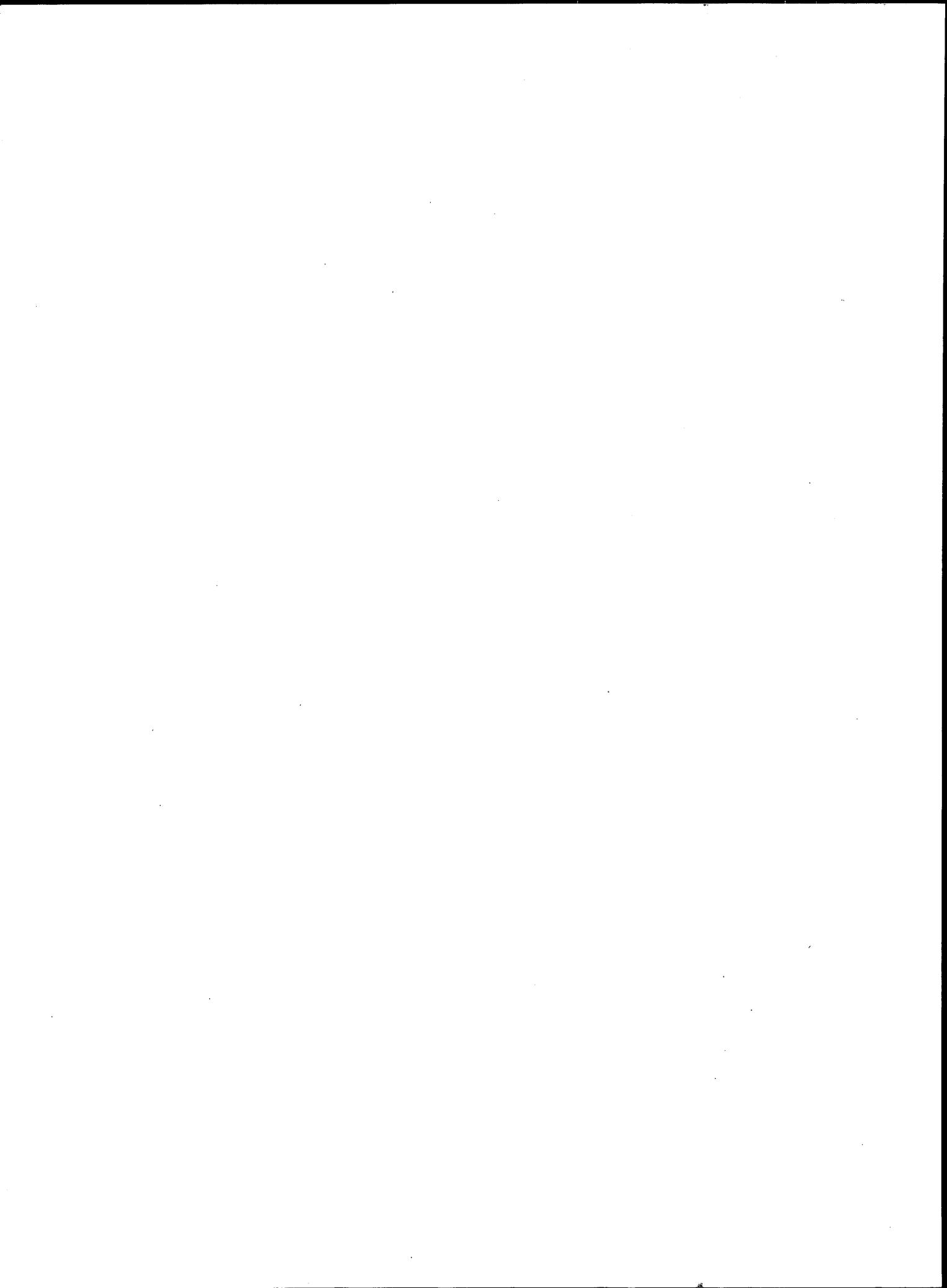
Career Services information on publications and programs is available through the Internet. Visit the "Career Services" to view employment information for ACS members, featuring:

Chemjobs:

ACS Job Bank. Puts the two most recent weekly job postings from *Chemical & Engineering News* on-line, available to ACS members over the Internet.

Professional Data Bank. A year-round, computerized registry that matches qualified candidates to employers' specific job requirements

ChemCareers Connection is a moderated career forum where chemists, students, and other interested persons pose their questions related to career development in the chemical sciences. The forum is moderated by ACS Career Consultants who offer their expert opinions as a part of the discussion.



ACS CAREER SERVICES

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Chemjobs:

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