Introducing and Implementing the new ACS Guidelines for Chemistry in Two-Year College Programs

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Presentation Overview

- Making strategic investments
- Establishing a vision of excellence
- Leveraging efforts
Making Strategic Investments

Two-year colleges are attracting a growing and increasingly diverse number of students:

- From 1990 to 2005, full- and part-time enrollments at two-year institutions rose from 5.2 to 6.5 million.
- From 1990 to 2005, underrepresented minorities attending two-year institutions rose from 1.2 to 2.4 million.

Making Strategic Investments

Science and engineering graduates (bachelor’s and master’s in 1999 and 2000) attending community college:

- 44% overall
- 37% physical and related sciences
- 40% engineering
- 42% computer and math sciences
- 45% social and related sciences
- 46% life and related sciences

The students who diversify the science and engineering workforce are attending community colleges at some point in their educational paths:

- 44% of all recent science and engineering (S&E) graduates (bachelor’s and master’s)
- 51% of Hispanic S&E graduates
- 45% of American Indian/Alaskan Natives S&E graduates
- 44% of black S&E graduates

Making Strategic Investments

ACS recognizes the importance of two-year colleges:

- Encourages faculty from two-year colleges to pursue professional development opportunities
- Supports undergraduate student chapters at two-year colleges
- Provides disciplinary guidelines
- Is expanding the resources for engaging and supporting two-year college programs
Establishing a Vision of Excellence

Disciplinary guidelines foster the pursuit of excellence by providing:

- A comprehensive model designed for a range of institutions
- A framework for reviewing disciplinary programs
- Help in identifying areas of strength and opportunities for change
- Opportunity to leverage support from institutions, partners, and external agencies
ACS Guidelines for Two-Year Colleges

- In place since 1970
- Recently revised in 2009
Goals of the Recent Revision

• Reflect changes in pedagogy, technology, accountability

• Facilitate student transfer
  – by aligning with the new ACS Guidelines and Evaluation Procedures for Bachelor’s Degree Programs
  – by calling for communicating with receiving institutions

• Provide a more useful resource for strengthening programs
  – by offering guidance for ongoing curricular change
  – by offering guidance for improving the working environment
Revisions to the Guidelines

• Alignment of sections with guidelines for Bachelor’s programs (order and content, as appropriate)
• Inclusion of sections on
  – transfer students
  – undergraduate research
  – student skills
  – student mentoring and advising
  – program self-evaluation
  – partnerships
• Emphasis on professional development
• Vision of excellence
Organization of the Guidelines

1. Goals of Guidelines
2. Institutional Environment
3. Faculty and Staff
4. Infrastructure
5. Curriculum
6. Student Research and Scholarly Activities
7. Development of Student Skills
8. Student Mentoring and Advising
9. Program Self-Evaluation and Assessment
10. Partnerships
Establishing a Vision of Excellence

The revision of the *ACS Guidelines for Chemistry Programs in Two-Year Colleges* is intended to:

- Stimulate faculty, departments and administrators by providing a vision of excellence in chemistry education for the first two years of college.
- Provide a resource for self-evaluation and ongoing improvement of chemistry education in two year colleges.
- Serve as a call for collaborative action for all stakeholders to improve chemistry education in the first two years of college.
Establishing a Vision of Excellence

Requires a concerted effort across the chemistry community to maximize the potential of:

• Students
• Faculty
• Programs / Departments
Leveraging Efforts

Faculty can:

• Pursue professional growth activities.
• Be actively involved in professional organizations.
• Interact with colleagues in other disciplines and campus units, communicating student needs and sharing strategies.
• Pursue internal and external partnerships.
• Share disciplinary guidelines with colleagues and potential partners.
Leveraging Efforts

Departments can:

• Invite adjunct faculty to participate in department activities.

• Hold regular faculty meetings for sharing teaching strategies and curricular review.

• Help ease articulation process for all transfer students, especially minority students.

• Use disciplinary guidelines for self-evaluation.

• Use disciplinary guidelines to validate efforts and advocate for resources.
Leveraging Efforts

Administrators can:

- Provide faculty financial support for professional development.
- Provide faculty development activities to help faculty respond to new pedagogy/technology techniques.
- Help ease articulation process for all transfer students, especially minority students.
- Use disciplinary guidelines to validate efforts and advocate for resources.
Leveraging Efforts

ACS is:

• Disseminating the new *ACS Guidelines for Chemistry in Two-Year College Programs*

• Expanding resources for engaging and supporting two-year college programs

• Supporting the Society Committee on Education (SOCED) Task Force for Two-Year College Activities
  – Representatives from 2YC³ and other ACS Committees
  – Representatives from two- and four-year programs
Leveraging Efforts

Task Force on Two-Year College Activities

• Charge
  – To determine the interest in and viability of strategies for engaging and supporting two-year college programs

• Vision
  – To establish a framework for ongoing evaluation and improvement of two-year college activities in ACS
  – To identify and communicate effective practices and critical issues
  – To recognize high standards in two-year college programs
Leveraging Efforts

The Task Force on Two-Year College Activities is:

• Assessing the impact
  – What information is most relevant?
  – What data/results can you use?
  – To what methods of data collection are you more willing to respond?

Please send comments to CommCollChem@acs.org with a subject of “Assessing the Impact”.
Leveraging Efforts

The Task Force on Two-Year College Activities is:

• Developing supplements
  – What topics in the Guidelines need to be expanded or clarified?
  – What additional topics need to be addressed?

*Please send comments to CommCollChem@acs.org with a subject of “Developing Supplements”.*
Leveraging Efforts

The Task Force on Two-Year College Activities is:

- Increasing the impact
  - What can ACS do to help you implement and leverage the Guidelines?
  - What other resources would you like to have available to support you and your program?

Please send comments to CommCollChem@acs.org with a subject of “Increasing the Impact”.
Acknowledgements

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Thank You!

Questions? Comments?

Visit www.acs.org/2Yguidelines

E-mail CommCollChem@acs.org

Call 1-800-227-5558 x6167
Maximizing the Potential of Students

Students in excellent two-year college [chemistry] programs:

• Gain intellectual, experimental, and professional skills needed to be successful and scientifically-informed citizens, as well as contributors to the scientific enterprise.

• Are grounded in the [molecular] perspective of [chemistry].

• Are encouraged to extend their understanding through the basic principles of the scientific method.

• Develop the ability to apply knowledge and skills to new situations and to transfer knowledge from one context to another.
Excellent two-year college [chemistry] programs have curricula that:

• Deliver content in ways that are challenging, engaging, and inclusive.
• Accommodate a variety of learning styles.
• Use innovative and stimulating pedagogy.
• Include integrative experiences.
Maximizing the Potential of Students (cont.)

Students in excellent two-year college [chemistry] programs have:

• Hands-on laboratory experiences that involve
  – [synthesis of molecules and
  – measurement of chemical properties and phenomena].

• Opportunities to search and use the [chemical] literature and scientific databases and to employ computer modeling.

• Opportunities to pursue original research projects that result in comprehensive written reports.

• Interactions with faculty that provide effective mentoring and feedback.
Excellent two-year college [chemistry] programs produce students who:

• Ask questions, design experiments, and interpret results based on current scientific information.
• Work safely in the laboratory.
• Demonstrate effective oral and written communication.
• Work effectively as a member of a team.
• Exhibit ethical scientific conduct.
• Develop behaviors and thought patterns leading to innovation and a capacity for lifelong learning.
Maximizing the Potential of Faculty

Faculty in excellent two-year college [chemistry] programs:

• Are energetic and accomplished [chemistry] faculty.

• Maintain their professional competence at a level that reflects the current state of the discipline.

• Receive feedback and support regarding teaching, professional scholarship, and service as appropriate to the institutional mission.
Faculty in excellent two-year college [chemistry] programs:

• Determine the overall goals of the [chemistry] program within the context of the institutional mission and student body.

• Define the student outcomes and are the facilitators for student learning of content knowledge and process skills in [chemistry].

• Are significantly engaged in the educational mission of the department and institution.
Maximizing the Potential of Programs

Excellent two-year college [chemistry] programs have:

- Mechanisms for faculty development, faculty mentoring, and development of faculty leadership.
- Safe, well-designed facilities, equipped with current instrumentation, and supported by appropriate non-faculty staff.
- On-going strategic planning to ensure that the infrastructure supports high quality student experiences and accommodation of new initiatives.
Excellent two-year college [chemistry] programs have:

- High levels of communication and coordination with administrators, faculty in other programs, counselors and advisors, and staff providing a range of support services.
- Regular interactions with other academic institutions and organizations that leverage resources and expertise, helping programs achieve their goals.
- Regular, transparent and reflective self-evaluation processes that lead to continued improvement.